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MAR 29 1943

NAVY

SPOKESMAN OF THE SERVICES
SINCE 1863

JOURNAL

VOL. LXXX—No. 30—WHOLE NO. 3158
Ent. as 2nd class matter at P. O. at Washington, D. C.
Add. entry Baltimore, Md., under Act of Mar. 3, 1879

The War Program

EXPANSION OF WALTER REED

UNIQUE among Army hospitals is the recent addition to Walter Reed General Hospital now in operation at Forest Glen, Md.

The new unit of this famous hospital is four miles from Walter Reed proper, but transportation facilities and roads are adequate so that close liaison represents no problem.

The addition comprises the buildings, dormitories, and beautiful park grounds of what was formerly the National Park College, an old established, and exclusive, school for girls. Under the dynamic direction of Brig. Gen. Shelley U. Marietta, assistant Surgeon General and Commanding General of the Army Medical Center, the fine old school buildings and dormitories were transformed rapidly and economically into an ideal hospital for convalescent patients.

The Forest Glen unit provided capacity for an additional 1,150 beds, bring Walter Reed's total capacity to 3,325 beds. There are 23 wards in the new buildings, numbered from 50 to 72 inclusive.

The new unit is intended for convalescent patients who have had their physical survey completed at Walter Reed proper and who are in need of certain further clinic treatment or perhaps only a further period of convalescence. Complete clinic procedures are available for eye, ear, nose, and throat; physical therapy; occupational therapy and dental purposes. The facilities in the latter three clinics are quite extensive. There are also a small pharmacy and a small laboratory.

Careful planning and watchful direction by General Marietta have resulted in the fullest utilization of the old school's facilities for its new war purpose. Extensive recreational facilities include a large amusement hall, gymnasium, swimming pool, bowling alley, shuffleboard courts, soft ball field, and walks. These latter extend through park areas covering many acres and including a beautiful creek and many shady groves.

There are also an excellent chapel with a pipe organ and two libraries with 5,000 volumes, for patients. The amusements are under the same Red Cross jurisdiction as is the case in Walter Reed proper and the Red Cross workers and Gray Ladies function in the same manner. All patients whose physical condition permits will be required to take setting-up exercises and regularly scheduled drill.

Post Exchange with restaurant is available to those who desire its services. All usual facilities such as barber shop and a cleaning and pressing establishment are also available.

Housing facilities for duty personnel provide for thirteen bachelor officers, seven married officers, 78 nurses, aides and dietitians and 200 enlisted men.

While the new establishment provides excellent facilities and is ideal for its purpose, it is a noteworthy accomplishment in these days of high prices and labor scarcity that General Marietta performed this great transformation at less than one-half of the cost per bed of even the temporary wooden hospital structure.

(Please turn to Page 855)

Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox, left, presenting to Lt. Gen. Thomas Holcomb, commandant of the Marine Corps, the citation from President Roosevelt to the First Marine Division Reinforced, for its offensive operations under the command of Maj. Gen. A. A. Vandegrift, in the Solomons Islands.



U. S. Navy Photo

See No Controversy On Service Tax Relief Plan

As the House this week engaged in bitter debate over the respective merits of various individual income tax collecting proposals, it appeared that, regardless of the differences of opinion on methods of making taxes "pay-as-you-go," adoption of partial tax relief for personnel of the armed forces on active duty is virtually assured.

Final vote on the tax bill is scheduled for this coming week.

As reported by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL last week, the House Ways and Means Committee's bill contains a provision which will in effect insure that all personnel on active duty, regardless of rank, will have a special exemption of \$3,500 in lieu of personal exemptions. This exemption would exclude from federal income tax the military pay of enlisted men, most warrant officers and junior commissioned officers, and would extend partial relief to other service personnel.

Another provision in the bill would relieve the estate of any man killed in action from payment of taxes due.

The committee's plan of giving discounts for advance payment of taxes is bitterly opposed by a minority of the committee, backed up by a large group in the House. The minority favors outright forgiveness of 1942 taxes—with provisions to prevent "windfalls" to any group of taxpayers.

However, the minority bill insofar as it concerns the service exemption and forgiveness of taxes for men killed in action, is a counterpart of the same provisions in the committee's bill.

Regardless of which bill wins, therefore, some tax relief is in sight for the men on active duty in the armed forces.

The tax exemption clauses in both committee and minority bills would replace the special exclusion from gross income of \$250 for single men and \$300 for married men provided in the 1942 Revenue Act and would substitute a \$3,500 exemption for all grades.

The 1942 Revenue Act exclusion does not apply to commissioned officers.

Since the proposed relief would apply

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Full Use of Manpower Pressed by War Dept.

The War Department announced this week that in view of the seriousness of the manpower problem facing the Nation it has instituted a sweeping survey of its manpower, both military and civilian, and is invoking measures to obtain the "most effective and economical utilization of every job and every individual in the prosecution of the war."

The survey is being conducted by the War Department Manpower Board, which is extending and coordinating the work of similar boards which have effected manpower economies for the past several months in each of the War Department's commands—the Army Ground Forces, Army Air Forces and Army Service Forces. Members of the Board are:

Maj. Gen. Lorenzo D. Gasser, USA, former Deputy Chief of Staff, President.

Mr. James L. Madden, Vice President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York, New York.

Brig. Gen. Frank J. McSherry, USA, former Director of Operations, War Manpower Commission, and former Director of Labor Supply and Training, War Production Board.

Col. Russell Skinner, IGD.

Col. Hampton Anderson, FA, former Chief of Staff, 27th Div.

In addition, it is planned that another civilian will be added to the board. The board will operate directly under the Chief of Staff.

"We're pulling no punches on this job," General Gasser declared.

"If unnecessary work is being done, it will be discontinued. Where duplication exists, it will be stopped. If two men are doing the work of one, or ten are doing the work of nine on any task now required to be done, reductions will be made accordingly. Needless records and unnecessary paper work, both consuming time and materials, will be eliminated."

"It is realized that under the pressure of necessity to create in a hurry facilities for raising, housing, equipping, training and transporting an Army of the size required to win this war, priority was given to the job itself, with the effective and economical use of manpower of secondary consideration."

"However, most of these facilities are now in place. From here on out we must coordinate and consolidate, stripping the Army for action. Every possible method of conserving vitally precious manpower must and will be used."

Individual surveys of manpower employment have been conducted in practically all of the separate units of the War Department. The War Department Manpower Board, in supplementing and implementing these surveys, will utilize the services and data of those staffs in the various arms and services that have functions relating to the problem of manpower conservation.

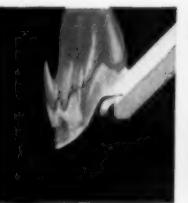
Where a unit has arrived at a particularly efficient method of obtaining the maximum efficiency in its use of manpower, the Board will make recommendations for the adoption of that method by other units.

(Please turn to Page 852)



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The Better the Match The Better the Light



1. The head is hard, accurately shaped, uniform. In full flame in one second. Doesn't chip or crush when struck.

2. The stick is square, which means fire rapidly feeds into a strong, effective flame. Sturdy—made of clean hardwood.

3. The head is out before the fire reaches the end of the stick. That tells you there will be no dangerous afterglow.

4. Outer box is made of wood. In Univ. of Minnesota tests, it supported 53.6 lbs. without weakening or losing shape.

5. Wood outer holds inner box snugly. Try above test. Pull half way out; hold downward; shake. It remains secure.

6. Inside box is scored with light perforation on sides and bottom. Can be conveniently torn in two for use on ash trays.



It's Their Turn Now!



Official U. S. Army Signal Corps Photograph

Here's one place where neither match nor fire was needed, the temperature on top of this tank in the desert being high enough to cook the eggs.

America's Own Match Company

DIVISION OF BERST-FORSTER-DIXFIELD COMPANY • NEW YORK CITY • MADE IN U. S. A.

96 Generals Nominated

The President this week nominated 23 brigadier generals of the Army of the United States for temporary promotion to major general and 73 colonels of the AUS for temporary promotion to brigadier general.

Of the colonels promoted, two are Reserve officers, one is a National Guard officer and one holds his only commission in the Army of the United States.

Brig. Gen. Claire L. Chennault, nominated to be a temporary major general, is commander of the 14th Air Force, recently organized in China. He was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal in December, 1942, for his outstanding achievement as commander of the China Air Task Force. He had earlier won distinction as leader of the American Volunteer Group (the Flying Tigers).

Brig. Gen. Clayton L. Bissell, nominated to be a temporary major general, is commander of the 10th Air Force, in India.

Brig. Gen. Ennis C. Whitehead, nominated to be a temporary major general, is commander of the Allied Air Forces in New Guinea. He was recommended for promotion by Lt. Gen. George C. Kenney for the qualities of leadership he displayed in the recent destruction of a Japanese convoy in the Bismarck Sea.

Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Huebner, nominated to be a temporary major general, served as an enlisted man for six years before he was commissioned a second lieutenant of Infantry in 1916. In March, 1942, he became director of the Training Division at the Headquarters of Army Service Forces.

Col. William A. McCulloch, Inf., nominated to be a temporary brigadier general, commanded a regiment that spearheaded the clean-up attack against the Japanese on Guadalcanal.

Col. William J. Donovan, Cav. Res., nominated to be a temporary brigadier general, is Director of the Office of Strategic Services. In the last war, Colonel Donovan, entering the service as a captain in the First Cavalry, New York National Guard, won three top honors for heroism and outstanding leadership—the Congressional Medal of Honor, the Distinguished Service Medal, and the Distinguished Service Cross.

Col. Ronald C. Brock, FA, nominated to be a temporary brigadier general, is an outstanding officer of the National Guard.

Col. Edward S. Greenbaum, Ord. Res., nominated to be a temporary brigadier general, is executive of the Office of Under Secretary of War Patterson.

Col. Thomas B. Wilson, AUS, nominated to be a temporary brigadier general, is Chief of Transportation of the Southwest Pacific Area.

The complete list follows:

Brig. Gen. to be Maj. Gen.

Alan W. Jones (Lt. Col., Inf.)
John B. Brooks (Col., AC)
John T. Lewis (Lt. Col., CAC)
Elbridge G. Chapman, Jr. (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Clarence R. Huebner (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Eugene M. Landrum (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Stephen G. Henry (Lt. Col., Inf.)
George R. Meyer (Col., CAC)
Gladeon M. Barnes (Col., Ord. Dept.)
Lloyd D. Brown (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Stonewall Jackson (Lt. Col., Inf.)

Did You Read

the following important service stories last week:

House Ways and Means Committee votes tax relief for service personnel?

Army announces procedure for release of farmer-soldiers over 38?

Operation of Army exchanges and ship's service stores discussed?

Rear Adm. E. S. Land renominated to Maritime Commission?

Army prescribes procedure for issuance of direct Army commissions?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot obtain this information from any other source.

Claire L. Chennault (Capt., USA)
Clayton L. Bissell (Lt. Col., AC)
John B. Coulter (Col., Cav.)
Thomas D. Finley (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Ennis C. Whitehead (Lt. Col., AC; temporary Colonel, AC)

Delmar Hall Dunton (Lt. Col., AC)
Everett S. Hughes (Col., Ord. Dep.)
Horace L. McBride (Lt. Col., FA)
Harry F. Hazlett (Col., Inf.)
Herman F. Kramer (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Willard S. Paul (Lt. Col., Inf.)
William M. Miley (Lt. Col., Inf.)

Colonels to be Brigadier Generals
Cornelius M. Daly (Lt. Col., Cav.)
Theodore F. Wessels (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Herbert T. Perrin (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Elliot D. Cooke (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Samuel T. Williams (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Joseph V. de P. Dillon (Major, J. Ad. Gen. Dep.)

William G. Walker (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Henry P. Perrine, Inf.
Arthur R. Harris, FA
Claude M. Adams (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Clare H. Armstrong (Lt. Col., CAC)
Pleas B. Rogers (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Clinton F. Robinson (Major, C of E)
James T. Duke (Lt. Col., Cav.)
James M. Bevans (Major, AC)
Loyal M. Haynes (Lt. Col., FA)
John S. Bragdon (Lt. Col., C of E)
William A. Belderlinden (Lt. Col., FA)
Russel B. Reynolds (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Charles R. Doran (Lt. Col., FA)
Richard C. Coupland (Lt. Col., Ord. Dep.)
William L. Richardson (Major, CAC)
Don G. Shingle (Lt. Col., C of E)
Charles F. Born (Capt. AC; temporary Lt. Col., AC; temporary Lt. Col., AUS, AC)
Clarence H. Danielson, Ad. Gen.'s Dep.
William E. Crist (Major, Inf.)
Herbert J. Lawes, QMC

James G. Christiansen (Lt. Col., C of E)
Thomas L. Holland (Lt. Col., USA)
Edgar H. Underwood (Lt. Col., CAC)
Charles H. Barth, Jr. (Major, C of E)
James H. Walker (Major, Cav.)
William C. Chase (Lt. Col., Cav.)
Constant L. Irwin (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Alphonzo P. Fox (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Paul W. Kendall (Lt. Col., Inf.)
William A. McCulloch, Inf.
James G. Devine (Lt. Col., CAC)
Leon A. Fox (Lt. Col., MC)
Sylvester De W. Downs, Jr., FA
Adam Richmond (Lt. Col., JAGD)
Joseph A. Holly (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Lee S. Gerow (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Elwyn D. Post (Major Inf.)
Paul L. Williams (Lt. Col., AC; temporary Col. AC)

Clarence L. Adecock (Lt. Col., C of E)
George A. Davis (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Joseph A. Cranston (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Gerald St. C. Mickle (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Foster J. Tate (Lt. Col., FA)
Edwin Butcher, USA
John L. Whitehead (Lt. Col., Inf.)
Joseph V. Phelps (Lt. Col., FA)
Laurel Norstad (Capt., AC)
Leo J. Ahern, FA
Beverly C. Dunn, C of E
Edward E. MacMorland (Lt. Col., Ord. Dep.)
Norman T. Kirk, MC
George J. Richards (Lt. Col., C of E)
Francis A. Woolley (Lt. Col., Inf.)
George F. Lull, Med. Corps
Miles A. Cowles (Lt. Col., FA)
Stewart E. Reinel (Lt. Col., Ord. Dep.)
William E. Bergin (Lt. Col., Adj. Gen.'s Dep.)
Edmund W. Searby (Lt. Col., FA)
Charles K. Nulsen, Inf.
William E. Hall (Capt., AC)
James S. Simmons, Med. Corps
William J. Donovan, Cav. Res.
Edward S. Greenbaum (Lt. Col., Ord. Res.)
Ronald C. Brock, FA, NGUS
Thomas B. Wilson, AUS
Alexander N. Stark, Jr. (Lt. Col., Inf.)

Destroyer-Base Trade

That the late Marquis of Lothian, British Ambassador to the United States, thought the transfer of 50 overage destroyers from the United States to Great Britain in exchange for leases on outlying bases was contrary to international law, was pointed out in the Senate last week by Senator Danaher, of Conn.

Senator Danaher produced a letter dated 17 May 1940 from Lord Lothian to a Mr. Arthur Howden Smith, who had suggested to transfer of the destroyers, in which Lord Lothian said:

"As to your suggestion about the destroyers, it is an interesting one and I am passing it on to our naval people. But you will no doubt realize that international law forbids a neutral government to sell warships to a belligerent. The American airplanes are, of course, being sold to the French and British Governments by private and not by governmental firms."

Free Legal Assistance

Free legal assistance for every member of the Army of the United States and his or her dependents is a new goal of the War Department.

In cooperation with the American Bar Association, the War Department has designated the Judge Advocate General to set up a legal assistance office in every post, camp and station in continental United States and, where feasible, in overseas stations.

Officer-lawyers, assisted by local civilian counsel where available, will give legal advice to members of the armed forces. Only a few limitations are placed upon the type of assistance that may be given.

The legal assistance officer may not serve as a collector of debts. He may not advise or assist military personnel in any case in which such personnel are or probably will be the subject of court-martial investigation or charges. Finally, he may not appear before civil courts, boards or commissions as attorneys for persons using facilities of his office.

In ordering the establishment of the legal assistance offices, the War Department stated:

"Legal assistance offices will be established as soon as possible and wherever practicable, throughout the Army, so that military personnel can obtain gratuitous legal service from volunteer civilian lawyers and from lawyers who are in the military service."

"Such gratuitous legal service should not be considered as charity but entirely as a service of the same nature as medical, welfare or other similar services provided for military personnel. In any proper case the legal assistance office may refer the serviceman to civilian counsel for retention by the serviceman upon the usual civilian basis."

The job of the staff of the legal assistance office will be that of interviewing, advising and assisting military personnel. In proper cases such personnel will be referred to a designated civilian lawyer, or to an appropriate bar committee on war work or established legal aid organization for needed advice and service in regard to their personal legal problems.

Commanders will make suitable office space available to the legal assistance office and will provide it with necessary equipment and supplies. The office must be conveniently located and office hours must be such as will enable personnel to visit it without conflict with their military duties.

It is emphasized that the relationship between the legal aid officer and the serviceman is that of attorney and client. All files, therefore, are confidential in a legal rather than a military sense, and will not, warns the department, "be disclosed by the personnel of the office to anyone, except upon the specific permission of the person concerned, and such disclosure may not lawfully be ordered by superior military authority."

If this injunction is not obeyed, the offices cannot and will not have the confidence of military personnel, the department states.

The offices will be open to all members of, and persons serving with the Army of the United States, including Army nurses, WAACs and civilian employees actually employed and residing on the military reservation served by the office or employed at an overseas installation.

Establishment of the offices is made possible by the fact that many lawyers are now on active duty so that qualified personnel for the offices is available in nearly all commands. To augment this source of expert aid is the offer of the American Bar Association to make the services of civilian attorneys available.

Since many of the cases which will be brought to the office will require actions which lawyers in a military status cannot perform, the assistance of civilian attorneys is very important. Where such civilians cannot be obtained, the office will be run with military personnel only and cases requiring civilian counsel will be referred to the appropriate State Bar Association committee on war work or established legal aid organization.

It is not contemplated that military

lawyers will be assigned exclusively to legal aid assistance offices, but rather that such work will be in addition to other duties. No changes in tables of organization or allotments of personnel are planned because of establishment of the offices.

Much freedom will be given to personnel operating the offices and they will be authorized to correspond directly with, and refer cases to, the legal assistance offices of other commands.

Regiment of Midshipmen

Annapolis, Md.—Rear Adm. J. R. Beardall, USN, superintendent, U. S. Naval Academy, has announced the following Regimental Organization, effective 20 March 1943:

Midn. Comdr. C. S. Swift, Reg. Comdr.
Midn. Lt. Comdr. L. B. Richardson, Jr., Reg. Sub. Comdr.
Midn. Lt. D. V. Cox, Reg. Adj.
Midn. Lt. (Jg) W. B. Collett, III, Reg. Plans & Training.
Midn. Lt. (Jg) J. W. Stribling, Jr., Reg. Supply & Com.
Midn. Ens. R. C. Fedon, Reg. Intell. Offr.
Midn. Ens. R. E. Apple, Reg. Com. Offr.
Midn. CPO J. F. Davis, Reg. CPO.
Midn. CPO J. J. Crowder, Jr., Color Bearer (Natl.).
Midn. CPO J. M. Parker, Jr., Color Bearer (Reg.).

First Battalion

Midn. Lt. Comdr. J. R. Pent, Bat. Comdr.
Midn. Lt. R. E. Seacord, Bat. Sub. Comdr.

Second Battalion

Midn. Lt. Comdr. C. L. Miller, Bat. Comdr.
Midn. Lt. H. E. Greer, Bat. Sub. Comdr.

Third Battalion

Midn. Lt. Comdr. R. W. Burk, Bat. Comdr.

Midn. Lt. G. D. Prestwich, Batn. Sub. Comdr.

Fourth Battalion

Midn. Lt. Comdr. R. E. Adamson, Jr., Batn. Comdr.

Midn. Lt. A. R. Cameron, Batn. Sub. Comdr.

Company Commanders

Midn. Lt. R. S. Wentworth, Jr., Comdr.—1st Co.
Midn. Lt. K. C. Gummerson, Comdr.—2d Co.
Midn. Lt. W. C. Chapman, Comdr.—3d Co.
Midn. Lt. W. A. Patterson, Jr., Comdr.—4th Co.
Midn. Lt. H. H. Loeffler, Jr., Comdr.—5th Co.
Midn. Lt. R. L. J. Long, Comdr.—6th Co.
Midn. Lt. H. B. Gunther, Comdr.—7th Co.
Midn. Lt. A. Van Acker, Comdr.—8th Co.
Midn. Lt. C. P. Rozier, Comdr.—9th Co.
Midn. Lt. J. A. Grace, II, Comdr.—10th Co.
Midn. Lt. D. Ames, III, Comdr.—11th Co.
Midn. Lt. J. F. Heald, Comdr.—12th Co.
Midn. Lt. R. A. Boscole, Comdr.—13th Co.
Midn. Lt. J. W. Heintz, Comdr.—14th Co.
Midn. Lt. C. Becker, Comdr.—15th Co.
Midn. Lt. G. F. Jubb, Comdr.—16th Co.
Midn. Lt. N. L. Wilky, Comdr.—17th Co.
Midn. Lt. A. B. Lemlein, Comdr.—18th Co.
Midn. Lt. E. J. Zelmer, Comdr.—19th Co.
Midn. Lt. G. C. Watkins, Comdr.—20th Co.

Acting XII Corps Comdr.

Camp Butler, N. C.—Maj. Gen. Edwin P. Parker, Jr., Commanding General of the 78th Infantry Division, has assumed, under War Department orders, his duties as acting Commander of the XII Army Corps.

General Parker will not relinquish command of the "Lightning" Division. Instead, he plans to keep in close contact with the 78th's headquarters and continue directing the training program. His time will be divided between headquarters of the XII Army Corps in Columbia, S. C., and the units comprising the Corps.

Two Weeks' Notice for Changes of Address

In order to prevent delay in the receipt of your copy of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, please notify us two weeks in advance of change of address. Such notice should include the old as well as the new address, and if possible, the imprint from the wrapper.

Because of the great number of changes of station during the current emergency, please allow us two weeks in which to change your subscription address.

Thanks,
ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

U. S. Press Would Give Gen. MacArthur Help to Carry on Campaign

"**G**IVE us only seven per cent of the airplanes made in America each month and we will blast the way right through to Tokyo." This statement, attributed to an American general serving in the Pacific, was the basis for considerable editorial comment recently as reports on the Bismarck Sea victory gave added proof of the importance of air power over sea power.

"The Japs, despite the wiping out of a huge convoy by General MacArthur's airmen a few days ago, are massing men and equipment in the Dutch Indies apparently in still another preparation for a drive against Australia," states the *Columbus Evening Dispatch*.

"... Perhaps, as official Washington insists, the European theater of war is the more immediately important. But it is difficult to believe that it is so important on a straight statistical basis, that 93 per cent of our war plane output isn't enough to satisfy all offensive and defensive requirements in the struggle against Germany."

"... General MacArthur and General Kenney, having put on a convincing demonstration of what they can do with a handful of equipment, are now about to submit their case for being granted the planes, troops, ships and guns to undertake a full scale offensive against the Japs. . . . The lend-lease report transmitted by the President on the day of General Kenney's arrival showed that, whereas 75 per cent of all lend-lease assistance to date has gone to the British empire, only 4.6 per cent of all shipments have been sent to Australia, MacArthur's base of operations," states the *Chicago Tribune*.

"Why does Washington continue to blunder about the Pacific situation?" asks the *Wichita Beacon*. "Why are the needs of General MacArthur, who has accomplished what almost amounts to a miracle, without sufficient equipment and supplies, still being ignored?"

"General MacArthur, with only 136 land-based and patched-up planes, utterly destroyed a Japanese convoy of 10 warships, 12 transports, nearly 100 Jap planes and 15,000 Jap soldiers.

"What could the general do with 1,000 or more first-class heavier planes? Wisdom dictates that Washington should take immediate cognizance of what is possible in the Pacific, if the needs of General MacArthur were recognized and he were given what he needs."

States the *Cincinnati Enquirer*: "Our plane strength, through the Bismarck

victory, showed clearly what might have been accomplished in the way of defense of the Philippines, Burma and Singapore had we possessed similar strength at the beginning of the Japanese attack. Australia warns, however, that our power there is not yet sufficient to meet all possible defense demands; certainly it will require considerable reinforcement before we can plan any large scale attacks on strongly fortified Jap positions toward the north."

"The (Bismarck Sea) victory was the largest ever achieved by land-based planes over a fleet, in this case of 90,000 tons," reports the Albany, N. Y., *Knickerbocker News*. "It may be according to expectations, or it may be that it will influence our plane-building schedule affecting dominance, range and transport capacity. While we are, by policy, concentrating on European invasion, a major victory comes out of the lesser theater, suggesting that by our leadership or the course of our enemies, that zone may force itself into a shorter route to an important decision, inviting diversion of forces, such as the planes China asks."

"From the moment that the United Nations comeback in the Pacific began," states the *Norfolk Ledger-Dispatch*, "it has been in a large measure a test of air strength between the contending forces. The chief purpose of the seizure of a foothold on Guadalcanal was to obtain control of the landing field which the enemy had built there. MacArthur's campaign in New Guinea has been conducted almost solely with air transport and with the employment of planes in support of land action and in defense against reinforcements. The battle of the Bismarck Sea marks the high point in the development of this fighting force. The possibilities which are opened by this victory are almost without limit."

"One consideration raised by the victory affects proposed American strategy against Japan," points out the *Youngstown Vindicator*. "Admiral Nimitz has just spoken of taking the navy in to shell Japanese main bases and industrial establishments. But if land-based air power can be so effective for the Americans against Japanese flotillas, it is not to be lightly assumed that Japanese land-based planes would be less formidable against American sea squadrons. The army plans a land attack through Burma into China, to establish land-based air power where it can beat down Japanese land-based air power. The Bismarck battle supports this strategy rather than an attempt by the navy to sail within range of the numerous enemy air fields in and around Japan itself."

Service Tax Exemption (Continued from First Page)

to all military pay earned after 31 Dec. 1941, if the provisions are enacted into law, some personnel will have returned their 15 March tax payments, and others, to whom such payment represented a quarterly installment on their 1942 tax bill will find that quarterly payment more or less adequate to discharge the entire 1942 tax bill.

Excerpts from the majority and minority reports relative to the proposed service tax relief follows:

The Majority Report

"Section 22 (b) (13) of the Code makes provision for an exclusion from gross income in the case of personnel below the grade of commissioned officer in the military and naval forces of the United States. The amount to be excluded under this provision is not to exceed \$250 in the case of a single person and \$300 in the case of a married person or head of a family and applies only to salary or compensation received for active service in the armed forces during the present war.

"Your committee in section 5 of the bill proposes to amend section 22 (b) (13) of the Code to effect an exclusion from gross income in the case of military and naval personnel, without distinction as to rank, with respect to the compensation received during any taxable year and before the termination of the present war as proclaimed by the President for active service during such war. The amount so excluded is not to exceed the excess of \$3,500 over the personal exemption claimed under section 25 (b) by the member of the military or naval forces. If such member is married and living with his spouse on the last day of the taxable year and his spouse is not a member of the military and naval forces, the amount of the exclusion is not to exceed the excess of \$3,500 over the personal exemption claimed by both the spouse and the member of the military or naval forces. Thus, if such member and his wife each claim a personal exemption of \$600 on separate returns, and his wife is not a member of the military or naval forces, the additional amount to be excluded in the case of such member is \$2,300, that is, the excess of \$3,500 over the combined personal exemption claimed by such member and his wife.

"The amendment would apply with respect to all compensation received after December 31, 1941, by a member of the military or naval forces of the United States for active service in such forces.

"Supplement U relieves a member of the military or naval forces of the United States who dies in active service from the liability for the tax imposed by chapter 1 for the taxable year in which falls the date of his death. In addition thereto, the supplement provides that any tax imposed under chapter 1 or under the corresponding title of any prior revenue act, including interest and additions to the tax which is unpaid as of the date of death shall not be assessed. If any such tax, interest, or additions to the tax

have been assessed and are unpaid at the date of death, such assessment or assessments shall be abated. If the amount of any such liability which was unpaid as of the date of death is collected subsequent to such date, the amount so collected shall be credited or refunded as an overpayment. This amendment becomes effective with respect to such persons dying on or after December 7, 1941."

The Minority Report

"Section 5 of the bill is the same as section 5 of the committee bill, and provides relief from income tax for members of the armed forces. During the present war, a member of the military or naval forces of the United States will have excluded from gross income so much of his military pay as does not exceed the difference between \$3,500 and his personal exemption. Thus, a married man is entitled to a personal exemption of \$1,200. In arriving at his income subject to tax he will be entitled to exclude \$2,300 of his military pay. In addition, he will still be entitled to the personal exemption of \$1,200 and the credit for dependents of \$350, which is allowed under the present law as a credit against net income. A single person in the armed forces will be entitled to exclude from gross income so much of his military pay as does not exceed the difference between \$3,500 and \$500. Thus, a single person will be entitled to exclude \$3,000 of his military pay from income. In addition, he will be entitled to the personal exemption of \$500 and the credit for dependents of \$350, if he has dependents, which will be allowed as a credit against his net income. This provision is somewhat similar to a provision contained in section 213 (b) (8) of the World War Revenue Act of 1918, which excluded from gross income so much of the compensation received by a person in the military or naval forces as salary or compensation from the United States for active service in such forces as did not exceed \$3,500.

"The bill makes this relief applicable to 1942 and subsequent years, but it is confined to compensation for active service in the military or naval forces during the present war.

"Section 6 of the bill, which is the same as section 6 of the committee bill, applied to individuals dying in the active service as a member of the military or naval forces of the United States. Any Federal income tax which is outstanding at the time of the death of such individual (including interest, additions to the tax, and additional amounts) is abated and if collected after the date of death will be refunded. This provision is effective on or after 7 Dec. 1941."

Text of the two sections was printed in the 20 March issue of the *ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL*.

Gen. MacArthur Lock

A bill to name the new lock in the St. Mary's River at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., as the General Douglas MacArthur lock, and to designate the fourth lock at that point as the "Colonel L. C. Sabin lock" has been favorably reported by the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Sec. McCloy Reports on Trip

Returning from a five-week tour of Allied installations in Africa, Assistant Secretary of War John McCloy stated that he had had "no conception of the completely combined aspect" of Allied headquarters operations which he found in North Africa.

Mr. McCloy, who described highlights of his inspection tour at the Secretary of War's press conference 25 March, said that after landing in equatorial Africa, he had gone to Dakar, Casablanca, Algiers, and to the front. Of his experiences at the front, he said, "Our troops had just begun to realize, when I got there, that they had held the enemy and thrown him back. You could almost feel their confidence."

He described the men as hard, keen, and eager to go ahead. Mr. McCloy was particularly impressed with the spirit of units of the French Army, which he encountered all the way from Dakar to the front. He said that although their weapons were "archaic" compared to our modern machines, and that there were a number of French 75s and Bell rifles such as those seen in the last war, the French showed no signs of demoralization.

Wearing Campaign Ribbons

Provisions under which members of the United States armed forces will be eligible to wear campaign medals or ribbons authorized during the current war recently were clarified by the War Department.

An individual is eligible to wear a service ribbon upon his arrival in a designated theater of operations under competent orders, but no person en route to a theater of operations, in a travel status, will be eligible to wear that theater's ribbon unless he or she is involved in an operation with the enemy, while en route, which War Department general orders subsequently designate as constituting eligibility for the award.

Persons serving in duty status on vessels or aircraft in or above ocean waters will be designated as serving outside the continental United States, and therefore eligible for a campaign ribbon, even though such vessels or aircraft may be based within the continental United States.

Furlough Rations

Under Office of Price Administration rationing regulations, soldiers on furlough for seven days or more are entitled to obtain quantities of rationed foods which may be used to supplement the rations of the soldier's family or friends

with whom he is spending his furlough, the War Department announced this week.

The soldier may have one-half pound of sugar and 16 points for processed food for each week or fraction thereof of his furlough. He is also entitled to one pound of coffee for each ration period.

The extra rations may be obtained by the soldier by presenting his furlough papers to the local War Price and Ration Board functioning in the area where he is visiting. The Board will write or stamp its designation upon the furlough papers and will then issue certificates in the proper amount for each of the commodities requested by the soldier. The certificates so obtained may be used at all grocery stores in the same fashion as are ration stamps and will be worth the same quantity of food products or the number of points written thereon.

It is expected that the forthcoming regulations covering the rationing of meat, cheese and fats or oils, and canned fish, will contain similar provisions for soldiers on furlough, except that the soldier need be on furlough only three days or more to obtain them, receiving eight points for each three days of furlough or fraction thereof.

New Engr. Center

A new Engineer Replacement Training Center is to be activated 1 May at Bend, Oregon. The center, to be known as Camp Abbot, will be under the command of Col. Frank S. Besson, CE, now stationed at Fort Leonard Wood.

Training cadre for the center now consists of a nucleus of 1000 officers and men who, since 1 February, have been training at Fort Leonard Wood, and who will move to Camp Abbot when preliminary training is completed. The first group of trainees at the new center will be the 51st Training Battalion, who will begin a 12-week basic course 31 May. Thereafter, new training battalions will arrive at the camp at two-week intervals.

Confer on Uniform Prices

At a conference between representatives of uniform manufacturers and the Office of Price Administration, 24 March, OPA presented proposals to set uniform dollars and cents prices on officers' summer uniforms.

Proposals would include setting prices at manufacturing and wholesale levels. Manufacturers' representatives attending the conference suggested that if ceiling prices were to be set, they be put into effect as soon as possible in order not to affect uniform production for the coming season.

Naval Supplemental Appropriations

With adjustment of Senate amendments between the two Houses completed this week, the Congress sent to the President the \$3,851,176,119 supplemental Navy Department appropriation bill, H. R. 2068.

Details of the bill were printed in the 6 March issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. The bill carries funds for the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard.

Two principal amendments were made by the Senate to the bill, one of which would have permitted employment of civilian personnel at rates exceeding \$5,000, the other of which would have removed all the restrictions on service of enlisted men before being eligible for the Naval Academy.

At House insistence the first amendment was rejected, and a compromise was reached on the Naval Academy amendment.

The requirement of a minimum of nine months' service before an enlisted man of the Navy, Naval Reserve or Marine Corps is eligible for the academy is retained, but the specification that the service be rendered in ships or in fleet aircraft has been removed.

Requesting removal of all restrictions on men who desire to go to the Naval Academy, Rear Adm. Randall Jacobs, Chief of Naval Personnel, told the Senate Appropriations Committee, "Many vessels of the Navy are in service but not in full commission, and men assigned thereto cannot complete for entrance to the Naval Academy. Some enlisted men who might be otherwise qualified to compete for entrance to the Naval Academy cannot do so because they are serving on shore duty beyond the United States, on armed guard duty, or at various stations other than vessels of the Navy in full commission."

Congress recognized the merit in these arguments and removed the restrictions on the type of service that had to be performed by candidates for the academy, but retained the requirement of nine months' service.

During the hearings before the Senate committee Admiral Jacobs testified that there were now about 15,000 enlisted men who have been promoted to temporary officers in the Navy."

Other highlights of testimony on the bill were:

The Navy is "developing certain new types

of weapons," according to Rear Adm. W. H. P. Blandy, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance. Some of these new weapons are already in service and others are about to be put into service "which will be valuable contributions to the war effort."

Admiral Blandy then discussed these weapons off the record.

He also pointed out that "we have effected tremendous improvements in the anti-aircraft batteries of the existing ships and the new ships are also now equipped with much heavier anti-aircraft, both in type of guns and numbers of guns, than originally provided for. Also we have armed up to the present date more than 2,500 merchant vessels. This armament includes anti-aircraft guns."

"I am quite confident," he continued, "that no such decisive defeat as was inflicted by our Army Air Forces against the Japanese-protected convoy in the Bismarck Sea could ever be imposed upon us by enemy air forces. In the first place our anti-aircraft batteries, both on naval and merchant vessels, would take a far heavier toll of enemy planes."

Naval Personnel

There are now 7,382 officers and warrant officers, 4,679 enlisted men and 17,000 civilians working for the Navy Department in Washington, according to testimony of Assistant Secretary of the Navy Bard.

Although the Navy has an authorized regular enlisted strength of 500,000 there are now only 308,087 men in the Regular Navy, according to Admiral Jacobs. However, with Reserves, on 31 Dec. 1942 the Navy numbered 118,000 officers and 1,100,000 enlisted men, including 770 WAVES officers and 2,936 WAVES enlisted personnel.

There are 15,000 officers of the Naval Reserve on inactive duty. Admiral Jacobs revealed, but a third of these are officers in the Merchant Marine. Others are employed with commercial airlines. The number of officers on inactive duty is greater than the total number of reserve officers before the war. On 14 Aug. 1939 there were 13,759 reserve officers, excluding 301 aviation cadets.

The time of training a naval aviator has been increased to 66 weeks, the personnel chief revealed, due to the increased amount of background training made necessary by reduction of educational requirements. High school graduates are now eligible to become naval aviators. The increase in the length of the flight training course from 54 to 66 weeks was made on 7 Jan.

The increase in the course, Rear Adm. Ben Moreell, Chief of the Bureau of Construction and Repair, told the committee is largely responsible for the demand for additional training facilities which were originally designed for a shorter course.

Direction of the Navy

During his testimony, Secretary of the Navy Knox made most clear the division of responsibilities between himself and Chief of Naval Operations King.

"My job, as civilian head of the Navy," he said, "is to administer the business affairs of

the Navy, which I undertake to do; and his job is to run the military end of the Navy. And I never get in his way, and between the two of us we try to administer the business affairs and the military affairs, without a difference between us. And I would like to add that we are most fortunate in having Admiral King, the commander in chief of the Navy, and the Vice Chief of Naval Operations, Vice Admiral Horne."

"I think we can all subscribe to that," commented Senator Overton, of La., chairman of the Senate committee.

Calendar of Legislation

BILLS INTRODUCED

S. 898. Sen. Walsh, Mass. Providing World War merchant marine personnel with rights, privileges, and benefits granted armed forces.

S. 899. Sen. Reynolds, N. C. (Also H. R. 2283, by Rep. McGeehee, Miss.) An amendment increasing limit of amount of settlement of claims for damages done by U. S. armed forces in foreign countries.

S. 903. Sen. Clark, Mo. Modifying requirements for securing National Service Life Insurance.

S. 923. Sen. Russell, Ga. Changing age limits for appointment as second lieutenant in the Regular Army from 21-30 years to 18-30 years.

H. R. 2281. Rep. Bland, Va. Provides for issuing seamen's service insignia to personnel in the American merchant marine.

H. Res. 181. Rep. Fish, N. Y. Requiring information from the Secretary of War in regard to the questioning of certain persons, by a board of army officers, about their attitude on intervention and communism before the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor.

ACTION ON LEGISLATION

H. R. 1749. Granting medical and hospital treatment, domiciliary care, and burial benefits to certain veterans of the present war. Signed by the President.

H. R. 1975. First Deficiency Appropriation Bill. Signed by the President.

H. R. 133. Clarifying the functions of the War Shipping Board in relation to benefits and insurance of seamen, and for other purposes. Signed by the President.

H. R. 2030. Tobacco products to be sent tax-free to Alaska and Hawaii. Signed by the President.

H. R. 2023. Extending five-year level premium insurance. Signed by the President.

S. 303. Extending naval courts-martial jurisdiction over civilian employees, beyond continental limits of the United States, with

exceptions. Signed by President.

S. 427. Providing for additional pay for Army personnel engaged in diving duty. Reported by House Military Committee.

S. 872. Providing rank of brigadier general for Frank T. Hines, Veterans' Administrator. Reported by Senate Military Committee.

S. 786. Providing for rehabilitation of disabled veterans of the present war. Signed by the President.

H. R. 1238. Provides for designating certain locks in the St. Mary's River at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., as the "General Douglas MacArthur Lock" and the "Colonel L. C. Sabin Lock." Reported by the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

H. R. 1364. Amending WAVE legislation. Reported by House Naval Committee.

Reduce 2nd Lt. Age Limit

Senator Russell, Ga., has introduced S. 923 which amends the National Defense Act so that the age limits in the appointment of second lieutenants in the Regular Army are changed from 21-30 to 18-30.

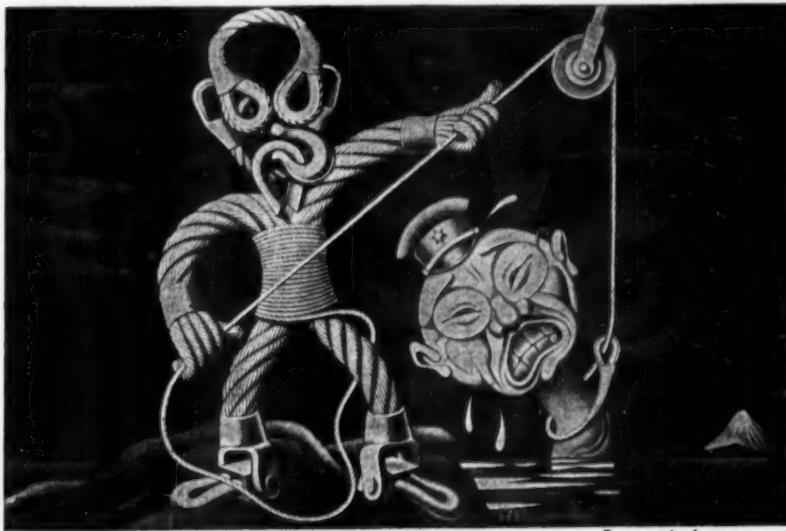


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*In cooperation with N. Y. City Defense Recreation Committee in New York—with Recreation Services, Inc. in Washington, D. C.—with Hospitality House in San Francisco.

THE UNITED STATES ARMY

Honor Jeffersonville QM Depot

Personnel of the Jeffersonville Quartermaster Depot, having subscribed more than 10% of their earnings for the purchase of war bonds, with more than 90% of all employees represented, will receive the United States Treasury's Minute Man flag from the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Herbert E. Gaston, in a ceremony to be held on the grounds of the Army installation at Jeffersonville, Ind., on Saturday afternoon, 27 March.

Official notice of the award, released by Brig. Gen. Allen R. Kimball, Commanding General of the Depot, was contained in a formal certificate received from Headquarters, Fifth Service Command, Fort Hayes, Columbus, Ohio. It certifies to the Depot's war-bond participation and authorizes display of both the Treasury and War Department Minute Man flags in recognition of the Depot's outstanding performance.

Praises Air Forces

Stating that one of the major lessons we have learned during the first fifteen months of the war is that air power will play a role of "vital importance," Under Secretary of War Robert P. Patterson, in an address before members of the Syracuse Chamber of Commerce, 23 March, stated, "With scarcely an exception, the victories we have won could not have been won without the Air Forces."

"We know, too," he said, "that our in-

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ustrial system can produce the materials of war in quantity, that we can out-produce the Axis powers combined. . . . We know that much will depend on our ability to ship men and munitions overseas. The production of munitions is not enough. . . . This means that the submarines must be fought to a stand-still, must be destroyed at such a rate that the time will come when the Germans will refuse to go to sea in submarines."

Settle Foreign Claims

Claims for damages up to \$5,000 caused by Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard forces in foreign countries can be settled promptly by local officer claims boards if legislation introduced in the House and Senate this week at the request of the War and Navy Departments is enacted into law.

The bills, S. 899 and H. R. 2283, amend present legislation which limits to \$1,000 the amount of a claim which can be settled without approval of Congress.

The bills provide that the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, and officers designated by them, may appoint a claims commission to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, and make payments" of claims for damage to property, or for death to inhabitants, of a foreign country.

The commissions would be able to settle claims up to \$2,500 without reference to higher authority. Payment of claims above \$2,500 and not over \$5,000 shall be subject to the approval of a commanding or other officer designated by the head of the department involved.

Army Diving Pay Increase

The House Military Committee has reported S. 427, which provides that army enlisted men engaged in diving duty shall be given additional pay ranging from \$5 to \$30 a month, according to the specialist work done by them. In addition, officers and enlisted men certified to having been engaged in extra hazardous dives in depths under 90 feet shall be paid the sum of \$5 for each hour or fraction thereof so employed. For dives over 90 feet the \$5 an hour also would be paid.

The Army desires to employ divers in rehabilitation, underwater demolitions and construction, in salvaging practice torpedoes, which cost about \$10,500 and crashed aircraft, and in recovering amphibious equipment. Equipment salvaged will more than balance the additional pay schedule. The duty is so hazardous that personnel engaged in it can be used for a very brief period and not more than three times a week.

Lower Venereal Rate

The Army's venereal disease rate in 1942 was 37.8 cases per 1,000 men, compared to a 1941 rate of 40.5 per 1,000, and in January of this year the rate was 25.2 per 1,000 men on an annual basis, compared to a January, 1942, rate of 45, the War Department announced this week.

Lt. Col. Thomas B. Turner, Chief of the Venereal Disease Control Branch, Office of The Surgeon General, said that this steady decrease is due to an unremitting campaign conducted through four media. These are:

1. Cooperation of local, State and Federal health and law enforcement authorities.
2. Expanded educational facilities.
3. The assignment of venereal disease control officers on a full-time basis to the headquarters of the larger tactical units and to stations where the complement is 20,000 or more, and the designation of part-time venereal disease control officers for all other camps, posts and stations.
4. Prophylactic facilities.

The 1942 rate includes a syphilis rate of 5.9 per 1,000 and a gonorrhea rate of 29.7. The lowest venereal disease rate in the history of the Army was in 1939, when it totaled 29.6 per 1,000.

Keep UP-TO-DATE by reading the Army and Navy Journal. Renew your subscription promptly and keep up-to-date.

Conservation of Ammunition

Unofficial correspondence on file at the headquarters of Lt. Gen. Millard F. Harmon, commanding Army Forces in the South Pacific Area, concerns the expenditure of eight bullets by Maj. Gen. J. L. Collins, in the killing of a Japanese sniper on Guadalcanal.

The correspondence follows:

HEADQUARTERS USAFISPA

26 January 1943.

Subject: Excessive Expenditure of Ammunition.

To: Commanding General, Guadalcanal.

1. It has come to the attention of this headquarters, unofficially, that one of your commanders, Major General Joseph L. Collins, personally expended 8 rounds of 30 caliber ammunition for a net return of only one Jap sniper. This is considered an excessive expenditure of ammunition by at least 6 rounds, particularly in view of General Collins' previous record as an expert rifleman. Furthermore, it is understood that considerable damage to a coconut tree resulted from his firing. This may later develop into a claim against the government.

2. In the future it is desired that major generals of your Command, be limited to 2 rounds for each mission—one sighting-shot and one shot for record. No additional 30 caliber ammunition is authorized for further instruction of General Collins. Any difficulty encountered in complying with the above will be overcome by reducing the range.

For the Commanding General:

(unofficial)

Allison J. Barnett
Brigadier General, G.S.C.
Chief of Staff.

16 February 1943.

Brigadier General Allison J. Barnett,
Headquarters USAFISPA

Dear Al,

"It was just a question of old age, failing eyesight, and buck fever. When Bill McCulloch (Col. William A. McCulloch, Washington, D. C.) and I went over the field right after our troops had taken the "Horse's Neck," we found my Jap pitched forward on his face alongside the lump of coral where I had spotted him with my glasses.

"Imagine my chagrin when we examined him to find that only the last of my well-aimed shots had found a vital spot. A careful checkup revealed that the first round nicked his trigger finger and prevented his returning the fire. The second tore off his cartridge belt. The third grazed his left eyebrow and the fourth splashed dirt in his face. I must not have squeezed off the fifth because it only bit off a chunk of coral close to his head. The sixth was also a trifling wild but did carry away the big toe of his right foot. By this time my buck fever had evidently calmed down for the seventh shot tore off an ear. And then, believe it or not, the eighth round, a silver bullet which I had been carrying for some time for just such an occasion, plunked him squarely between the eyes.

"Just about that time in the action, a burst of Jap machine gun fire splashed around us. . . . When I came to, I found that I had lowered the level of the fox hole I was in by a full seven feet."

Sincerely yours,
Joe Collins.

—

HEADQUARTERS USAFISPA

Informal Action Sheet

From: Chief of Staff.

To: Commanding General.

Remarks: Do not consider explanation satisfactory. Recommend no change in policy limiting major generals in South Pacific Area to 2 rounds per Jap.

(Allison J. Barnett).

"A. J. B."

From: Commanding General.

To: Chief of Staff.

Remarks: Pas bon!! Explanation based on circumstantial evidence. Policy on Major General stands. How are my Brigadiers with M1 rifles?

(Millard F. Harmon).

"H."

V-Mail Increases

An increase of 83 per cent in the volume of V-Mail dispatched overseas on rolls of film for the month of February over January was announced this week by the War Department. For the short 28-day month of February there were dispatched 5,900,570 microfilmed V-Mail letters as against 3,281,504 during the month of January. In making this announcement the War Department pointed out that complete V-Mail equipment will be in operation in the North African theatre during the early part of April.

Rental Allowance Certificates

Because of approval 6 March of legislation legalizing the payment of rental allowances to officers, without dependents, on field duty who are not assigned quarters, the following changes in forms of pay certificates have been ordered by the War Department:

The certificate of the commanding officer on W. D. Form No. 336, Revised (Pay and Allowance Account), Item (17), will, in the case of officers without dependents, be modified to read:

"I certify that during the period for which rental allowance is claimed on this voucher the above officer was not assigned adequate quarters at his permanent station and was necessarily required to procure quarters at his own expense,"

or in the case of officers with or without dependents:

"I certify that during the period for which rental allowance is claimed on this voucher the above officer and his dependents did not occupy quarters assigned at his permanent station because said quarters were inadequate for the occupancy of the officer and his dependents."

In lieu of modifying Item (17) of W. D. Form No. 336, the above certificate may be placed on reverse of the forms, in which case notation should be made on face of voucher "Certificate on reverse made a part hereof."

The provisions of the act of 26 Oct. 1942, (Public Law 758, 77th Cong.), published in Circular No. 408 War Department, 1942, are not affected by the above amendment to the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942. Certificates of officers may continue to be made under paragraph 2b(1) of Circular No. 408, War Department, 1942, relative to rental allowances where applicable.

Ord. Automotive School

Stockton Ordnance Depot, Calif.—Following is a list of officers who successfully completed Officers Course G-3, Preventive Maintenance, at this School during the period 8 March to 13 March.

Col. R. S. Gibson	Maj. L. G. Paulus
Lt. Col. C. E. Coles	Maj. E. P. Ripley
Lt. Col. M. S. Mitchell	Maj. C. E. Slaughter
Maj. D. R. Dickey	Maj. P. L. Thompson
Maj. K. J. Forder	Maj. A. L. White
brugen	2nd Lt. J. W. Bow-
Maj. C. S. Ingle	yer, Jr.



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Changes to Regulations

Among recent changes to Army Regulations made by the War Department are the following:

AR 605-10, "Officers Appointed in the Army of the United States." Paragraph 7 has been changed to state that among the classes from which initial appointments will not be made in the Army of the United States are the following: Former commissioned officers of the Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard or any component of the AUS whose appointment is prohibited by other provisions in the regulation or whose commissions were terminated because of inefficiency or under other than honorable conditions, provided that former officers who are on active military duty as warrant officers or enlisted men may be appointed upon the approved recommendations of a board of officers assembled to determine the professional and moral fitness for appointment of the applicant.

AR 35-2440, "Soldiers' Home deductions. Paragraph 9 is amended to provide that although aviation cadets, Regular Army, are liable for the Soldiers' Home deduction, aviation cadets appointed from other than the Regular Army are in the AUS and not subject to the Soldiers' Home deduction.

AR 40-205, "Military Hygiene and Sanitation." Paragraph 15 has been changed to prescribe hot-water rinsing and air drying (rather than drying by dish towels) for assembled dishes and other mess gear.

AR 600-40, "Wearing of the Service Uniform." Paragraph 50¹ has been added to prescribe that insignia of flying instructors shall be worn on the middle line of the outside half of the right sleeve of the service coat, four inches from the end of the sleeve.

AR 210-10, "Administration, Posts, Camps and Stations." Paragraph 29 is amended to insure that every facility will be given to men to attend religious services, not only on Sunday, but on days

set aside by various religions for special rites.

AR 345-105, "Historical Records and Histories of Organizations." Paragraphs 1, 10 and 11 have been changed to provide that for Air Force units detailed records of participations in action will be maintained. Air Force unit records will be transmitted to the Adjutant General or the War College Historical Section through the Commanding General, Air Army Air Forces.

Military Vicar in London

Because Archbishop Francis J. Spellman, Catholic Military Vicar of the United States Armed Forces, left Africa sooner than he had planned, in order to attend funeral services for Arthur Cardinal Hinsley in London, he will return to North Africa early next week, according to dispatches from London.

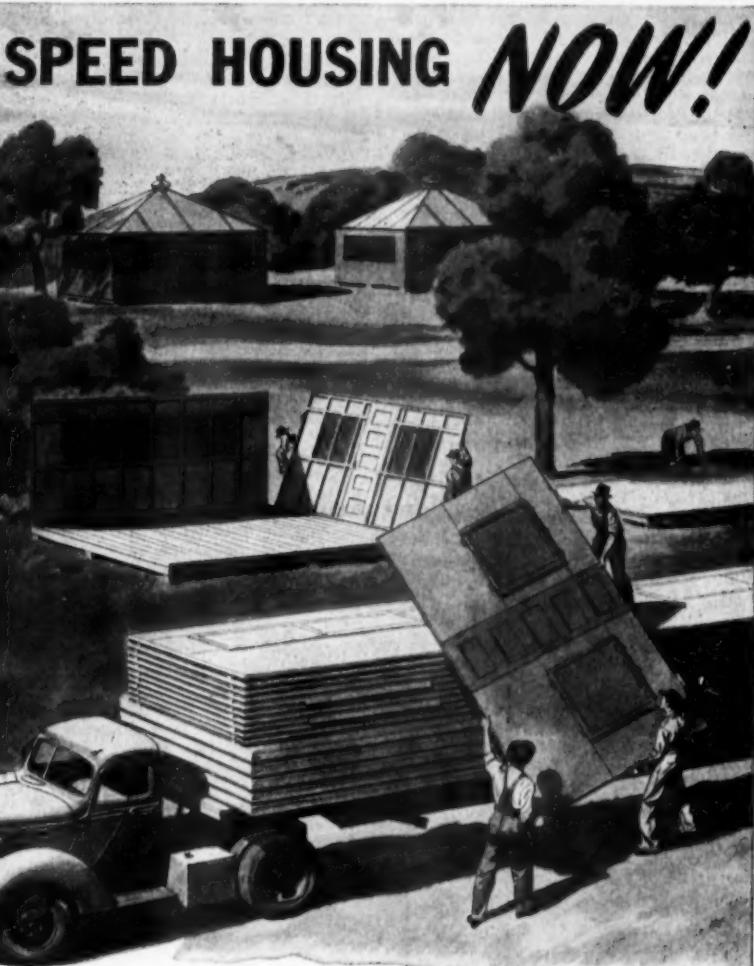
The Archbishop spent some of his time while in England visiting American Army chaplains, and planned to visit in Northern Ireland before returning to North Africa.

Amend Service Insurance Act

A bill, S. 903, introduced by Senator Clark, Mo., provides for the amending of the National Service Insurance Act of 1940 by making sub-paragraph (d) (1) of Section 602 read:

Any person in the active service and while in such service shall be granted such insurance without medical examination and without medical-history statement upon application therefore in writing (made within 120 days after the date of enactment of this amendatory Act) and certificate signed by his immediate commanding officer stating that the applicant is mentally and physically fit to perform military or naval duty and upon payment of the premiums.

The words "and without medical-history statement" and the part referring to the certificate of the commanding officer constitute the change in the Section.



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*Plumbing and electrical installations naturally require additional time.

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THE UNITED STATES NAVY and MARINE CORPS

Navy Chaplains' School

Norfolk, Va.—In an address at the last graduation exercises of the Navy Chaplains' School, Norfolk, the Rev. William Barron Pugh, D.D., told "U" Class that ever since the start of World War One the clergy had stressed the preaching of three cardinal sins to men in the Armed Forces—"the sins of drinking, gambling and immorality."

"Many of the clergymen," he said, "had never been in uniform. After a lot of that preaching in 1917-18 they issued a questionnaire to see what impression had been made. They asked the soldiers and sailors what they regarded as the three great sins and the three great virtues."

"They learned that the greatest virtues are Courage, Self-Sacrifice, Humility; and the greatest sins, Cowardice, Selfishness, Boastfulness."

Comdr. Edward B. Harp, Jr., (ChC), USN, executive officer, delivered the invocation. Lt. Walter Farrell, (ChC), USNR, a Catholic chaplain who completed his Naval indoctrination two weeks earlier in "T" Class, greeted the graduates. Capt. C. A. Neyman, (ChC), USN, Officer-in-Charge of the School, presented the diplomas. Lt. M. F. Williams, (ChC), USNR, a member of the faculty, pronounced the benediction.

The chaplain graduates, all lieutenants except where (*) indicates Lieutenant (junior grade), are as follows:

*E. W. Andrews P. B. Miller
F. J. Chastain E. G. Montag
*L. E. Cook G. A. Nelson
H. S. Congdon *R. L. Nelson
*L. O. Crain O. B. Newson
*B. Dahl *L. B. Patterson
*E. A. DeBordenave *F. J. Pegnam
*J. M. Geary *P. K. Potter
*A. L. Gendron *E. M. Reighard
*R. G. Gordon F. L. Reitlingshofer
*C. W. Ham *R. S. Sasaman
E. A. Ham *J. J. Sharkey
E. W. Hammer *P. L. Shore, Jr.
*R. LeR. Harbour F. F. Smart
*O. V. Hitchcock S. O. Sorlien
*W. J. Kingwill C. E. Sydnor
*E. T. Marble *R. W. Todd
*J. H. Markley *H. J. Underhill
J. S. McCauley F. R. Wilson
*J. B. McGaffin *R. T. Wilson
R. L. McLeod, Jr. W. H. Woolard
*H. T. McManus

Two enlisted Specialists (Welfare) graduated with this class, to become chaplains' helpers. They are Harold J. Greene and Marlin P. Krouse.



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Praises Navy's AA Defense

"The Japanese will not be able to achieve against us such a decisive and complete victory as was won by Army flyers against the enemy in the Bismarck area," according to Rear Adm. W. H. Blandy, chief of the Navy's Bureau of Ordnance, who, speaking at Navy Secretary Knox's press conference 19 March, declared that "the anti-aircraft defense of American battleships is the best in the world."

"The United States Navy didn't really get started on the improvement of anti-aircraft defenses of our ships until late 1940," said Admiral Blandy. "As a result of our efforts since then, I am happy to say that the close-range anti-aircraft weapons on our modern battleships, intended to repel dive-bombing and torpedo attacks, can throw up sixty times more steel a minute than the pre-Pearl Harbor craft of the same type, and when you add to that the additional improvements of better fire control and explosive ammunition, it is no exaggeration to say that the over-all defense is one hundred times as good."

Admiral Blandy pointed out that he did not claim that the United States has achieved a complete defense of its ships against airplanes. "There never has been such a thing as an indestructible ship," he said. "But I have no hesitation in saying that our anti-aircraft defense is better than anybody else's on either side."

Sea Service Casualties

Casualties in the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard, announced from 17 to 23 March, brought the total since the war to 6,921 dead, 4,640 wounded and 12,974 missing. 1st Lt. James K. Murphy, USMCR, previously reported missing, and Sgt. Leo F. O'Donnell, USMC, previously reported dead, are now reported safe. Others announced this week were the following:

DEAD

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

U. S. Navy

Comdr. R. D. Tisdale

U. S. Naval Reserve

Lt. (Jg) E. I. Dehoney Ens. P. W. Staples
Ens. J. S. Maddox

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve

2nd Lt. E. J. Jede 1st Lt. J. M. Vinson

2nd Lt. R. L. Tegart

ENLISTED PERSONNEL

U. S. Navy

GM3c W. B. Carpenter AMM3c H. A. Norris
CAP W. W. Hopkins AO1c C. A. Olin
WT1c R. J. Knapp WTc E. L. Phillips

GM3c E. R. Long, Jr.

U. S. Naval Reserve

S2c G. F. Beezley F1c F. A. Keefe, Jr.
F3c G. K. Brown S2c E. D. Kelley

SM3c J. W. Cross SK1c C. M. Kemmer

RM3c D. R. Breen merer

EM1c W. E. Eno MM1c H. J. Kramer

SC3c J. A. Hayes SC3c O. H. Merrill

SK3c A. B. Johnson F2c D. Virgilio

S2c G. M. Jones

U. S. Marine Corps

T. Sgt. R. W. Burgess M. Sgt. W. D. Johns

Pfc T. Guesman Sgt. M. C. Wendt

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve

Pfc J. Z. Backus Pvt. B. E. Calvin

U. S. Coast Guard

S2c L. H. Wuestfeld

WOUNDED

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

U. S. Navy

Lt. E. B. Childs

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve

1st Lt. J. R. Hoover

MISSING

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

U. S. Navy

Lt. W. H. S. Brady Lt. (Jg) D. H. Leh-

Bsu. K. L. Lecka man

U. S. Naval Reserve

Lt. (Jg) M. S. Bran- Lt. (Jg) H. R. May

nen Lt. (Jg) H. P. Morelli

Ens. R. P. Combs Lt. (Jg) H. A. Mun-

Lt. F. M. Fisler ter, Jr.

Ens. W. R. Gallagher Ens. D. D. Perry

Jr. Ens. B. F. Schmidt

Lt. (Jg) L. L. George Lt. (Jg) V. O'D. Stan-

Lt. R. C. Gish ley

Ens. C. E. Heintzel- Lt. (Jg) W. G. War-

man, Jr. nock, Jr.

Lt. (Jg) W. T. Jones Ens. J. F. Winters

III

U. S. Coast Guard

Lt. (Jg) J. Starr

Women Marines' Summer Uniform

Summer uniforms of the U. S. Marine Corps Women's Reserve will be of green and white-striped seersucker instead of the traditional military khaki.

Capt. Anne A. Lentz, Officer of Supply, who designed the new outfits, revealed that the uniforms will also break with tradition by featuring open, V-necks and short sleeves, on the principle that "coolness makes efficiency." Shirts and ties have been dispensed with in this accent on comfort.

Besides the two-piece, seersucker suits, officers and enlisted women alike will wear hats of solid, soft green, with pocketbooks in matching color. For officers, Captain Lentz has designed a peaked cap of cotton twill, adorned with a white, knotted cord and a gold and silver Marine insignia. The hat for enlisted women has a form-fitting crown and stitched brim.

Every item of the summer uniform will be washable, caps and pocketbooks being provided with detachable covers to ease the laundering problem.

For off-duty wear, women officers will be provided with an all-white dress uniform, which will be worn with white, cotton gloves and white pumps.

Officer's insignia of rank will be worn on the shoulders, but both officers and enlisted personnel of the Women's Reserve will wear the Marine emblem on the lapels of their suit jackets.

In creating a uniform blending utility with smartness, Captain Lentz was able to draw on eight months' experience in outfitting the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps as civilian assistant to Col. Oveta Culp Hobby, commander of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps. She also had been employed in the school uniform department of a New York department store.

Captain Lentz is the wife of Brig. Gen. John M. Lentz, USA, who is attached to Headquarters, Army Ground Forces, in Washington. Her son, Ensign Kirby Atterbury, Jr., is in the U. S. Merchant Marine.

Her husband administered the oath when she was sworn in as a Captain in the Marine Women's Reserve on 8 January 1943, one of the first to be commissioned as a woman Marine. They were married in 1929, and now live at 1911 R Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Seamen of World War I

Paralleling a bill in the House of Representatives, Senator Walsh of Mass., has introduced S. 898 which provides that officers and members of crews who were employees of the United States in the Merchant Marine between 6 April 1917 and 11 Nov 1918, and their dependents, shall have the rights, privileges, and benefits conferred on those who served in the military or naval forces during that period. If honorably separated from the service they are to be considered veterans of that war; but no pension, pay, bounty, or other benefit is to be retroactive.

Adm. Land Presents "M"

In ceremonies presenting the "M" (for merit) pennant to the Sun Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Co. 23 March, Rear Adm. Emory S. Land, Maritime Commission chairman, told the company's 33,000 workers that tankers were performing one of the most essential tasks of the war.

"Never before in world history," he said, "has the need for fast, efficient and seaworthy tankers been so urgent. Without the fuel they transport, our tanks, our planes, our naval craft, in fact every element of our vast mechanized combat organization in both Army and Navy, would be of no avail to our valiant fighting men."

Shortly after the presentation address, three new tankers, all of them among the largest and fastest in the world, were launched in the Delaware River.

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Chemical Warfare School

Edgewood Arsenal, Md.—Attending the fifth Navy spring course here 22 March to 17 April 1943 are the following students:

Lieutenant Commander

B. M. Gordon, USNR

Lieutenants

R. W. Ballard, USCG L. F. Kilbride, USNR
J. F. Duff, USN A. V. Logan, USNR
J. J. Gray, USNR J. D. MacDonald,
J. J. Joyce, USNR USNR
G. W. Kennedy, Jr., T. F. Willmore, Jr.,
USNR

Lieutenants (Jg)

J. C. Barnes, USCGR E. C. Keefe, USNR
J. H. Cumalat, USCGR L. L. Lague, USCGR
D. F. Gould, USCGR L. D. Phifer, USCGR
C. A. Heintz, USCGR M. M. Ross, USNR
J. T. Henry, USNR V. A. Wade, USNR
C. E. Johnson, USNR

Ensigns

G. L. Baldwin, USNR G. O. Kephart,
J. T. Barry, USCGR USCGR
G. H. Bird, USCGR J. J. Lander, USNR
J. N. Borda, USNR M. R. Lifschutz,
G. E. Buhler, USNR USCGR
J. B. Cadogan, USNR A. H. Lincoln, USCGR
B. H. Cate, Jr., USNR D. S. Magee, USNR
USCR
J. L. McDowell, USNR H. J. McCormick,
W. B. McNulty, USNR
W. C. Dunn, Jr., H. J. Merrick, USNR
USCR
J. R. Duthie, Jr., USCGR P. E. Norman,
USCR

Boatswain

F. L. Graham, USNR Gunner
C. W. Lipscomb, USCGR
R. S. Smith, USCG
D. B. Spalding, USNR
E. E. Sprangler, USNR
R. H. Stark, USNR
H. S. Stifler, USNR
R. T. Sutton, USNR
L. A. Zezel, USCGR

Marine Generals Nominated

Two colonels of the Marine Corps, Col. David L. S. Brewster and Col. Clifton B. Cates, were nominated this week for temporary promotion to brigadier general.

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HEADS UP FOR VICTORY!

U. S. COAST GUARD

EN speedy Coast Guard anti-submarine boats were transferred from the United States to the Cuban Navy this week under terms of the Lend-Lease Act. The Cuban government, which took possession of the craft at Miami, Fla., on 22 March, will use them to augment its anti-submarine operations in the Caribbean Sea and the Gulf of Mexico.

Capt. H. H. J. Benson, USN, acting commander of the Gulf Sea Frontier and commandant of the 7th Naval District, made the presentation of the craft, which were accepted for Cuba by Commodore Julio D. Arguelles, chief of the Cuban Navy. Capt. J. E. Whitbeck, district Coast Guard officer, represented the Coast Guard at the transfer ceremonies.

Modify Reserve Training

The proof of the pudding is in the tasting, and observations of the conduct aboard Coast Guard vessels of graduates of the Reserve officers' training course at New London have resulted in modifications of the curriculum there.

Feeling that the commanders to whom graduates are assigned were in the best position to know what, if any, were the deficiencies in the original curriculum, the Coast Guard asked for comments on its courses.

These suggestions were carefully considered and a number of them put into effect.

One officer, for example, stated that although a newly graduated officer could not be expected to be a fully qualified navigator he should be able to take an azimuth during his watch to ascertain his compass error. The azimuth is now being stressed at the Academy.

As a result of another suggestion, gunnery practice is being added to the Reserve officers' course.

The Algiers Landing

Headquarters has published a report by Ens. Albert A. Heckman, USCG, a member of the expedition which made the original landing at Algiers, French Morocco, last November.

Ensign Heckman sailed on one of the transports which participated in the attack on the North African city.

That the destination of the armada was Africa soon became generally known, Heckman said, due to screening of air intakes on motor vehicles, issuance of mosquito netting and light-weight clothing, and medication of personnel against tropical diseases.

The writer stressed the completeness of the data on French Africa and on French and enemy dispositions and the carefulness with which landing plans were made. As an example he stated that a certain airport had to be taken immediately and held "for there would be Spitfires flown in from Gibraltar which had to land there. If the airfield was not in our hands by that time the fighter planes

would have to crash when their small quantities of precious fuel were exhausted."

The transport aboard which Heckman served escaped damage although she was attacked frequently by high-level and dive bombers and by torpedo planes. The transport astern was the one which was hit and sunk by a torpedo plane, but whose troops sailed to Algiers in landing craft.

Troop landings were made successfully at Algiers, the writer continued, but ris-

ing surf in the afternoon complicated cargo landings, causing a number of landing craft to be stranded on the beach.

On the return trip from Algiers to England, one or more German submarines got through the destroyer screen, and in quick succession torpedoed a British and an American transport and the British carrier Avenger, 500 yards astern of Ensign Heckman's vessel.

California Taxes

Col. A. T. Marix, USMC-Ret., president of the Retired Officers Association, has received the following letter from the Franchise Tax Commissioner of the State of California, Sacramento, Calif.:

"Supplementing our letter of 24 Feb. 1943, the proposed amendment of The Personal Income Tax Act, if passed to exempt income received by retired persons from the Military and Naval Forces when retired because of physical disability incurred in line of duty will apply to the year 1943 and subsequently. Returns will be required for 1942 and prior years.

"The amendment recently passed by the legislature, according to the Attorney General, exempts compensation of members of the Armed Forces received or accrued after 10 Feb. 1943, the effective date of the amendment."

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SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1943

"How hard, in a moment of real emergency, it will be for the government to adhere to sound military principles, if there be not some appreciation of these in the mass of the people; or at the very least among the leaders to whom the various parts of the country are accustomed to look for guidance."—HEAR ADM. ALFRED THAYER MAHAN.

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Victory.
2. Assurance now that personnel and equipment for our land, sea, and air forces will be maintained after the present war at such strengths as the responsible heads of those Services determine necessary to assure this nation against future aggressors.
3. Protection of Service personnel, active and retired, against undue reductions in their pay through imposition of the Victory tax and income taxes.
4. Institution of studies looking toward the protection and development of just post-war systems of promotion for personnel of the permanent establishments.
5. Strengthening of the National Guard and Reserves to assure their efficiency and permanence with continuance of full recruiting facilities after the war.
6. Upward revision of pension scales to assure Service widows a living income.
7. Compensation for service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.

BEFORE the House of Representatives comes to a final vote on the tax bill next week, it should give full effect to provisions designed to relieve military and naval personnel from the process of refunding parts of their pay to the government. As reported by the Ways and Means committee the bill allows active service personnel an exemption of \$3,500 in lieu of the usual personal exemptions. While adequate for the active enlisted and lower commissioned grades, this provision gives only partial relief to field and general officers in the Army and officers above the rank of lieutenant in the sea services, and provides no relief whatsoever to retired personnel. These retired officers and enlisted men who are not now on active duty appear to be the really forgotten men. The large majority in that category are too old or physically incapacitated to be gainfully employed, which means that their meager retired pay must suffice to support them and their families. The greatly increased cost of living makes this a difficult problem indeed, and to require them to reduce further their standards by returning part of their pay to their government imposes a most difficult hardship. Some members of this group gain relief by the provision of the current tax bill which exempts their pay from taxation if they were retired for physical disability incurred in the line of duty, but they constitute only a portion of the list, others having been retired upon reaching the statutory retirement age, some upon completion of 30 or 40 years of service, and many in the Navy are merely the victims of a promotion system which has since been suspended. Officers on the active list to whom full exemption is not given under the current proposals are performing their duties with the same faithfulness, patriotism, and skill as those in the exempted classes and there would seem to be no logical reason why they should be singled out by having their service pay reduced by taxation. To do so would obviously unbalance the carefully worked out service pay tables. We call upon the House to amend the bill to give full relief to all Service personnel, active and retired.

DANGER lies in the legislative moves to exempt farm workers from the selective service and in the efforts to employ soldiers in agricultural duties. These moves threaten our national security by making it more difficult to build up the size and character of military and naval forces necessary to prosecute the war to a successful conclusion. There is probably no one more concerned with the problem of feeding and equipping the proposed 8,200,000 Army than Under Secretary of War Robert L. Patterson, yet it is he who vigorously opposes the measure (S. 729) exempting farm labor from the draft. Judge Patterson aptly pointed out to the Senate Military Committee that this measure "would open the door to discriminations which would injure the morale of the nation as well as the morale of the men in the fighting forces." He deplored the fact that the bill would bar from the Armed Forces all agricultural workers regardless of whether their particular work was necessary or whether they could be replaced, and this without reference to their desire to serve. Nevertheless, the Senate has passed the measure and it is now before the House committee. The food production problem can best be solved by enactment of the Wadsworth universal service bill, which has the endorsement of the War Department but the opposition of the War Manpower Commission, whose Chairman, Mr. McNutt, prefers to adhere to the volunteer system. The pressure to employ soldiers, either as individuals on furlough or as units under military discipline, to help on farm work during the rush seasons is definitely inimical to the prosecution of the war. A continuous, hard, well planned training program, such as Lt. Gen. Lesley J. McNair, commanding general, Army Ground Forces, has been conducting in this country is a fundamental requirement of success in the battles to come and the best assurance that our losses will be at a minimum consistent with the tasks involved. Such a program cannot be carried out if it is to be interrupted to permit individuals or units to be sent into the fields to sow or harvest. Furthermore, most farmers believe that their duties require a degree of skill which would make city bred soldiers of little value for a stay of a few days. Most certainly, the Army must be let alone to carry on its training program. The Wadsworth bill is the answer to the manpower problem; Congress must recognize this promptly so that victory may not be delayed by avoidable hardships.

Published Every Saturday by the

Army and Navy Journal, Inc.

1701 Connecticut Avenue Northwest,
Washington, D. C.

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Service Humor

It Was Worth It

We wouldn't believe this if we didn't see it—and we didn't see it. But the story goes that a rookie was coming out of the Post Exchange with an ice cream cone held in his right hand.

His frantic attempts to change hands and salute when a staff car rolled by were disastrous to the cone—and so back came the staff car. The officer dug into his pocket and dropped a nickel into the rookie's hand. And if I didn't see it with my own eyes I wouldn't believe it.

—Rangefinder.

Not Needed Any More

An insurance company issued a life insurance policy in the name of one Samuel Johnson. Premiums were paid promptly for a few years, but suddenly they stopped. After sending a few delinquent notices, the company received this reply:

"Dear Sir: Please excuse us as we can't pay any more insurance on Sam. He died last May. Yours truly, Mrs. S. Johnson."

—Pointer.

And then there's the one about the soldier who called a spade a spade until he hit his foot with one.

The Foightin' Oirsh

Casey: "When ye're licked in a foight, ye ought to say ye've had enough."

Dolan: "Sure, if Oi can speak at all, Oi'm not licked yet."

—5th Service Command News.

Discriminating

"Where did you get that Jap helmet?"

"I had to kill a hundred Japs for it!"

"Why?"

"Wanted to get the right size!"

—Exchange.

Should Rest Between Meals

Pvt. Shepherd had been in the Army a week when his sergeant asked:

"What do you think of the Army as far as you've gone?"

"I may like it after a while," he replied, "but just now I think there's too much drilling and fussing around between meals."

—Rangefinder.

Inquisitive

"Who is that letter from?"

"What do you want to know for?"

"There you are!! What do I want to know for! You are the most inquisitive person I ever met."

—Contributed.

Lucky

In camp the soldiers were awaiting imminent transfer to the fighting front. In the dusk one of the soldiers called out to a khaki clad figure only dimly seen: "Hey, buddy, got a match?"

A lighted match was forthcoming, and by its light, as he started to thank the other for the courtesy, the private was horrified to see the markings of a general.

"I beg your pardon, sir," he said, saluting smartly, "I didn't see that you were a general."

"That's all right, son," said the general benignly. "Just thank God I wasn't a second lieutenant."

—Ft. Ord Panorama.

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

L.M.—There is no regulation against promotion of MAC officers to full colonel. Such promotions, it is stated, will be made when MAC officers have sufficient service in lower grades, as required by promotion circulars, and are needed to fill posts in grade of colonel.

C.G.C.—Although the use of the old form of affidavit to be executed by the dependent mother of any officer claiming dependency allowance has been discontinued, application for such an allowance must still be passed upon in the War Department. In other words, what has been eliminated is the necessity of furnishing all the detailed information formerly required.

L.B.B.—It is not necessary for a retired soldier to register for selective service inasmuch as his name is already in the files of the War Department and he is liable for active duty if the Army desires to call him.

L.S.T.—Your information is correct. The Comptroller General has held that first sergeants retired before 1 Sept. 1942 (the date first sergeants were advanced from second to first pay grade) are entitled to pay of the first grade. See our 20 March issue.

In The Journal

10 Years Ago

Lt. Charles H. Bonesteel, 3rd, son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Charles H. Bonesteel, arrived at Ft. Benning last Saturday for a visit of several weeks with his parents.

20 Years Ago

Lt. E. W. Gruhn, 7th Inf., USA, on duty in Alaska has requested authority to make a reconnaissance tour throughout that territory for the purpose of securing first hand information on the use of Sour-dough pack board.

30 Years Ago

Sailing on the USAT Thomas from San Francisco for Honolulu on March 15th were Maj. G. H. Preston, 4th Cav., wife, two children and nurse, and Capt. L. R. Holbrook, 4th Cav., wife and three children.

50 Years Ago

Ens. M. M. Taylor registered at the Navy Department this week.

75 Years Ago

The Ticonderoga will be recalled from the European Squadron, and no relief sent, in consequence of the lack of funds at the disposal of the Navy Department.

War Department
Navy Department

OFFICIAL ORDERS

Marine Corps
Coast Guard

WAR DEPARTMENT

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Under Secretary of War
Robert P. Patterson
Assistant Secretary of War
John J. McCloy
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Robert A. Lovett
Chief of Staff
General George C. Marshall
Deputy Chief of Staff
Lieutenant General Joseph T. McNarney
Commanding General, Army Air Forces
General Henry H. Arnold
Commanding General, Army Ground Forces
Lieutenant General Lesley J. McNair
Commanding General, Army Service Forces
Lieutenant General Breton B. Somervell

Army Casualties and Prisoners

The War Department this week announced the names of 1,426 Army casualties and 36 prisoners of war held by the Italians. Of the casualties, 160 were listed as killed in action, 547 as wounded in action, and 719 as missing in action.

The names of those killed in action follow:

KILLED IN ALASKAN AREA
Commissioned Personnel

2nd Lt. S. S. Pappas

KILLED IN ASIATIC AREA
Commissioned Personnel

2nd Lt. C. G. Wafford

Enlisted Personnel

Sgt. F. E. Faith

KILLED IN EUROPEAN AREA
Commissioned Personnel

2nd Lt. R. N. McCune 1st Lt. M. H. Bel-
Capt. O. H. Wilkison 2nd Lt. G. R. Grant
Capt. J. A. Johnston 1st Lt. J. A. Spaulding

Enlisted Personnel

Sgt. D. A. Davis T. Sgt. S. Suskind
T. Sgt. L. Williams S. Sgt. L. R. Morgan
Sgt. B. F. Duke T. Sgt. T. H. Gilliland
Sgt. C. R. Tipton Sgt. H. L. Ottman
Sgt. M. T. Lame-
dica

KILLED IN NORTH AFRICA
Commissioned Personnel

1st Lt. F. M. Clements Capt. C. B. Johnson
2nd Lt. T. J. Willis Maj. W. H. Rooden-
1st Lt. E. E. Brown burg
1st Lt. O. O. Woods 1st Lt. C. S. Herring-
2nd Lt. G. P. Eklund ton
Capt. H. L. Peter 1st Lt. J. C. Hunsing-
2nd Lt. J. D. Ball, jr. 1st Lt. W. W. Nance
1st Lt. S. A. Box 1st Lt. S. Kanner
2nd Lt. R. H. Schae-
fer

Warrant Officer

W. O. B. Wilmore

Enlisted Personnel

Sgt. T. Chism Pvt. L. A. Torgerson
Pfc E. E. Marino Pfc I. F. Zellner
T4 R. E. Morgan Pfc J. R. Nicks
Pvt. L. S. Thompson Sgt. A. L. Thomson
Sgt. L. C. Tread- Cpl. C. H. Benner
well Pvt. S. A. Fazan
Pvt. C. L. Johnson T4 O. R. Jones
Pvt. W. W. Phinney Pvt. G. K. Arikian
Pvt. O. H. Stein Pvt. B. F. Otis
Pvt. LeV. Collins Pvt. G. K. Arikian
T5 P. Deffendall Pvt. E. B. Casey
Cpl. T. W. Evans, jr. Pvt. L. P. Di Perna
T4 P. L. Fivecoat Pvt. E. B. Gillies
T5 C. S. Holland Pvt. P. J. Groden
T5 A. Kartz Pvt. A. P. Hertlein
Pvt. M. B. Walters Cpl. A. Liblit
Sgt. R. F. Burch- Pvt. N. E. McArthur
ard Pvt. M. E. Cox Cpl. A. F. Nastasi
Pvt. R. L. Downs Pvt. J. E. Estes
Sgt. F. Emerling, jr. Pvt. F. R. Fernandez
Sgt. W. R. Miller Pvt. R. R. Lawless
Cpl. C. O. Poole Pvt. P. J. McBride
Pvt. C. A. Potter Pvt. H. S. Meloy
Pvt. R. E. Pouchot Pvt. L. E. Miller
Pvt. R. L. Proudfit Pvt. J. S. Rengers
Sgt. H. E. Quinn, jr. Pvt. D. V. Ruth
T4 R. J. Shields Pvt. A. W. Salabub
Sgt. W. S. Sanger Pvt. F. W. Dollak
Pvt. H. M. Coley Pvt. E. Harvey
Cpl. J. E. George Pvt. S. Sgt. W. R. Hernley
Cpl. J. E. Jordan Pvt. T. J. Loboza
Pvt. J. P. Jury Pvt. S. Sgt. R. W. Martin
Sgt. W. E. Skaggs Pfc E. L. Nichols
Sgt. E. J. Smith T5 S. Retopher
Sgt. A. D. Stone Sgt. J. S. Sabala
Cpl. H. E. Thompson, Jr. Pvt. M. Sobol
Cpl. J. A. McCormack Pvt. A. Tarquinio
Pvt. T. W. Oldread Pvt. S. Yatzun
Pvt. R. D. Barber Pvt. O. Yaeger
Pvt. U. E. Kovisto T. Sgt. C. D. Hunter
T5 H. K. Schneider Pvt. J. C. Timmerman

S. Sgt. L. C. Matthews
Pvt. R. E. Dinnin
T4 C. J. SmithKILLED IN PACIFIC AREA
Commissioned Personnel

1st Sgt. C. F. Straiz-
shar

Enlisted Personnel

Pvt. R. O. Boggess
Pfc W. W. Pashon
Pvt. H. R. Wright
Pfc L. A. Bundy
Pvt. A. J. Dubois
Pvt. D. E. McCahill
Pfc M. S. Forsberg
Sgt. R. W. Oman
Pfc O. A. Young
Pfc S. Anthony
Pfc F. T. Crawley
Sgt. R. B. Minish

KILLED IN SOUTH PACIFIC AREA
Enlisted Personnel

Pvt. C. H. Johnson

KILLED IN SOUTHWEST PACIFIC AREA
Commissioned Personnel

2nd Lt. J. D. Murless
1st Lt. J. J. Crawford

Enlisted Personnel

Pfc R. C. Cooper
T. Sgt. E. T. Mc-
Donald
Pvt. W. P. Bommer
Sgt. Y. A. Smith

Following are the names of commissioned personnel included on the lists of wounded, missing and prisoners:

WOUNDED IN NORTH AFRICA
Commissioned Personnel

2nd Lt. A. G. Smith Lt. Col. D. H. Bear
2nd Lt. A. W. Lowry Maj. J. J. Gillespie
1st Lt. E. E. Hawk, jr. 2nd Lt. M. G. Mauk
Lt. Col. J. C. Petty, jr.
2nd Lt. C. E. Debaun
Capt. G. J. Hell, jr.
2nd Lt. J. R. Goddu
1st Lt. C. A. Hagnan, jr.
1st Lt. W. L. Schenck
2nd Lt. K. P. Daume
1st Lt. C. E. Cilburn
2nd Lt. W. C. Lecker
1st Sgt. H. W. Mer-
rill
1st Lt. K. G. Bills
Capt. W. E. Byrne, jr.
Capt. E. J. Masso
2nd Lt. G. D. Williams
1st Lt. A. L. Dean, jr.
2nd Lt. T. J. Hayes
1st Lt. N. H. Corman, jr.
2nd Lt. J. S. Varholo
1st Lt. D. S. Varner
1st Lt. J. T. Maxwell

WOUNDED IN PACIFIC AREA
Commissioned Personnel

2nd Lt. J. T. Horton Capt. F. C. Rockey
2nd Lt. A. J. Fossaeen Capt. D. F. Reichley
1st Lt. R. W. Moran

MISSING IN NORTH AFRICA
Commissioned Personnel

1st Lt. N. J. Meadows 1st Lt. J. W. Nix
Capt. F. Gallo
1st Lt. J. T. Godfrey, jr.
2nd Lt. F. H. Colley
1st Lt. J. F. Bickers, jr.
1st Lt. C. M. Barn-
well, jr.
2nd Lt. W. B. Sharpe, jr.
Capt. R. L. Walters
Lt. Col. J. K. Waters
Capt. D. B. Stewart
1st Lt. H. H. Abra-
hams

MISSING IN THE EUROPEAN AREA
Commissioned Personnel

2nd Lt. H. T. Chace
MISSING AT SEA IN NORTH ATLANTIC
Commissioned Personnel

Chap. A. D. Goode 2nd Lt. G. Zerden
Chap. G. L. Fox 2nd Lt. J. D. A. Elm-
2nd Lt. J. S. Sche-
bauer

PRISONERS OF WAR BY ITALY
Commissioned Personnel

2nd Lt. D. McL. 2nd Lt. W. Myers
Brynn

Army Promotions

Camp Ruston, La.—Capt. Frank W. Harsh, OD, received his promotion from First Lieutenant to Captain simultaneously with his transfer from Ft. Des Moines, Ia., to Fifth WAAC Training Center, Camp Ruston, La., last week.

Camp Phillips, Kans.—Promoted to Major, QMC, Capt. Richard J. Daigle, Sales Officer and Capt. Elvin A. Robb, Ass't Director, Supply & Service Division.

Navy Nominations and Appointments

A Navy captain, Ingram C. Sowell, was nominated to the Senate this week for temporary promotion to rear admiral.

Captain Sowell's name headed a long list of nominations for permanent promotion and appointment in the Regular Navy.

The nominations follow:

Comdms. to be Caps.

F. B. Stump L. P. Lovette
J. W. Fowler

Lt. Comdms. to be Comdms.

N. B. Van Bergen A. A. Ageton
J. R. Wallace T. T. Tucker
H. E. Eccles P. W. Haas, jr.
R. Earle, jr. W. R. Thayer
A. M. Morehouse L. A. Reinken
W. V. Saunders O. Scoggin
H. A. Schade P. D. Gold, 3rd
J. N. Wenger P. B. Koonce
R. N. Smoot W. R. Hamilton
P. C. Wirtz J. B. Moss

Lts. to be Lt. Comdms.

C. J. Hardesty, jr. R. E. Perkins
E. C. Hawk L. D. Contes, jr.
W. L. Kabler R. T. Sutherland, jr.

G. K. Carmichael D. L. Whelchel

N. J. F. Frank, jr. R. L. Moore, jr.

H. J. McRoberts J. T. Hayward

F. A. Brandley W. T. Nelson
R. G. Visser D. W. Knoll

A. McB. Jackson, jr. F. S. Stich

W. T. Hines E. R. Sanders

R. T. Spofford J. R. Dennis

H. M. Heiser R. J. Stroh
S. M. Alexander J. Corbus

W. B. Moore C. L. Engleman

Lts. (Jg) to be Lts.

J. H. Maurer J. H. Barnard, 2nd
C. B. Jennings D. F. Quackenbush,
J. H. Janney Jr.

W. C. Bennett Jr.

J. C. Gillette, jr.
R. A. Teel

Ensigns to be Lts. (Jg)

L. H. Roddle, jr. O. H. Payne

C. R. Johnson, jr. W. E. Kuntz

J. P. Aymond J. C. Fisher

F. W. Hampton R. V. Laney

W. E. Bertram C. R. Chandler

J. C. Wootton J. H. Smith, jr.

H. W. Crews F. B. Weiler

C. H. Horenburger J. B. Pye

J. W. Barnes G. R. Smith

H. N. Funk C. J. Kurzawa

C. F. Rinchart D. O. Ness

R. M. Plott C. S. Thomas, jr.

J. F. Spivey, jr. J. R. Wallingford

H. P. Gordon J. D. Miller

F. J. Martin T. W. Murphy

R. S. Lemmon F. M. Ralston

A. J. Brassfield P. E. Loustaunau

M. A. Peters P. N. Shamer

K. P. Hance P. A. Holmberg

J. W. Onstott L. E. Harris

C. W. Swanson R. W. Paine, jr.

R. M. Lindsey J. C. Roper

T. S. White M. D. Norton, jr.

N. L. Broyles R. L. Border

W. H. McRea B. Blaha

E. C. Lindon E. C. Lindon

A. C. Berg W. S. Dawson

B. V. Gates W. C. Moore, jr.

B. Snipes J. C. Bidwell

O. F. Meyer, jr. A. H. Higgs

H. F. Perrenot E. Ackerman

L. L. McColloch V. V. Utgoff

J. L. Pennell G. M. K. Baker, jr.

J. B. Honan E. C. Blount, jr.

C. A. Van Dusen, jr. J. C. Young

C. E. Olson E. H. Simpson

J. J. Werner J. F. Quinn, jr.

D. M. Minner P. W. Gill

W. H. Munson T. R. Eddy

M. P. Fisher A. S. Wadsworth, 3d

R. C. Lefever L. P. Spear

J. M. Dunford D. H. Pope

W. B. Miller H. L. Harty, jr.

M. E. Turnbaugh W. Denton, jr.

E. F. Schreiter J. L. Abbot, jr.

J. V. Wilson D. K. Weitzel

W. C. Hushing A. O. Ostroski

N. E. Harkleroad W. D. Adams

J. N. Renfro C. M. Cassel, jr.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Secretary of the Navy

Frank Knox

Under Secretary of the Navy

James V. Forrestal

Assistant Secretary of the Navy

Ralph A. Bard

Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Air)

Artemus L. Gates

Chief of Naval Operations and COMINCH

Admiral Ernest J. King

Chief of Staff, COMINCH

Vice Admiral Richard S. Edwards

Vice Chief of Naval Operations

Vice Admiral F. J. Horne

Commandant, U. S. Marine Corps

Lt. Gen. T. Holcomb

Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard

Vice Adm. Russell R. Waesche

R. M. Swensson R. L. Martin

W. J. Valentine W. Y. Howell

W. L. Savidge C. H. Fink

T. C. Hart N. C. Harris, jr.

R. C. Truax B. S. Forrest

A. G. Harrison B. C. Jarvis

K. C. Childers, jr. R. H. Dasteel

S. J. Caldwell, jr. W. P. Starnes

E. T. Steen F. J. Fitzpatrick

F. C. Fallon E. P. Bonner

J. F. Johnston F. B. Clarke

J. C. McCarthy P. R. Schatz

C. A. Dancy, jr. C. S. George, jr.

R. Mc. Tunnell W. A. McGuinness

W. E. Berg W. R. DeLoach, jr.

W. J. Walker J. A. Mahoney, jr.

T. J. Walker, 2d J. G. Glaces

F. P. Anderson G. C. Duncan

A. B. Hamm E. F. Craig

H. S. Morelock, jr. C. E. Parks

E. L. Schwab, jr. J. E. Parks

C. H. Parmelee C. F. Pfeifer

G. A. Norwood N. E. Croft

P. Shumway F. L. Taeusch

W. M. Shifflette C. W. Hughes

W. W. Bemis C. F. Vossler

C. W. Smith T. J. Rudden, jr.

J. B. Guerry, jr. D. J. Reilly

J. R. Banks W. J. Manning

A. L. Waldron J. A. Flidell

H. G. Reaves, jr. R. W. Gavins

J. S. Moyer J. W. Salvage

R. E. Lawrence J. D. Linehan

W. H. Herkness, 2d A. P. Colvin

Navy Nominations
(Continued from Preceding Page)

A. J. Rush G. F. Sharp
R. C. Evans A. B. Register
E. H. Seller, Jr. W. W. Huffman
R. F. Barry, Jr. J. V. Cameron
J. J. A. Michel W. S. Willis, Jr.
L. C. Powell, Jr. E. G. Reed, Jr.
P. A. Hooper F. C. Perry
O. O. Liebschner L. S. Wall, Jr.
R. J. Slagle N. Almgren
H. F. Lloyd E. T. Grace
C. R. Stapler E. V. Knox
F. H. Kolb, Jr. W. L. Hunt
J. W. McCoy J. J. Vandergrift, Jr.
E. David C. D. Nace
G. W. Smith J. B. Balch
H. C. Tucker, Jr. J. D. P. Hodapp, Jr.
R. E. Paige D. H. Adams
R. K. Gould D. C. Deane
H. Kriloff M. Kilpatrick
J. E. Dunn R. V. Mroziniski
J. J. Munson F. T. Cooper, Jr.
D. S. Baughman, Jr. F. N. Russell
E. J. Foote J. C. Jolly
G. R. Palus J. C. Lawrence
R. R. Stuart, Jr. L. B. Robinson
H. C. Lank D. W. Watkins, Jr.
S. W. Kerkerling R. S. McElroy, Jr.
B. J. Gernershausen F. M. Bush, Jr.
A. R. Strow R. F. Wadsworth
T. C. Siegmund E. F. Higgins, Jr.
M. G. McCormick H. J. Greene
P. C. Rooney H. P. Ady, Jr.
C. E. Bell, Jr. E. H. Dunlap, Jr.
R. F. Delbel, Jr. R. W. Lombard
R. W. Clark H. D. Remington
W. B. Fargo W. R. Dunne
R. E. Breen, Jr. W. L. Poindexter

J. C. Spencer J. McC. Hill
M. B. Frazee, Jr. R. W. Conrad
O. D. Hughelett R. A. Gulick, Jr.
P. E. Glenn W. K. Stow, Jr.
W. K. Yarnall J. W. Magee
J. W. McCrocklin A. B. Wallace
K. B. Hysong C. D. McCall
W. C. Wright, 3d L. H. Kiser
J. E. Shepherd, 3d M. D. Clauaner
E. S. Waring, Jr. E. R. Holt, Jr.
R. P. Kline R. F. Stultz
A. R. Barbee, Jr. F. J. Coulter
J. A. Sharpe, Jr. J. B. Wallace
N. W. Doudlet F. M. Welch
K. L. Kollmyer S. A. Bobczynski
J. P. Miller, Jr. J. A. McAllister
R. C. Dailey I. D. Quillin
H. W. Gehman W. J. Davis, Jr.
P. T. Krez C. J. Ballinger, Jr.
T. D. Keegan J. R. Blackburn
H. T. Murphy C. B. Pierce
C. L. Goodman, Jr. J. C. Mathews
R. J. Ostrom H. R. Nyland
R. W. Phillips A. R. Drea
G. V. Rogers F. M. Radel
R. A. Zoeller R. Brent
C. Ross, Jr. A. F. Fischer, Jr.
J. J. Fairchild, Jr. E. M. Compton
A. J. Toulon, Jr. L. M. Marcy
H. C. Miller P. W. Crouch, Jr.
C. N. G. Hendrix S. C. O'Rourke
J. L. May E. P. Rye
J. H. Elsom J. R. Zullinger
S. H. Graham, Jr. A. G. Wussow
W. J. Mason D. Cone
I. D. Dewey A. G. Neal
L. D. Cooke L. L. Davis, Jr.
C. H. Raney J. D. Ramage
G. J. Largest W. L. Douglas, Jr.
M. L. Lowe, Jr. J. W. Castello
R. J. Dressing J. W. Hough

J. E. Fisher J. B. Howland
R. L. Helm J. C. Weatherwax
G. T. Shirley S. L. Collins
W. J. Carey, Jr. R. F. Ockley, Jr.
G. D. Ghesquiere R. G. Merritt
C. W. Cushman R. C. Dell
J. P. Weinel E. L. Harris, Jr.
B. E. Cooke R. H. Smith
G. W. Forbes, Jr. R. J. Duryea
J. J. Madison J. M. Cesse
R. M. Brownlie T. S. Sutherland
P. A. Dimberg E. A. Hoggard
H. L. Lasell R. H. Buckley
J. B. Williams, Jr. M. A. Berns, Jr.
H. B. Sanders, Jr. G. C. Simons, Jr.
W. D. Bonvillian K. S. Van Meter
F. E. Cook, Jr. R. R. Startzell
G. H. Rogers R. W. Robinson
R. F. Nicolai J. T. T. O'Neill
W. T. Alford H. A. Wells
G. T. McDaniel, Jr. S. L. Johnson
I. S. Hardman, Jr. N. J. Allen
E. L. Dashill, Jr. E. B. Henry, Jr.

K. L. Jeffery, Jr. J. J. O'Connor, Jr.
J. J. Shea J. R. Fordham
J. K. Lytle, Jr. R. D. Davis
R. P. Barker F. W. Hynson
B. N. Hull F. C. Culver
J. L. Howard N. L. Arrighi
R. M. Hoverman G. Henry, Jr.
P. Hughes N. M. Schwartz
W. W. Winkleman J. J. Lynch
C. L. Knight R. J. Lautze
H. J. Hicks, Jr. R. E. Forrest
C. H. Drayton R. N. Blandford
C. W. Morton L. A. Wheeler
A. J. Thompson W. P. Catchpole
J. W. Graham W. Howard Nolan
D. C. Christensen P. J. Flamand
Lt. John A. Steiger, CEC-V(S), USNR, to
be asst. civil engineer, lt. (jg), USN.
Lt. (jg) Joseph A. Roseman, D-V(G),
USNR, to be lt. (jg), USN.

Complete Motor Course

The following officers were graduated 20 March from the Preventive Maintenance "O-17" Course at the Ordnance Automotive School, San Antonio, Tex.: Maj. Vernard O. Davis, Capt. Alden W. Suderman, and 1st Lt. Gervase S. Barnhill.

Help Govern N. Africa

A "substantial" number of officers who are graduates of the School of Military Government at Charlottesville, Va., now are in French North Africa assisting in the administration of the government of Allied-held territories on the joint military-civil basis necessary in wartime, it was learned.

Such military government, it was emphasized, is established "only to relieve the territory until peace is declared" and would not extend into the post-war era. Already graduated from the Charlottesville school are two large classes. A third will finish the four months' term within a few days. The school is under the jurisdiction of Maj. Gen. Allen W. Gullion, Provost Marshal General.

Gen. Hurley to Near East

Brig. Gen. Patrick J. Hurley has sent in his resignation as Minister to New Zealand in order to become the personal representative of President Roosevelt in the Near and Middle East war theaters. He will be accompanied on his mission by Maj. John C. Henry, former Washington (D. C.) Star reporter.

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U. S. War Communiques

No. 317, 19 March

South Pacific: (All dates are East Longtude)

1. On 18 March: (a) U. S. Army Flying Fortresses (Boeing B-17) carried out minor attacks against Japanese positions at Kahili and Ballale in the Shortland Island area and at Vila in the central Solomons. Results were not observed.

(b) In the afternoon, a force of Dauntless dive bombers (Douglas), escorted by Wildcat fighters (Grumman F4F), bombed Vila in the central Solomons and started a fire.

(c) All U. S. planes returned from these operations.

Note: Kahili is two miles north of Buin on the southeast coast of Bougainville Island. Ballale Island lies three miles off the northeast coast of Shortland Island. Vila is on the southern coast of Kolombangara Island.

No. 318, 20 March

North Pacific: 1. On 18 March, Kiska was attacked twice by Army Liberator (Consolidated B-24) and Mitchell (North American B-25) bombers, with Lightnings (Lockheed P-38) as escorts. All U. S. planes returned.

South Pacific: 2. A force of Wildcat fighters (Grumman F4F) strafed Japanese positions on Munda, New Georgia. All planes returned.

Note: Munda is on the western coast of New Georgia, 150 nautical miles from Guadalcanal airfield.

No. 319, 21 March

South Pacific: 1. On 18 March, Dauntless dive bombers (Douglas) and Wildcat fighters (Grumman F4F) attacked Vila in the Central Solomons. Fires were started.

2. On 20 March: (a) Dauntless dive bombers and Wildcat fighters again attacked Vila. (b) Dauntless dive bombers and Wildcat fighters attacked Munda on New Georgia Island. A fire was started. (c) On the evening of 20 March, Flying Fortresses (Boeing B-17) and Liberators (Consolidated) attacked Japanese positions on Kahili in the Shortland Island area.

No. 320, 22 March

South Pacific: 1. On 21 March: (a) During the afternoon, Dauntless dive bombers (Douglas), supported by Wildcat fighters (Grumman F4F), attacked Munda, on New Georgia Island, and Vila, in the Central Solomons. A supply area and an enemy gun position were hit.

(b) During the evening, a force of Army Flying Fortresses (Boeing B-17) and Liberators (Consolidated B-24) attacked Japanese positions at Kahili, in the Shortland Island area.

No. 321, 23 March

North Pacific: 1. On 21 March, two groups of Army Liberator heavy bombers (Consolidated B-24) and Mitchell medium bombers (North American B-25) with fighter escort, attacked Japanese positions at Kiska. Except for one large fire, results were not observed.

No. 322, 24 March

South Pacific: 1. On 23 March: (a) A force of Army fighters (Lockheed P-38) strafed the enemy seaplane base at Rikata Bay in the Central Solomons. Results were not reported. All U. S. planes returned.

(b) During the night of 23-24 March, a small number of Japanese planes attacked the airfield on Guadalcanal Island. There was some material damage but there were no casualties to personnel.

Note: Rikata Bay is 135 nautical miles northwest of Guadalcanal airfield.

No. 323, 25 March

South Pacific: 1. On 24 March: (a) During the evening, Army Flying Fortresses (Boeing B-17) and Navy Avenger torpedo bombers (Grumman TBF) attacked Japanese positions at Kahili in the Shortland Island area. A fire was started.

(b) A small enemy ship in the Shortland Island area was bombed with unobserved results.

(c) All U. S. planes returned from the above attack missions.

GEN. MACARTHUR'S HQ.
AUSTRALIA

17 Mar.

Northwestern Sector: Dutch New Guinea: Kaimana: One of our medium units bombed and strafed a small merchant ship in the bay.

Cape van den Bosch: Our heavy bombers attacked three enemy medium cargo vessels with unobserved results.

Aru Islands: Arafura Sea: Early morning reconnaissance of the seas north of the Aru Islands failed to locate any enemy shipping. Our air attacks on the previous afternoon evidently forced the small convoy to retire without reaching its destination.

Dobo: Our medium bombers attacked the town on successive days, scoring hits among barrack buildings and on the radio station. Three enemy jiggers near Wokam were strafed and left sinking. Our long-range fighters executed strafing attacks on buildings, huts and tents at Dobo and Wokam and on surface craft in adjacent water.

Northeastern Sector: New Britain: Ubili: One of our heavy units bombing the building

area was attacked by an enemy twin-engined bomber, which was shot down in flames and was observed to crash in the sea.

New Guinea: Lae: Our medium bombers under strong escort of our long-range fighters attacked the building area. Heavy anti-aircraft fire was encountered, but there was no interception.

Salamaua: In a surprise early morning raid coordinated with the attack on Lae, our attack planes effectively bombed and strafed the town area at extreme low altitude, causing numerous explosions and four large fuel fires at Shell and Vacuum oil depots which later merged into a general conflagration, encompassing the entire target area.

As our aircraft departed, flames were seen rising hundreds of feet and large columns of heavy black smoke 7,000 feet high were visible over twenty miles. Heavy anti-aircraft fire was encountered; there was no attempt at interception.

Marlberg: One of our heavy units strafed the village township area.

18 Mar.

Northwestern Sector: Dutch New Guinea: Merauke: A single enemy float plane raided the town area without damage or casualties.

McCluer Gulf: One of our heavy bombers attacked three enemy coastal vessels with unobserved results.

Kei Islands: Keldulah: One of our medium bombers strafed two enemy jiggers.

Langgur: Our medium bombers attacked the enemy-occupied town in two waves, causing fires and heavy damage among houses, barracks, workshops and in the wharf area. Slight anti-aircraft fire was encountered.

Northeastern Sector: New Britain: Rabaul: Our heavy bombers attacked Rapopo airfield after dusk, dropping 300 bombs on the runway and throughout the dispersal area. Numerous explosions and fires indicated heavy destruction of enemy aircraft caught on the ground. Anti-aircraft and searchlights were encountered. Our aircraft drove off two enemy night fighters attempting interception. All our planes returned.

Ubili: One of our heavy units bombed and strafed enemy ground installations.

New Guinea: Mambari River: Our ground forces mopping up the area at the river mouth have come upon an elaborate and recently constructed enemy defense system, including prepared positions, pillboxes and hospital and other installations for a large force. Signs of recent hasty evacuation indicate a decisive blow dealt the enemy on the north front by destruction of the convoy in the Bismarck Sea battle, these positions having no doubt been constructed in preparation for their coming for a probable future intended offensive.

19 Mar.

Northwestern Sector: Dutch New Guinea: Timika: One of our heavy units effectively bombed the village, causing explosions and damage.

Timor: Kupang: Our medium bombers carried out a night attack on the airfield at Penfao, bombing the dispersal areas and both sides of the main runway.

Kei Islands: Langgur: One of our heavy units effectively bombed the enemy-occupied town.

Amboina: Ambon: One of our heavy reconnaissance units, intercepted by ten enemy fighters, in a desperate air combat shot six out of action and damaged at least one other. Although badly damaged, our plane reached its base.

Northeastern Sector: Solomons: Buka: Our medium units executed a prolonged night harassing raid on the airfield, bombing the runway, blasting bays and dispersal areas. Anti-aircraft positions were strafed and silenced. Ranging down the coast, our bombers raided Kleta and Kahili.

New Ireland: Kavieng Area: A single enemy fighter attempting to intercept one of our heavy reconnaissance units was shot out of action.

Admiralty Islands: Lorengau: One of our heavy units strafed an enemy coastal boat in the harbor from low altitude.

New Britain: Gasmata: Our heavy units bombed the area.

Talasea: One of our heavy units strafed an enemy motor launch cruising off the coast.

Cape Gloucester: Our heavy bombers at low altitude strafed enemy ground installations and enemy barges loaded with fuel drums.

Viti Islands: Garo: One of our heavy units bombed enemy installations and barges.

New Guinea: Madang: Our heavy units and long-range fighters, accompanied by strong escort, executed a coordinated attack on the town and airfield, dropping more than thirty-eight tons of bombs and thoroughly strafing the entire area. The town was left engulfed in smoke and flame visible for sixty miles. Heavy anti-aircraft fire was encountered, but there was no attempt at interception. All our aircraft returned.

Alexishafen: Our long-range fighters returning from our attack on Madang strafed and set fire to enemy headquarters and damaged installations and buildings.

Salamaua: Our attack planes from altitudes

as low as fifty feet bombed and strafed buildings and supplies along the shore, starting many damaging fires. Heavy anti-aircraft fire was encountered but there was no interception.

21 Mar.

Northwestern Sector: Dutch New Guinea: Cape van den Bosch: One of our medium units bombed and strafed a 10,000-ton enemy cargo vessel, scoring a direct hit and close misses.

Kaimana: Despite bad weather conditions, our medium bombers from low altitude attacked an enemy merchant vessel in the bay, starting a fire on the deck. On shore, the jetties were bombed and set on fire.

Amboina: Ambon: Our heavy bombers raided the town area after dusk, dropping 500-pound explosives and incendiaries. Clouds obscured observation of results.

Kei Islands: Langgur: Our medium bombers in two waves attacked the town area, scoring direct hits. Returning to base, we executed a strafing attack on the enemy-occupied village of Fann.

Northeastern Sector: New Britain: Gazelle Peninsula: One of our heavy units bombed a medium enemy cargo ship with unobserved results.

New Guinea: Madang: One of our heavy units bombed enemy-occupied installations on near-by Bellao Island.

Finschhafen: Our heavy units twice bombed the building area, causing numerous fires.

22 Mar.

Northwestern Sector: Netherland New Guinea: Cape Van den Bosch: Our medium units, during the morning, bombed a three-ship convoy, comprising two medium cargo vessels and a destroyer, leaving Kelman, with unobserved results. Later in the day one of our heavy bombers attacked the same force, straddling a medium cargo vessel with bombs.

Cape Namarihi: One of our heavy reconnaissance units bombed three enemy merchant vessels off the coast and strafed barges near the shore.

Kei Islands: Langgur: One of our medium bombers at dusk strafed enemy-occupied villages, silencing machine-gun positions and damaging two jiggers in the harbor.

Northeastern Sector: New Britain: Gasmata: In a night harassing raid one of our medium units bombed and strafed the airfield and ground installations, causing explosions and fires which were still burning an hour later when we left the target.

Cape Gloucester Area: One of our heavy units bombed an enemy cargo ship in Borgen Bay, scoring a direct hit and a miss within ten feet of the vessel, which was left listing and in sinking condition.

Solomon Sea: During the night one of our medium reconnaissance units attacked a large enemy destroyer proceeding east at high speed. Two direct hits crippled the warship, which was last seen limping toward its base at greatly reduced speed, trailing a large slick of oil.

New Guinea: Madang: One of our medium units executed a harassing night raid on the airfield and the town, starting fires.

Finschhafen: One of our medium units raided the area at night.

23 Mar.

Northwestern Sector: Reconnaissance activity only.

Northeastern Sector: Admiralty Islands: Lorengau: One of our heavy units bombed an enemy schooner in the harbor.

New Britain: Gasmata: In a coordinated raid our heavy bombers, accompanied by long-range fighters, effectively attacked an airfield, scoring direct hits with 2,000-pound bombs on the runway and starting large fires. Our fighters heavily strafed the area from a low altitude, causing heavy damage to buildings and other installations.

Solomon Sea: Close reconnaissance of the sea lanes and waters off the south coast of New Britain failed to disclose any trace of the enemy destroyer that was heavily damaged the previous night by our air attack.

New Guinea: Madang: One of our heavy units machine-gunned the town.

Finschhafen: One of our heavy units bombed the runway.

Lae: One of our heavy units machine-gunned the town.

Milne Bay: Three enemy bombers raided the area shortly after midnight at a high altitude. There were two casualties but no other damage. A night fighter intercepted and fired a burst into one of the raiders, which dived away in a damaged condition.

Buna-Mambare Area: Since conclusion of the Papua campaign our ground forces have steadily infiltrated northward along the coast, successively clearing the enemy's New Guinea forces from the Ambas, Kumus and Opi river valleys, and are now in complete occupation of the Mambare River area, locale of a disastrous enemy landing attempt on 13 Dec. 1942. As a result of these operations over 700 of the enemy have been killed and nearly a hundred taken prisoner. Many other hundreds have undoubtedly died of starvation and disease in swamps, where they endeavored to find refuge from our attacks.

GEN. EISENHOWER'S HQ.
NORTH AFRICA

17 Mar.

Our patrols were active on both the First and Eighth Army fronts.

There was some enemy shelling in the area west of Medenine.

North of Gafsa contact was made with some enemy tanks.

In Northern Tunisia, despite heavy rain, casualties were inflicted on the enemy by our patrols.

Air: On the night of 15-16 Mar. our bombers attacked the enemy airfield and railway near Gabes.

Yesterday another enemy convoy of motor barges was bombed between Sicily and Tunisia. At least three of the vessels were hit and left on fire.

In Northern and Central Tunisia the weather again restricted operations.

Attacks on the Mareth positions were continued by Western Desert Air Force fighter bombers and medium bombers escorted by fighters.

One of our aircraft is missing from all of these operations.

The pilots of both aircraft reported missing in yesterday's communiqué are safe and it is now known that two more enemy fighters were destroyed on 15 Mar.

18 Mar.

In the Mareth area in the north our positions were improved both during the night of 16-17 Mar. and during yesterday. In the south our patrols were active, inflicting losses on the enemy and taking some prisoners.

In Southern Tunisia American forces yesterday advanced thirty miles and captured Gafsa. Little enemy opposition was encountered. The enemy is withdrawing to the southeast and our patrols follow up toward El Guettar.

Mobile French detachments cooperated. Many mines and booby traps have been laid to hamper our advance. In Northern Tunisia west of Sedjenane, as a result of heavy attacks, the enemy made local gains that were later restored by counter-attacks. Fighting continues.

Air: Yesterday morning enemy troop concentrations near Gafsa were bombed. Our fighters operated intensively in this area throughout the day, making low-level attacks on enemy vehicles retreating from Gafsa. A number of trucks were destroyed and gun positions were silenced. On the northern front our fighters carried out offensive sweeps, during which one enemy fighter was destroyed. Fighters of the Western Desert Air Force destroyed one enemy fighter, but weather restricted operations in this area. From all these operations two of our aircraft are missing, but both pilots are safe.

19 Mar.

In the Eighth Army area normal patrol activity has continued during the past twenty-four hours. Slight local adjustments were made along the front, with little interference by the enemy.

In Southern Tunisia operations were hampered by heavy rain and floods, but forward patrols occupied El Guettar, which previously had been evacuated by the enemy.

There was normal patrol activity in Central Tunisia.

In the north in the area west of Sedjenane the enemy made slight local gains.

Air: Bad weather over Tunisia curtailed operations on the northern front. Our fighters, with bombers, attacked buildings occupied by the enemy, starting a fire. Our fighters were active in the area during the day.

The Western Desert Air Force continued bombing attacks on the Mareth position.

None of our aircraft is missing.

20 Mar.

The Tunisian front was quiet yesterday. From the Eighth Army front there is nothing to report.

In the Gafsa and El Guettar area, where heavy rain still is falling, our troops continued to consolidate their positions.

Air: Bad weather over Tunisia restricted air operations to sweeps and patrols, which were carried out without loss and without encountering the enemy.

21 Mar.

Allied forces yesterday in the Gafsa sector continued their pressure on the enemy, who continued to withdraw. We took some prisoners and made progress toward Maknassy. Patrol activity continues in the Eighth Army sector.

Bombers and fighter-bombers of the Western Desert Air Force yesterday maintained attacks in strength on enemy positions in the Mareth area. Many hits were seen on the targets and fires were started. During fighter sweeps in this area one enemy fighter was destroyed.

Enemy landing grounds were bombed during the night of 19-20 Mar. Yesterday an enemy airfield between Gabes and Sfax was attacked twice. Bombs were seen to burst all over the field, on which there were a number of enemy aircraft. During sweeps over the central and northern sectors

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—The latest public and confidential statements made by the British Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Anthony Eden, and by White House and State Department officials, reveal that there is in process of execution the decisions which the President and Prime Minister Churchill reached at Casablanca. These decisions, it now appears, related not only to the measures to be applied in connection with Allied prosecution of the war, but to the laying of the foundation for the post-war peace structure along the lines upon which the two leaders are substantially agreed. Their programs for these purposes under their respective classifications may be summarized as follows:

PROSECUTION OF THE WAR—It is imperative that the Axis be prevented from resuming the initiative. Therefore:

1—Shipping being the controlling factor of the United Nations War effort, the United States and Great Britain, as a result of the recent meeting of their naval representatives, have evolved plans for intensification of their warfare upon increased U-boat activities.

2—Because the Red advance is tying down Axis forces, compelling the latter's reinforcement from troops stationed throughout Europe, requiring the Reich and its Allies to scrape the bottom of the barrel of their manpower, and hampering any attempt at a new offensive through Spain or the Balkans, there is being enlarged the provision of aid to Russia and acceleration of its dispatch.

3—As part of the aid to Russia, and to counter a possible offensive—regarded now as a minor prospect—the United States and Great Britain are promoting their preparations to put into effect at this favored season the "line of action" promised by Churchill after the Casablanca conference, such line of action to come, to use his words, "within nine months." Herein enters the plan for "invasions" referred to by the President, heavier continuous bombing of Axis industrial and transportation centers, and further destruction of submarine facilities, particularly at St. Nazaire and Lorient in France.

4—Also as part of the aid to Russia, commencement of the combined attack on the Tunisian triangle, which is compelling the use of 58 per cent of the enemy's plane strength, and thus minimizing the air power available for his operations against the Red Armies.

5—Progress toward unification of French factions, facilitated by General Giraud's repudiation of the Vichy regime, cancellation of its laws and dismissal from office of men connected with it, and preliminary steps by General de Gaulle to negotiate an agreement for cooperation with him.

6—Continuation of the policy of a holding campaign against the Japanese in the Far East and the Pacific until the defeat of the Axis shall be achieved, when Foreign Minister Eden repeated to Congressional leaders Prime Minister Churchill's assurance that Britain would combine with the United States to bring about their annihilation. More specifically and somewhat disturbing to Washington, was Mr. Churchill's statement in his broadcast that after Hitler is defeated it will not be physically possible to transport large numbers of soldiers across the vast distances and communications of the war with Japan. Certainly this does not accord with the assurances given the President by the Prime Minister at Casablanca. It is suggested that Britain feels China will provide all the necessary manpower, but that is not the American view. Mr. Churchill pledged his country to employ all its resources to the defeat of Japan after Germany is conquered, and we will insist that this pledge be fulfilled. Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek has indicated her displeasure at Mr. Churchill's statement, and undoubtedly she thereby reflected the opinion of Chung-King.

POST WAR PLANNING—1—Development of a "rough sketch," instead of a blue print, for enforcing peace, after the war, to quote Mr. Eden.

2—Maintenance of world security by the United Nations through councils, one for Europe and the other for Asia, these councils, according to Mr. Churchill, to be linked in some fashion not yet explained.

3—Efforts to relegate to the background the territorial aspirations expressed by Stalin, and removal in consequence, of a serious point of possible friction with him.

4—Laying of the ground work for the United Nations conferences which will discuss post war problems of political, economic, financial, social, communications and transportation character.

5—Explorations by the President and a group of advisers of war food needs and post war food, rehabilitation and relief problems, preliminary to impending international conferences.

6—For the purpose of facilitating approval of the program and to convince the United Nations that the President in all negotiations will speak with authority, pressing of the move to secure Senate adoption of a resolution setting forth general principles on American participation in world affairs, largely upon the basis of the Atlantic Charter.

Of first importance in the above program is the curbing of the submarine menace. Hitler is directing all the resources available to the prosecution of the undersea war, and considerable success has attended such operations this month. Greater air protection and additional surface strength have been provided for convoys, and it is believed they will prove more effective; thus assuring larger quantities of supplies reaching Russia, England, Africa, the Near and Middle East and India. Because as Prime Minister Churchill reiterated, he and the President are agreed that the Pacific and Far East must be secondary to Europe, there has been little compliance with the urgent pleas of General MacArthur for reinforcements; and in spite of known Japanese concentrations in his area he must struggle along as best he may with his present equipment. Our strongest push will be in Tunisia, the purpose being to capture or expel the Axis forces from that theatre as quickly as possible in order to clear the way for a drive across the Mediterranean. The diplomatic effect of these operations is to restrain Spain from lending assistance to Germany and to induce her to continue the policy of neutrality, which would assure safety for our African communications. As to Turkey, her friendliness toward the United Nations is no longer questioned.

The President said he had noted with keen interest Mr. Churchill's suggestion of the post war establishment of post-war councils for Europe and Asia. The first intimation of such councils was made by Hugh Gibson at the Geneva conferences on disarmament in 1926. This idea was amplified by Mr. Roosevelt's direction at another Geneva conference early in his first term. Thus Mr. Churchill has expanded an American proposal to apply it to political as well as military matters. A precedent for regional councils exists in the Pan American Union. It is assumed if these bodies

be set up they will be linked together by some kind of super organization, which would mean American participation in world control. In the Senate there is considerable discussion of the Churchill tentative plan as well as numerous resolutions setting forth the Chamber's attitude on post war conditions. A bitter fight regarding action at this time either by the Senate or by Congress as a whole, is in prospect.

By announcing that he is investigating Japanese use of poison gas as charged by the Chung-King government, the President has repeated his warning that such practice will be followed by retaliation. Our ability to gas Japan will be facilitated once we have established nearby bases in China.

Naval Aeronautics—At the invitation of Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Air Artemus L. Gates, manufacturers of Naval combat aircraft are meeting with representatives of the Bureau of Aeronautics in Buffalo, N. Y., on 26 and 27 March. The purpose of the two-day session is to review the Navy's future requirements for combat aircraft and to determine the most effective procedures to assure fulfilling these requirements in light of the facilities, manpower and materials available in 1943 and 1944. All of the meetings will be private.

Representatives of the following aviation firms were invited: Bell Aircraft, Brewster Aeronautical, Consolidated Aircraft, Curtiss-Wright, Douglas Aircraft, Eastern Aircraft Division, General Motors Corporation, Goodyear Aircraft, Grumman Aircraft Engineering, Glenn L. Martin, Vega Aircraft, Chance-Vought Division, United Aircraft, Vultee Aircraft, and the Naval Aircraft Factory, Philadelphia.

In addition to Mr. Gates, approximately 30 representatives of the Bureau of Aeronautics, led by Rear Adm. John S. McCain, USN, Chief of the Bureau, and Rear Adm. Ernest M. Pace, Jr., USN, Director of Materiel, are meeting with the manufacturing representatives.

Chemical Warfare Service—The following courses are planned for the Chemical Warfare School, Edgewood Arsenal, Md., during the present year:

The Command and Staff Course, running six weeks, is designed for CWS officers on duty with chemical battalions, divisions and higher staffs with the Ground Forces, and with higher tactical units of the Army Air Forces. Officers attending this course should have a sound fundamental knowledge of chemical warfare, as graduates either of the CWS Officer Candidate School or of a basic course at the Chemical Warfare School.

The Refresher Course, of two weeks duration, is designed to give refresher training to CWS officers who are basically trained in chemical warfare, but have not attended a course at the CW School within the past year.

The Service and Supply Course, running six weeks, is designed to give CWS officers basic training in chemical warfare, operation and functions of service companies, training in repair and maintenance of materiel, and intensive training in all phases of chemical warfare supply. CWS officers on duty with service companies such as maintenance, impregnating, depot, laboratory, smoke generator, composite, and decontaminating companies, or as post chemical warfare supply officer, in depots and ports of embarkation or debarkation, will find the course of value.

The Air Chemical Officers' Course, running four weeks, is designed for CWS officers on duty with the Army Air Forces. Specialized training is given in Army Air Forces organization, chemical supply channels, functioning and maintenance of chemical warfare materiel peculiar to the Air Forces, and air chemical operations.

The Noncommissioned Officers' Staff Course, running four weeks, is designed for enlisted men on duty in the chemical sections of division and higher staffs with the Ground Forces, in the Chemical sections of Services of Supply commands, and with higher units of the Air Forces. Enlisted men attending this course should have completed three months at the Replacement Center, or have three months' duty with the unit to which assigned before taking the course.

The Unit Gas Officers' (Ground Forces) Course, the Unit Gas Officers' (Aviation) Course, and the Navy Officers' Course, running four weeks each, are being continued.

The Medical Officers' Course, running four weeks, is designed to give training to medical officers in the fundamentals of chemical warfare, and in the diagnosis and treatment of gas casualties.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery—Although pointing with pride to the "unparalleled record which is being achieved by the Navy's medical department," Assistant Navy Secretary Ralph A. Bard, in an address before the graduating class of the Northwestern University Medical School this week stated: "The manifold challenges still confronting naval medicine and all medicine leave no room for complacency."

"To date," he went on, "malaria has put far more of our men hors de combat in the Southwest Pacific than have the Japs."

"We have a very good idea as to what we can expect in the way of attack by the armed forces of our enemies," he declared. "We must be ready for whatever onslaughts may be aimed at us by the invisible ranks of disease. Already there have been reports of raging typhus in Central Europe—and war has a way of introducing familiar diseases in more dreadful forms. Many of our men in tropic climes are suffering from exotic diseases of which we know little, because we have had little experience with them. The communication of any of these diseases is much more likely in wartime because of the constant and rapid travel between our homeland and the affected areas."

Mr. Bard cited as evidence of the good record of Navy medicine the fact that in 1918 the Navy and Marine Corps had "approximately 10 lobar pneumonia admissions to the sick list for every thousand men. Today the rate is less than two per thousand—based on figures for 1942. Mortality from cerebro-spinal fever has dropped from approximately 40 per one hundred thousand in 1918 to less than one today. Diphtheria deaths per one hundred thousand are down from 10 in 1918 to less than one. Pneumonia deaths are down from one hundred and nineteen in the last war to less than two today."

Declaring that "Malaria is a much more deadly enemy than any foe we may be called upon to face," Rear Adm. Ross T. McIntire, Surgeon General of the Navy, in an address before the Syracuse University College of Medicine 22 March, stated that "It is a rather sad commentary on medicine today that we have no prevention for malaria."

"In this war malaria continues to be our main problem," said Admiral McIntire. "A short time ago, I had the opportunity to visit certain sections of Africa. I saw hundreds of natives in some of the countries in Central Africa who were barely able to get about because they were so infested with various parasites. Now, our men are fighting in Africa; they must continue to live there; if we are to defeat the enemy we must be able to make livable the areas in which they are fighting. Unless we do this

in a better fashion than we are doing it today, our fighting men will have an added handicap when they engage the enemy, and our enemy is too tough to allow these men to have any such handicap fall upon them."

Admiral McIntire praised the record of members of the Medical Department in caring for battle casualties in the recent Solomons Island action. "The routine they established," he said, "became one of reaching the wounded man immediately; giving him his morphine with the half grain syrette which is standard in the Navy, thereby blocking off pain which is devastating to morale; the immediate use of sulfadiazine, which the man himself carries, and which goes a long way to prevent later wound infection; the local application of sulfanilamide powder; and then the necessary first aid measures to care for whatever type of wound he may have received. These doctors and corpsmen have evolved a method of giving blood plasma in the field, if necessary, and all of these together reduce traumatic shock to a minimum. That night, or early the next morning, he is flown from the battle zone, ending that part of the cycle."

A submarine commander's war diary revealed at the Navy Department this week that an emergency appendectomy performed by a hospital corpsman saved the life of a bluejacket serving in his boat as it prowled Pacific waters close to Nippon shores. Principals in the undersea drama were Harry B. Roby, Pharmacist's Mate, 1st Class, USNR, and his patient, William R. Jones, Torpedoman, 1st Class, USN, who was back at his station six days after the operation.

Roby's instruments included spoons from the crew's "mess," which were flattened and used for retractors; a pair of long-nosed pliers taken from the engine room; and the mouthpiece from a Momsen "lung" that was utilized to administer ether. An elastic rubber band was employed to hold open the incision for drainage.

Roby's report described the appendectomy as follows: "Operation started—0015 (12:15 a.m.) 14 Dec. 1942. Operation ended—0147 (1:47 a.m.). Operation performed by—Roby, Harry, PhM, 1c, USNR. Assistant—Buck, Spiva L., MoMM1c, USN. Anesthesia—ether. Anesthetist—J. A. Davis, Lieutenant, USNR. Anesthesia started—2253 (10:53 p.m.) 13 Dec. 1942."

The hospital corpsman then explained each step of the operation:

"Four-inch incision made midway between umbilicus and the crest of the ilium, or innominate bone. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, the appendix was burst and adhesed to intestinal matters. It was void of fluid or fecal matter, but there was a small amount of pus or fluid. Appendix was three to four inches long.

"Upon finding the appendix burst and at the same time adhesed, it seemed more important to lessen shock by cleaning the rupture and the abdominal cavity, institute drainage and close incision immediately.

"Stomach and appendix were washed with pure alcohol, then dry sponges were applied to absorb the fluid. Sulfanilamide powder applied around appendix and, as much as possible, throughout peritoneum. Sulfanilamide powder used on each layer of suturing. No. 2 Chronic used to close peritoneum, then No. 2 Chronic; then No. 00 plain catgut and No. 00 dermal sutures used on skin.

"Drainage was instituted by using an elastic rubber band from the peritoneal cavity to opening of the incision. Supply of ether was exhausted while closing peritoneum."

Roby, who since has been promoted to Chief Pharmacist's Mate, was decorated by Admiral William F. Halsey, Jr., USN, Commander of South Pacific Area and South Pacific Force, for successfully performing the operation which saved his shipmate's life. He was awarded the Navy and Marine Corps Medal.

Army Air Forces—Some American air crews are being trained for night bombing over European targets, according to an announcement by Maj. Gen. Ira C. Eaker. The American raids would supplement the nocturnal work of the RAF, while most raids of the U. S. Air Forces would continue to be made by daylight. When the present heavy Allied bombings open the way for invasion, the USAAF fighters will support land and sea forces and the bombers will be used to destroy enemy arms factories and disrupt transportation lines, according to General Eaker's statement.

New and better bombers, more heavily armed and capable of carrying bigger cargoes of destruction are coming, the commander of United States Air Forces in the European theater said in a statement published in the London *Express*.

Destruction of 100 Japanese aircraft with the loss of only ten American pilots during the last nine months of 1942 has been achieved by a United States Army Air Forces Group in New Guinea, it has been reported to the War Department. The report stated that the Japanese lost 265 personnel in the fifty-nine fighter planes and forty-one bombers destroyed in combat. The United States fighter group lost twenty-six planes in combat, but sixteen of the pilots came through safely. Twelve of the sixteen parachuted to safety. Four made crash landings, two on shore and two in the ocean.

Many wounded American soldiers were transported in United States Army Air Forces planes from Buna to Port Moresby, New Guinea, during the Buna campaign, without the loss of a single patient. Colonel Nuel Pazdral, Assistant Surgeon, Headquarters, Army Air Forces, Southwest Pacific Area, has reported to the Air Surgeon, Brig. Gen. David N. W. Grant. The flight from Buna to Port Moresby requires only 40 minutes. If wounded were evacuated by land from Buna to Port Moresby, the difficult trip would take three weeks. Now only those cases requiring more than two weeks hospitalization are removed from Port Moresby either by air, provided the transport plane's scheduled trip coincides with the need for evacuation, or by hospital ships.

Sgt. Harold F. Jackson, of the Royal Canadian Air Force, is back on "ops" after what may be one of the weirdest low altitude parachute jumps in history. Though he emerged with only a fractured skull, it is not a recommended way to bail out. Sergeant Jackson was flight engineer on a four-engined Halifax bomber which burst into flames at 4,000 feet. One of the crew got clear, but Jackson did not bail out until at 40 feet—just above the tree tops. The parachute streamed up over his head but did not inflate. At the same time he was seen to crash through trees. The partially inflated 'chute caught in the trees enough to break the fall. A few minutes after hitting the ground Jackson got up, rubbed his head and looked at the amazed faces around him. When he was questioned he could neither tell them how he felt, his name or the whys and wherefores of the crash. Jackson had lost his memory. Taken to the hospital, he was found to have a fractured skull. After a sojourn of six weeks in hospital, Jackson feels none the worse for his odd experience and miraculous escape.

Army Generals—The nomination of Lt. Gen. Henry H. Arnold, commanding general, Army Air Forces, to the rank of general, which was confirmed last week end, brings to six the number of full generals now on active duty. Others are General John J.

Pershing, General of the Armies of the United States, General Douglas MacArthur, allied commander in the Southwest Pacific; General Malin Craig, on duty in the War Department; General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, and General Dwight D. Eisenhower, allied commander in North Africa. General Arnold's appointment, the first of that grade to be given to an air officer in the United States Army, has been widely acclaimed by the press and citizenry throughout the country as giving merited recognition to General Arnold in building up the Air Forces and recognition to the importance of the Air Forces in our war effort. It would appear from the War Department's statement that the appointment was made because of the increasing emphasis on air power and also because of General Arnold's membership on the Combined Chiefs of Staffs organization, where rank seems to weigh heavily.

The question arises in the Army as to whether it is the intention to give the rank of general to the other two correlative Army Forces—that is, to Lt. Gen. Lesley J. McNair, commanding general of the Army Ground Forces, and to Lt. Gen. Breton Somervell, commanding general of the Army Service Forces. It had been rumored for some time previously that all three of the Force commanders would be elevated to the higher rank.

Quartermaster Corps—Continuing the expansion of the Army shoe conservation program to make soldiers' shoes last as long as possible, shoe repair shops operated by the Quartermaster Corps in posts, camps and stations throughout the country repaired 594,083 pairs of shoes in December, 1942, against 301,004 in the first month of that year.

During the year 1942, the shoe conservation program of the Army included a total of 5,584,028 pairs repaired for further soldier use by Quartermaster Corps shoe repair installations alone, and an additional 1,031,000 pairs completely rebuilt for the Army in two large shoe rebuilding plants, one operating under contract and the other operated under direction of the Quartermaster Corps. An additional several million pairs were repaired in small commercial repair shops near Army establishments where no Quartermaster shops were available for the work.

Col. Henry B. Barry, QMC, Commanding Officer of the Jersey City Quartermaster Depot, has announced the addition of 11 officers to the permanent personnel of the U. S. Army Quartermaster Contract Renegotiation Office, under the jurisdiction of this Depot. The officers are Maj. Theodore S. Faller, Capt. Cecil F. Adamson, Capt. Harvey H. Crane, Capt. Ernest J. Perry, 1st Lts. John L. Chapman, Charles B. Faircloth, Daniel MacKinnon, Leonard Price, Leo Rosenblum and Julian E. Strausz and 2nd Lts. M. Benjamin Godfrey, all of the Quartermaster Corps.

New assignments for two officers in key positions at the San Antonio Quartermaster Depot have been announced by Col. J. A. Porter, Commanding Officer of the Depot.

Capt. Edward J. Geldermann, QMC, formerly Adjutant at the Depot has been designated Chief of Depot Control Staff. 1st Lt. LeRoy W. Mueller, QMC, previously Assistant Adjutant, has been named Adjutant. Captain Geldermann will be in charge of the newly organized Depot Control Center. He received his commission in the Regular Army in June, 1941, upon graduation from the United States Military Academy, West Point. Lieutenant Mueller has been stationed at the S.A.Q.M.D. since he was commissioned from the ranks on 16 Dec. 1941.

The San Antonio Quartermaster Depot is going to use women guards, as an auxiliary unit to the regular Guard company, to patrol the interiors of the Depot's huge warehouses to prevent fire and sabotage, take over administrative details in the various guardhouses, assist in intra-Depot traffic control and check incoming and outgoing trucks.

About fifty women are expected to be on duty this month, armed with nightsticks, but not with fire-arms. The women guards will be chosen from applications now on file at the Civil Service Board at Ft. Sam Houston. "Not all of the women hired under the new plan will directly release men for military service," according to Col. J. A. Porter, Commanding Officer of the Depot. "Much of the work they will do is already being done by men ineligible for service with the armed forces. By replacing them with women, however, such men may then be shifted to work now being handled by men who may be eligible for military service."

Assignment of three officers to the permanent personnel of Somerville, N. J. Sub-Depot of the Jersey City Quartermaster Depot has been announced by Col. Fred Davis, QMC, Commanding. They are 2nd Lts. Joseph F. Burt, Clayton W. Johnson and Elliott B. Plummer, Jr., QMC.

Japs Try Heavier Rifle—Reports reaching Washington indicate that the Japanese army is making increasing use of a .303 caliber rifle, instead of their old .25 caliber, in some of its combat activities.

Use of the .303 rifle, which was introduced by the Japanese some time ago, apparently on an experimental basis, probably is being confined to special units, such as snipers, or marine brigades, Army officials believe. The .25 caliber rifle is still being generally used by Japanese infantrymen, since a changeover to the heavier arm would mean a revolution of the entire Japanese rifle industry. The .303 rifle is similar to the British Enfield, and has a bolt action like the Springfield. It does not, however, have nearly as much fire power as the M-1 or the carbine.

Finance Department—With establishment of a regional accounting office in Atlanta, Ga., under command of Col. L. E. Gruber, FD, the Finance Department has completed its decentralization of accounting activities from Washington to four field agencies. The other regional offices are at Chicago, New York and Los Angeles. Decentralization of the offices not only takes a number of civilian and military personnel from war-crowded Washington but makes the accounting system of the Army conform to the decentralized auditing activities of the General Accounting Office.

Finance Department activities in Chicago are under direction of Col. Charles Lewis, FD. Under Colonel Lewis is Lt. Col. H. M. Burnett, in charge of the Army's War Bond Office, and Lt. Col. M. J. Hidtloff, in charge of the Chicago accounting office. To this accounting office report all finance officers in continental United States assigned to tactical units, all finance officers in the geographical limits of the 5th, 6th and 7th Service Commands, all finance officers of the Northwest Service Command, the Alaska Defense Command and U. S. Army forces in Canada.

To the New York accounting office, directed by Col. George L. Boyle, FD, report the finance officer, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., the finance officers in the Military District of Washington, all finance officers in the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Service Commands except those assigned to tactical units, all finance officers in the European theatre of operations, all finance officers in the North Africa Service Command, all finance offi-

cers with U. S. Army forces in Central Africa, India, Burma and China, all finance officers at any Atlantic Base Command installation and all finance officers of task forces in the Atlantic area.

To the Atlantic accounting office report all finance officers in the 4th and 8th Service Commands except those assigned to tactical organizations and all finance officers with U. S. Army forces in Central and South America.

To the Los Angeles accounting office, which is headed by Col. J. F. Sears, FD, report all finance officers of the 9th Service Command except those assigned to tactical units, all finance officers in the Hawaiian Department and all finance officers with U. S. Army forces in the South Pacific and Southwest Pacific areas.

Ordnance Department—A conference attended by high-ranking Army officers and ordnance chiefs was conducted in Birmingham, Ala., last week-end by Maj. Gen. Levin H. Campbell, Jr., chief of Army ordnance.

Accompanying General Campbell from Washington for the conference were: Brig. Gen. H. C. Minton, Brig. Gen. H. F. Safford, Brig. Gen. James Kirk, Col. I. A. Duff, Col. H. B. Sheets, Lt. Col. E. P. Russell, all of Washington, and Col. D. N. Hauseman and Col. C. J. Ingersoll of Philadelphia.

Army Service Forces—More than 62,000 work supervisors have received job instructor training since August, 1942, from the Army Service Forces in connection with the program of the A.S.F. to develop an adequate supply of competent supervisors and foremen for its civilian personnel, it was announced by the War Department this week. At the present time approximately 985,000 civilians are employed by the Army Service Forces.

The Job Instructor Program is a 10-hour course of intensive instruction and practice in how to instruct a worker on a new job. This 10-hour program was developed for use in war production plants by Training Within Industry Service of the Bureau of Training, War Manpower Commission. A.S.F. job instruction training courses are under the direction of the Training and Development Section, Civilian Personnel Branch, Industrial Personnel Division, and are conducted wherever civilian workers for the A.S.F. are employed. Within the next three months 15,000 additional supervisors will receive the job instructor training.

U. S. Marine Corps—The First Marine Division, Reinforced, under the command of Maj. Gen. Alexander A. Vandegrift, USMC, has been cited by President Roosevelt for its offensive operations in the Solomons Islands 7 Aug. to 9 Dec. 1942. The citation was presented by Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox to Lt. Gen. Thomas Holcomb, Commandant of the Marine Corps, in a ceremony at the Secretary's office 22 March.

This division spearheaded the successful landing assault on Guadalcanal, Tulagi, Gavutu, Tanambogo and Florida Islands 7 Aug., launched the United States' first land offensive of this war as the Marines drove the Japanese back from the vital Guadalcanal airfield, and in the next several months inflicted severe losses on the enemy.

Reports from London state that for the first time in the records of either service, an officer of the United States Marine Corps recently took the salute and delivered the address at graduation ceremonies of the Royal Marines. In addition—again for the first time—two enlisted men of the United States Marines successfully completed the officer-training program of the Royal Marine Military Schools, and it was announced that on the basis of work done in these schools they had been granted commissions as Second Lieutenants in the United States Marine Corps.

The colorful ceremonies took place at a sea-girt parade ground in southwest England, where Col. William T. Clement, USMC, attached to the staff of Admiral Harold R. Stark, Commander-in-Chief, U. S. Naval Forces in Europe, took the salute. Among troops marching smartly past the reviewing stand were the newly-commisioned Leathernecks, Second Lieutenants Paul Emerson Cramer and Walter D. Pickrell. Distinguished British guests included Admiral of the Fleet Sir Charles Forbes and several Brigadiers of the Royal Marines. Music came from the crack Plymouth band of the Royal Marines, which featured renditions of "The Marine Hymn" and "Anchors Aweigh."

Members of the First Guard Company, Marine Corps Base, San Diego, believe their outfit outstrips any other service unit in the nation in the number of its men who have seen actual combat in the present war. After an informal check, acting 1st Sgt. Thomas Jennings expressed the opinion that at least 85 per cent of the company's personnel have been in combat, and about 40 per cent are entitled to wear the Purple Heart because of wounds received in action. Included among the company's personnel are men who fought on Guadalcanal, Tulagi, the Aleutians and on practically all naval vessels which saw or are now seeing action in the South Pacific.

Army Ground Forces—HEADQUARTERS, AGF—Placement of enlisted men at training centers where their skills can be utilized to the utmost is provided for by Lt. Gen. Lesley J. McNair, commanding general of the Army Ground Forces, in a memorandum issued this week.

In the case of enlisted men assigned to Army Ground Forces replacement training centers where their particular skills are not required, General McNair's memorandum makes provisions under which the prospective trainees will be classified as immediately available for reassignment. This will be done before the men are given a particular type of training at the replacement center to which they are at first assigned.

The memorandum provides for the transferring of such enlisted men to stations or installations where their skills can be put to use.

Promotion of six officers assigned to Headquarters was announced by General McNair this week. Lt. Col. Walter F. Jennings was promoted to the rank of colonel. Captains John A. Hanson, Thomas P. Harkins, William W. Naramore, Robert E. Selwyn and Leo J. Smith were promoted to major.

ARMORED FORCE—The Distinguished Service Cross was presented at Fort Knox, Ky., recently to Mrs. Louise Taylor Harrison whose husband, Capt. William H. Harrison, commander of an Armored Field Artillery battalion, earned it for heroism in the face of advancing enemy tanks in Tunisia. Definite news that Captain Harrison is now a prisoner of the Italians was received one hour before Lt. Gen. Jacob L. Devers, chief of the Armored Forces, made the award.

The 36th Armored Regiment basketball team recently finished their season with 27 wins, to be listed by the *New York Daily News* in fourth place among the nation's service teams.

Pvt. George Zanfes, 46-year-old native of Greece and a veteran of four major World War campaigns, is stationed with an Armored Division at Camp Polk, La.

Col. Charles H. Owens, commanding officer of the 56th Armored Regiment at Camp Campbell, Ky., has left that post to take up a new assignment.

THIRD ARMY—The importance of leadership, both in battle and training, was emphasized to commanders of Third Army troops on maneuvers somewhere in Louisiana by Maj. Gen. Dan I. Sultan, maneuver director.

In a critique of the maneuvers, General Sultan declared "time is too short and the consequences too terrible to permit any unsatisfactory conditions to continue."

"I have never seen more willing soldiers than those participating in these maneuvers," the General stated. "To mention just one case: A platoon had moved about a mile across country over extremely difficult terrain, carrying its heavy weapons. I happened to be present when the platoon commander ran up and gave this order: 'Turn around, men. We've got to go back where we started from.' There was not a grumble, groan or complaint expressed by any individual."

Following a detailed explanation of maneuver operations, General Sultan emphasized in strong terms the necessity for employing correct, tested methods as prescribed by the Army's training doctrines.

Another series of maneuver battles will be preceded by specialized training for the forces commanded by Major Generals R. B. Woodruff and Henry Terrell, Jr.

Signal Corps—Two new appointments at the Central Signal Corps Training Center were announced recently. Lt. Col. Edward E. Cattilini assumed command of the 800th Signal Training Regiment, and Col. Thomas C. Dedell was assigned as inspector of the Central Signal Corps School.

Colonel Cattilini reported to his new command from Ft. Monmouth, N. J., where he had been Post executive officer and director of the administrative division. Colonel Dedell took over a newly created post at the School. As Inspector, he will investigate and inspect all administrative and operative activities of the School and the 800th and 804th Signal Training Regiments. Prior to his new assignment, Colonel Dedell was commanding officer of the 800th Signal Training Regiment.

Seven buildings on the campus of the University of California Agriculture College at Davis, Calif., being used by the Western Signal Corps School have been renamed for the "duration" in honor of former Chief Signal Officers of the United States Army. Appropriate signs are being erected in front of each building. Each sign is being painted blue and gold, the official colors of the University of California, and each bears the name of the building and the crossed flags of the Signal Corps. The names, of course, will apply only while the Western Signal Corps School is located on the college campus. New building names are:

Myer Hall—Administration Building; honoring Brig. Gen. Albert J. Myer, pioneer Army signal expert during and before the Civil War and first Chief Signal Officer; location of WSCS Headquarters.

Hazen Hall—Agricultural Engineering Building; honoring Brig. Gen. William B. Hazen, Chief Signal Officer from 24 Aug. 1880, to 16 Jan. 1887; used by the WSCS wire division.

Allen Hall—Animal Science Building; honoring Brig. Gen. James Allen, Chief Signal Officer from 10 Feb. 1906 to 1913; used by the WSCS radio division.

Saltzman Hall—Horticulture Building; honoring Maj. Gen. Charles McKinley Saltzman, Chief Signal Officer from 1 Jan. 1924 to January, 1928; used by WSCS wire division.

Squier Hall—Chemistry Building; honoring Maj. Gen. George O. Squier, Chief Signal Officer from February 1917, to 31 Dec. 1923; location of War Department Theater.

Scriven Hall—Old gymnasium; honoring Brig. Gen. George P. Scriven, Chief Signal Officer from 1913 to February, 1917.

Greely Hall—Dairy Industry Building; honoring Maj. Gen. Adolphus W. Greely, arctic explorer and Chief Signal Officer from 10 Feb. 1906; to be used by WSCS radio division.

Brig. Gen. Edgar L. Clewell, Commanding General of the Eastern Signal Corps Training Center, officiated at the dedication of the new Camp Edison library and the new Camp Charles Wood recreation center and War Department Theatre recently. Both posts are subposts of Fort Monmouth, N. J., the Eastern Signal Corps Training Center.

Maj. Duncan E. McKinley, Post Special Service Officer, officially opened the new Edison library. He introduced Miss Janet K. Zimmerman, director of the library for the entire Eastern Signal Corps Training Center.

Camp Wood's new recreation center and theater was dedicated as Perkins Hall. It is named after Signal Corps Pvt. James Perkins who died 3 Dec. 1942, while a trainee. Lt. Frank J. Capelli, Post Special Service Officer, read the record of Pvt. Perkins. Chaplain C. H. Dever gave the invocation.

Present at the Edison Library dedication, in addition to General Clewell and Major McKinley, were: Lt. Col. Boyd B. Hill, 1st Signal Training Regiment Commanding Officer; Lt. Col. James R. Philbrook, Commanding Officer of the 2nd Signal Training Regiment; Lt. Col. John S. Weeks, Director of Fort Monmouth Personnel Division; Capt. F. E. Moore, Assistant Post Engineer.

At 24, just-promoted Lt. Col. George E. Pickett, Signal Officer of a division in North Africa, is the Signal Corps' youngest wearer of the silver leaf. Colonel Pickett is also believed to be the youngest lieutenant colonel in the Army Service Forces. Colonel Pickett was graduated from the United States Military Academy in 1939.

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(Continued from Page 841)

On the front our fighters made low-level attacks on enemy vehicles, troops and gun positions.

Between Sicily and Tunisia an enemy convoy was bombed by B-25 bombers. One vessel was left afire. Large numbers of enemy aircraft were encountered, eleven of which were destroyed by P-38's escorting our bombers. From all these operations five of our aircraft are missing.

22 Mar.

On the night of 20-21 Mar. troops of the Eighth Army attacked Mareth Line positions. Fierce fighting ensued. Operations are continuing satisfactorily.

Yesterday, in the Gafsa sector, American forces continued to press on toward Mak-

nassy and southeast of Gafsa, taking over 1,000 prisoners in several successful actions.

To the north, in the Sedjenane area, there was slight enemy activity, and our troops are again in contact. Fighting continues.

Air: Our air forces carried out extensive operations during the night of 20-21 Mar. and yesterday. On the night of 20-21 Mar. our bombers attacked docks at Ferryville. A considerable force of heavy and medium bombers of the Western Desert Air Force attacked objectives in the Mareth and Kettana areas, while bombers of the Tunisia Air Force attacked some enemy airfields.

Yesterday continuous bombing attacks were maintained throughout daylight. Bombers of the Western Desert Air Force continued to attack Mareth Line positions. Escorting fighters destroyed one Messerschmitt.

(Continued on Next Page)

U. S. War Communiques

(Continued from Preceding Page)

100, but there was little air opposition.

Enemy airfields were heavily bombed by heavy, medium and light bombers of the Northwest African Air Force. Large fires were started, and a number of enemy aircraft on the ground were destroyed. One enemy fighter was destroyed while our bombers and fighter escorts on one raid intercepted a formation of Junkers-88s and shot down four of them.

Fighters on patrol over a battle area made low-level attacks on enemy transport, destroying several vehicles.

From all these operations four of our aircraft are missing.

23 Mar.

Eighth Army operations are proceeding satisfactorily and according to plan. The enemy is resisting strongly in the Mareth positions. Heavy fighting continues. Seven hundred prisoners have been captured by mid-day of the twenty-second. A heavy counter-attack yesterday afternoon was repulsed.

In the Gafsa sector our forces east of El Guettar carried out active patrolling. Farther north our troops occupied Maknassy and pushed patrols forward toward the high ground to the east.

In Northern Tunisia there were artillery exchanges and patrol activity at Djebel Abiod.

Air: During the night of 21-22 Mar. enemy concentrations between Mareth and Kettana were bombed and our bombers also attacked an enemy airfield near Sfax.

Yesterday Western Desert Air Force fighters attacked a concentration of enemy tanks and armored cars south of El Hamma. Thirty-two tanks were hit, at least nine of them being destroyed.

Light bombers attacked enemy positions south of Zaraf. The fighter escorts destroyed three enemy fighters. Targets in the same area were attacked by fighter bombers.

The enemy airfield at Mezouna was attacked by formations of medium and light bombers, fires being started among aircraft on the ground. In the course of these raids and offensive patrols by our fighters nine enemy aircraft were destroyed. Many enemy vehicles were hit during low-level attacks by our fighters which were busy throughout the day. Other vehicles were destroyed on the northern front by our fighter bombers.

The docks at Palermo, in Sicily, were heavily bombed, hits being seen on ships and along quays. Six enemy fighters were shot down during this raid.

Between Sicily and Tunisia an enemy convoy was attacked by our bombers. A troopship was hit and left on fire and hits were also seen on a large ship and an escort vessel. In combat with enemy air escorts, eight enemy aircraft were destroyed.

From all these operations seven of our aircraft are missing but one pilot returned safe.

LT. GEN. ANDREWS' HQ., LONDON

18 Mar.

A strong force of Flying Fortresses and Liberators of the United States Army Eighth Air Force heavily attacked the important U-boat yards at Vegesack in Northwest Germany during daylight today.

The weather was clear and many hits were obtained on the large yards, which are principally engaged in the building and repair of submarines.

Heavy opposition from enemy aircraft was encountered and many of them were destroyed and damaged.

Two of our bombers failed to return.

22 Mar.

It is announced that Flying Fortresses and Liberators of the United States Army Eighth Air Force attacked the German naval base at Wilhelmshaven in daylight today. It was the third raid by American heavy bombers on this enemy target.

The bombers were met by numerous enemy fighters on reaching the German coast. They proceeded to their target, destroying a number of enemy aircraft on the way. The bomb-

ing was done in excellent weather and results were good.

Enemy fighter attacks continued on the return flight and encounters were numerous. Three bombers are missing.

LT. GEN. STILWELL'S HQ., CHUNKing

21 Mar.

The Fourteenth Air Force of the United States Army forces in China has concentrated its attacks on enemy transportation and shipping facilities in the vicinity of Laokay, Indo-China, for the past five days.

Spurious strafing attacks on 15 and 19 Mar. by our P-40's caused heavy damage to docks, warehouses, storage dumps and rolling stock. One railway station near Laokay was destroyed and many buildings in the area left burning.

On 20 Mar. our B-25's, with fighter escort, struck the river and railway terminus for important Japanese phosphate mining property seven miles south of Laokay on the River Rouge. In spite of unfavorable weather conditions the entire shipping and receiving area was wiped out by demolition and fragmentation bombs. Twelve direct hits also were scored on the adjacent railroad yards and switching facilities. Following the bombers' attack our P-40's strafed the area, causing additional damage to enemy installations.

No interception was attempted and the enemy's ground fire was light and ineffective. All our planes returned safely to their bases.

10TH U.S.A.F., NEW DELHI

17 Mar.

Bombers and fighters of the Tenth United States Air Force continued their attacks on Japanese installations and supply lines in Burma the last two days.

Despite large caliber anti-aircraft fire, medium bombers attacked Gokteik Viaduct 15 Mar.

Formations of medium bombers attacked the vital Myitnge Bridge near Mandalay 15 and 16 Mar. Heavy bombers attacked the Pazundaung Creek bridge, just north of Rangoon 16 Mar.

In some cases the results were not observed, due to hazy conditions. In others there were near-hits and hits on approaches. Although some enemy planes were seen they did not attack.

On 15 Mar. formations of fighter-bombers attacked the road bridge at Kadronyaung, thirty-two miles south of Sumprabum, scoring four hits. Other fighters strafed an enemy truck column eighteen miles north of Myitnge.

On 16 Mar. fighters again bombed and strafed Japanese positions in the Myitkyina area, destroying huts and starting fires. Trucks were strafed near Taungup and bombs were dropped on Tingpal and Wasat.

From all these missions all of our planes returned safely.

19 Mar.

Medium bombers attacked the railway and highway approaches to Myitnge Bridge at noon on Wednesday. Direct hits were scored both on the track and the road north of the bridge.

The same day Tenth Air Force fighter-bombers attacked a railway bridge about four miles northwest of Myitkyina and scored ten hits on the bridge and tracks.

Other fighter-bombers attacked the road bridge at Kadronyaung in Hukawng Valley in Northern Burma. The bridge and road were both damaged. A concentration of enemy trucks was heavily strafed.

Yesterday our heavy bombers attacked a Pazundaung River bridge six miles north of Rangoon. They hit the center of the bridge squarely as well as damaging railway tracks both north and south of the bridge.

After they left the target area our planes were intercepted by enemy fighters, which continued to attack our formation for an hour. In this engagement one Zero fighter was shot down and a twin-engined fighter was damaged.

Our bombers also attacked the Myitnge Bridge and caused a direct hit on one of the central spans. Damage was caused to the road and tracks both north and south of the bridge.

Also yesterday our fighter-bombers twice

attacked a concentration of enemy troops a few miles northeast of Myitkyina. During this attack our planes bombed, strafed and caused many fires. Between half and three-quarters of the village, which the Japanese had taken over, was destroyed in these two attacks.

From the above raids and engagements all our aircraft and personnel returned safely.

22 Mar.

Continuing their attacks against the Japanese in upper Burma, fighter-bombers of the Tenth United States Air Force bombed Japanese installations in Mogauing, southwest of Myitkyina. All bombs fell in the target area, causing great damage from blast and resulting fires. Some sections of the area were completely destroyed.

Other fighter-bombers on offensive reconnaissance in the Myitkyina area strafed and burned enemy motor vehicles and strafed two river steamers, both of which are believed to have been sunk.

None of our aircraft is missing from the above operations.

MAJ. GEN. BRERETON'S HQ., CAIRO

19 Mar.

Liberator bombers of the Ninth United States Air Force attacked Naples during daylight 18 Mar. and again in the hours of darkness during the night of 18-19 Mar.

The results of both attacks were unobserved, due to a solid cloud cover over the target.

22 Mar.

Liberator bombers of the Ninth United States Air Force attacked Naples harbor during the night of 20-21 Mar. Hits were scored on railway yards and the Vittorio Emanuele Mole. A ship was left burning.

All the raiders returned safely.

Awards and Decorations**Congressional Medal of Honor**

To Col. Demas Thurlow Craw, AC, USA (posthumously) for accompanying the leading wave of assault boats ashore in North Africa, and attempting to locate the French commander with a view to suspending hostilities.

Distinguished Service Cross

To Capt. William H. Harrison, (prisoner of the Italians) for service on the Tunisian battlefield.

To Maj. Stanley R. Larsen, Capt. Cyrus J. Drew, Cpl. Ervin M. Bickwermert, Pfc. Floyd Pearson, Pvt. George R. Johnson and Pvt. Nathan Greese, all Inf., for action in Guadalcanal.

Distinguished Service Medal

To Rear Adm. Robert H. English, USN, (posthumously) for service as Commander, Submarine Pacific Fleet.

To Rear Adm. Loyal A. Davidson, Robert C. Giffen, John L. Hall, Jr., Monroe Kelley, Ernest D. Whorler, and Capts. Robert R. M. Emmet and Jerrold Wright, all USN, for service in the landing operations in

French North Africa last November.

Distinguished Flying Cross

To Lt. Gen. Delos C. Emmons, Commanding General, Hawaiian Department, for participating in aerial flights in furtherance of the development and expansion program of the USAAF.

To Maj. Ira F. Wintermute, USAAF, for actions during raids in the Aleutian Islands area.

To Lt. Allen W. Gardener, Jr., AAC, for "his courageous and fearless service in the Southwest Pacific area". Lt. Gardener is the grandson of the late Col. Cornelius Gardener, USA, and nephew of Col. Frederick A. Gardener, USMC, ret. His father was a lieutenant in the Air Service in the last war.

To Col. Thomas Otis Hardin, AC, for pioneering air transport and combat air support operations in Africa and the Middle East.

To Lt. John A. Pritchard, Jr., and MMic Benjamin A. Bottoms, both USCG, and both missing, for saving the lives of two members of an Army bomber crew forced down on the Greenland Ice Cap.

To Capts. Albert Nowak and Bennie Lombard and T. Sgt. Glenn Beard for flying men and materiel to fighting front bases in Free China.

Navy Cross

To Capt. Charles B. Hunt, USN, for service as Commanding Officer of a supply vessel engaged in transporting troops, supplies and equipment to the American Forces on Guadalcanal.

To Comdr. Frank W. Fenn, Jr., USN, Gold Star in lieu of second Navy Cross, for bringing his submarine from the Philippines without damage and his crew home without loss or injury.

To AMMlc Albert A. Francovich, USN, (posthumously) for refusing to leave his gun post although mortally wounded in a fight between his airplane and Japanese flying boat during the Solomons campaign.

Silver Star

To Maj. Charles A. Ellis, Sgt. Talmadge Miller and Pfc. C. C. Harrington for action at Fedala, French Morocco, 8 Nov. 1942.

To Pfc. Clifton O. Whitley and Pvt. John H. Martinez for action near Casablanca 10

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THE Under Secretary of War, Mr. Robert P. Patterson, was a guest at the luncheon which the Under Secretary of State, Mr. Sumner Welles, gave in honor of the Commander-in-Chief of the Chilean Army, Gen. Oscar Escudero, who has been a visitor in Washington for some time. In the company which met at the Pan-American Room at the Mayflower, Monday, were also Lt. Gen. Stanley D. Embick, Vice Admiral Alfred W. Johnson, Maj. Gen. Blanton Winship, Col. Theodore Babbitt, USA, and the Chilean Ambassador, Señor Don Rodolfo Michels.

Lt. Gen. Joseph T. McNarney, Deputy Chief of Staff; Col. Theodore Babbitt, Liaison Officer of the War Department, and Lt. Col. O'Neill Kane, USA, Aide to General Escudero were decorated at a reception given Tuesday in honor of General Escudero at the Chilean Embassy by the Ambassador and Mme. de Michels. The first two received the "Al Merito," Chile's badge of honor for exceptional service by foreigners in behalf of Chile—established by Bernardo O'Higgins, Chile's one-time patriot. Lt. Col. Kane received the Estrella de Plata. The Chief of Staff and Mrs. Marshall were among the two hundred guests invited.

Mrs. Thomas Holcomb, wife of the Commandant of the Marine Corps, has asked Mrs. Louis McCarthy Little, wife of Gen. Little, USMC-Ret., to pinch-hit for her at the Service Lounge at Union Station, Saturday afternoons, and Mrs. Little has commandeered Mrs. Henry Latrobe Roosevelt, widow of the former Assistant Secretary of the Navy, who before serving in the Cabinet had been in the Marines. Mrs. Little has been serving with Mrs. Mason Gulick, widow of Col. Gulick, USMC, on Sundays but is now doing her bit Saturday, Marine Corps Day at the station.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Allison Burgwin, AUS, announce the birth of a daughter, Allison Burgwin, at the Methodist-Episcopal Hospital of Brooklyn, N. Y., 11 March 1943. Mrs. Burgwin, nee Jo Ellen Stevens, is the daughter of Colonel and Mrs. James A. Stevens, USA, and granddaughter of Mrs. H. L. Bailey, widow of the late Lieutenant Colonel Harry Lee Bailey, USA-Ret. Lieutenant Burgwin is the son of Mrs. Marion Allison Burgwin, a grandson of Mrs. Ralph W. Allison, both of 507 Roslyn Place, Pittsburgh, Pa.

There was a luncheon the other day in compliment to Mrs. Eugene L. Eubank, wife of Brig. Gen. Eubank, the combined hostesses being Mrs. K. H. Gibson, wife of Col. Gibson, and Mrs. B. I. Funk, wife of Lt. Col. Funk, and all the guests members of the company whose husbands served with the Army Air Forces with General Eubank in March Field, Calif., in the heavy bombardment group. There were Mrs. Kenneth Kreps, wife of Lt. Col. Kreps, Mrs. E. D. Reynolds, wife of Lt. Col. Reynolds, Mrs. Samuel Maddox, wife of Lt. Col. Maddox, Mrs. Michael Coffield,

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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS



MRS. WALTER O'NEIL KREBS
who before her recent marriage to
Lt. Krebs, USAAF, was Miss An-
toinette de B. Bruck, daughter of
Lt. Col. and Mrs. Harold de B.
Bruck, USA-Ret., of San Antonio,
Tex.

wife of Lt. Col. Coffield, and Mrs. George Fix. All are making their homes in Washington except Col. and Mrs. Gibson and Col. and Mrs. Funk who are residing in near-by Falls Church, Va.

Col. and Mrs. C. P. Bixel entertained at dinner Saturday evening last at their home in Clarendon, Va., in the company being Mrs. Charles B. Hazeltine, whose husband, Col. Hazeltine is away on duty; Lt. Col. and Mrs. E. H. J. Carns, and Maj. and Mrs. Charles B. Hazeltine, Jr. Lt. Col. and Mrs. Carns live in North Arlington, Va., and have with them as guests this week, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Joseph Haskell who have come from Garrison on Hudson and are located in an apartment in Washington.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. James H. Douglas have taken the house of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Raymond E. Lee, at 1433 30th street, Georgetown, while Gen. Lee is away on duty elsewhere. Mrs. Douglas is at present in Florida.

Mrs. Jonathan M. Wainwright, wife of Lt. Gen. Wainwright, is visiting Gen. and Mrs. John Greely at their home in Springfield Lane, Washington. Mrs. Greely was hostess at a luncheon the other day, asking friends to meet and to renew old acquaintance with Mrs. Wainwright, at the Army-Navy Club.

Capt. James L. Holloway, USN, and Mrs. Holloway have visiting them in Washington, Capt. Ernest Small, USN, and Mrs. Small, who were joined over the week-end by their son, Roger Small, a student at Yale. Capt. Small has just returned from an out-of-the-country detail, and Mrs. Small has been making her home at New Haven, near her son.

Col. Raymond Marsh who has been in command of the Augusta, Ga. arsenal, has come to Washington, assigned to the War Department, and he and Mrs. Marsh have taken an apartment at 2220 Twentieth St., and have with them their son, Raymond Jr., who has been a pupil at the Citadel. Their daughter, Mrs. John W. Merrill, is in Oregon, her husband, Lt. Col. Merrill being stationed there.

Mrs. William Carvel Hall has come on from San Diego, Calif., and is with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Alfred P. H. Tawresey, and Capt. Tawresey, USN, at their home in Arlington. Mrs. Hall is the wife of Col. Hall, USMC. Mrs. Tawresey's niece, Mrs. Richard Putt, wife of Lt. Putt, USMC, is also staying with them.

Mrs. Smith-Hutton, wife of Comdr. Smith-Hutton who was a naval attaché in

(Continued on Next Page)

Weddings and Engagements

AT a simple wedding in the Chapel of Grace Cathedral, San Francisco, on 4 March Miss Evelyn Green Fray became the bride of Lt. Lloyd Eugene Terry, AUS, with the Very Rev. Thomas H. Wright officiating. Canon John Crane, also of the Cathedral, gave the bride's hand in marriage, in the absence of her father, Col. John Fray.

The bridal gown was of white slipper satin, the panels embroidered in rice pearls and the square neck fashioned with old lace. From a satin cap cascaded the tulle veil and she carried a round bouquet of gardenias with a single white and magenta orchid in the center.

The bride was unattended but Lt. Charles Dietsch stood with the bridegroom as best man. Afterwards a reception was held at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Wright where Miss Fray had been visiting.

Following a brief honeymoon the couple will make their home at San Luis Obispo where Lieutenant Terry is stationed.

The bride is the eldest daughter of Col. and Mrs. John Miller Fray, FA, of Lexington, Va., and the bridegroom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Warren Terry, of Quincy, Ill.

Miss Lois Helen Christensen, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Frank P. Christensen, was married 8 March to Lt. Harry W. Roberts, U. S. Army Air Corps, at the Post Chapel, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. The marriage was performed by Chaplain Jesse S. Pearce, USA. Attendants were Lt. and Mrs. Robert B. Wade of Fitchburg, Mass.

Both bride and bridegroom have many friends throughout the service, especially at Governor's Island and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.; Presidio of San Francisco, Calif. and the Hawaiian Islands, where they have lived with their parents in recent years.

The bride's father, Maj. Frank P. Christensen, is now serving with the Adjutant General's Department at the Headquarters of the New York Port of Embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y. The bridegroom's father, Brigadier General Roberts is serving with American Forces in North Africa.

Col. and Mrs. Edwin Joseph McAllister, Jr., of Camp Cooke and Santa Barbara, Calif., announce the marriage of their eldest daughter, Mary Jean, to Lt. Alfred Theofield Moré, Jr., USMCR, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred T. Moré of Springfield, Mo.

The double ring ceremony was performed Saturday, 6 March, by the Rev. J. R. Jersild of Los Angeles at the home of Dr. and Mrs. William E. Linton. Only immediate relatives were present. The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore an ensemble of pale aqua crepe with matching flower hat and veil and dark brown accessories. Her only ornament was pair of gold Marine Corps wings. She wore a white orchid corsage.

The bride was educated at the Friend's Select School in Philadelphia before coming to California. She attended Santa Barbara Business College for a year before becoming a student at Santa Barbara College. Before her marriage she was studying Pre-Flight Ground School at the College. Lieutenant Moré studied Engineering at Drury College in Springfield, Mo., where he was a Sigma Nu, before entering Naval Aviation School.

Following their marriage, which was held earlier than planned due to the bridegroom's sudden orders, Lieutenant and Mrs. Moré left immediately for San Diego, Calif. Lieutenant Moré is stationed at the Marine Corps Air Station at El Toro, Calif.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl A. Hagnauer of Ft. Smith, Ark., announce the engagement of their daughter, Catherine, to Capt. William E. Shedd, III, son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. William E. Shedd. The wedding will be an event of late Spring.

Col. and Mrs. B. Conn Anderson, Ft. Bragg, N. C., announce the marriage of

their daughter, Sara Elizabeth, to Mr. Hayden Carruth of Pleasantville, N. Y. The wedding took place at Chapel Hill, N. C., 14 March 1943 on which day both bride and bridegroom were graduated from the University of North Carolina.

Ens. Elizabeth (Lisette) Catherine Riggs, of the Spars, was married Saturday, 20 March, to Ens. Jeter Allen Isely, USNR, in the Chapel of the Navy Recruiting station at Anacostia, Chaplain Hannan, USN, performing the ceremony. A reception followed at the Sulgrave Club in Washington.

The bride's father, Mr. Thomas Riggs of Washington, gave her hand in marriage. She was attended by her cousin, Mrs. Harry Lorin Binse of Glen Cove, L. I. Miss Dorothy Isely, Mrs. Robert Metters, Miss Kitty du Bois and Miss Nancy Ordway, with WAVES-Ensigns Nancy Woodward and Ellen Miner, all of Washington.

Lt. d'Anson Isely, USA, was his brother's best man and ushers were Professor Stanley Grey and Professor George Connelly both of the Naval Academy; Ens. Philip Crowe, USNR, Capt. Rene Du Champ Bellinger, USA, Capt. Norbert Lester and Lt. Irving Van Zandt of Princeton.

In St. Bede's Chapel of Rosemary Hall, Greenwich, Conn., Miss Barbara Clapp, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Adams Clapp, Jr., of "Lazy Acres," Fairfield, Conn., became the bride of Mr. James Wilson Riley, Jr., son of Col. and Mrs. Riley of Bellehaven, Conn., the ceremony taking place Saturday, 20 March, the Rev. George D. Langdon, Head Master of Salisbury School, formerly Episcopal Chapel of Pomfret School, officiating.

The Chantry of St. Thomas Church in New York was the scene of the marriage of Miss Courtney Janeway, daughter of Capt. Theodore W. Janeway, USA, and the late Mrs. Clare Van Cleef Janeway, and Lt. Joseph John Sibley, USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph T. Sibley, Jr., of New York.

Given in marriage by her father, the bride wore a period gown of ivory satin with yoke of net outlined by a ruffle of rosepoint lace, and her veil of rose point lace and tulle fastened to a coronet of lace and orange blossoms, fell the length of her long train. White lilacs and freesia formed her bouquet. Miss Cornelia Janeway was her sister's maid of honor, leading a bevy of attendants.

The best man was Bradford Jay Sibley and ushers included Lieutenants Robert Hoopes, Gerald Cameron, Alvin E. Kirkstein, and Keith Philips, all of the Naval Reserve. A graduate of Yale, Lieutenant Sibley is a member of the New York Yale Club.

In Old Christ Church, Alexandria, where Washington was a vestryman, Lt. Col. Robert Duane Burhans, USA, married Miss Janet Roy Nunnally, daughter of Mrs. William J. Nunnally, and the late Mr. Nunnally, last Saturday, 20 March. The bride, given in marriage by Capt. Theodore E. Chandler, USN, wore ivory satin with finger-tip veil, held to her hair by a cluster of white camellias, and she carried the same kind of flowers.

Miss Elizabeth Montague Nunnally acted as her sister's maid of honor, and the bridegroom had as his best man his brother, Mr. James Brody Burhans of Boston. Lt. Col. John G. McQueen, Cal-

(Continued on Next Page)

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Posts and Stations

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

22 Mar. 1943

Mrs. John B. Kaufman, wife of Capt. Kaufman, (MC), USN, is visiting her son and daughter-in-law Lt. and Mrs. W. K. Kaufman at their home on Prince George St. Capt. and Mrs. Kaufman have recently returned from Honolulu.

Capt. W. E. Hall, USN, is the guest of Comdr. and Mrs. Earl Morrissey. Captain Hall's daughter, Mrs. Thomas Stone arrived last week and is staying with Mr. Stone's parents, Comdr. and Mrs. Raymond Stone.

Lt. J. Trenholm Hopkins, USA, is spending ten days' leave with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Walton H. Hopkins.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Donald Thomas, who have been in Boston, returned last week to their home at Dreams Landing. Their daughter, Ethel, has been staying with her grandmother, Mrs. Douglas L. Howard, during their absence.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. David K. Claude and their young son, David, were the week-end guests of Col. Claude's mother, Mrs. Gordon H. Claude.

Mrs. Duncan Walton, widow of Comdr. Walton, has been visiting Mrs. Wilton McCarthy at Carvel Hall.

Miss Margaret Bowman, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Mark Bowman, spent the week-end as the guest of Mrs. Tench Tilghman.

Mrs. Frank A. Munroe, Jr., wife of Lt. Comdr. Munroe has returned to her home on Franklin St. after visiting her parents in Saybrook, Conn.

Mrs. John R. Beardall, wife of Admiral Beardall, entertained last week in honor of Miss Felicia Johnson, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Felix Johnson, whose engagement to Lt. Marc Dupre, has been announced.

FT. SAM HOUSTON, TEX.

18 March 1943

Another Army-Civilian Luncheon Club meeting has been celebrated this past week and was the Army's day for having charge. Mrs. Walter Krueger, Army president, very graciously introduced the speaker, Chaplain John Axton, whose subject was "The Trend of Civilization." Mrs. McKee Caton was chairman of the Music committee, and a most delightful program was rendered by three of the enlisted personnel of our garrison. Two hundred guests were seated at the pretty tables, each with a vase of bluebonnets, Texas State flower. The Right Rev. W. T. Capers, Episcopal bishop, gave the Invocation, and at the close, Mrs. Krueger, wife of Lt. Gen. Walter Krueger, read the "Prayer of Peace and Victory." During the luncheon, Mrs. Courtney Hodges, wife of the new commander of the Third Army, Mrs. Harry Twaddle, wife of the 95th Division Commander and Mrs. Ephriam Peyton, wife of Brig. Gen. Peyton, a Chief of Staff of the Third Army, and a former member of this Army-Civilian Club, a few years ago, were introduced by Mrs. P. J. McNeil.

Col. and Madame Onofre Mones de Lima, of Brazil, have arrived at Ft. Sam Houston, where he will act as an official observer with the 95th Div.

Mrs. C. M. McKinney was a hostess the past week for luncheon in the Peraux Room of the St. Anthony Hotel, when her guests were Mesdames T. H. Slavens, Frederick Klamp of Hollywood, Cal.; Neill Bailey, J. E. Adams, C. P. George, and Loren Benton.

Miss Grace-Mary Cowie, daughter of our well known Club Hostess, has returned from a few months in California.

The many friends of Lt. Col. and Mrs. William A. Harris are congratulating them upon the arrival of a daughter. Mrs. Harris has been the guest for several months of her mother, Mrs. E. DeLand Smith, while Col. Harris has been in camp.

Col. Robert H. Duenner, post surgeon, and members of his staff, arranged a series of very instructive meetings, held in Post Theatre No. 1, for an hour each morning, of 8, 9, 10 and 11 March, when all the wives and families of military personnel stationed at Fort Sam Houston, were invited. The purpose of these talks was to discuss the matter of better food and nutrition. At the first lecture, Col. C. K. Nulson, Post commander, welcomed everyone. The officers lecturing were: Col. D. S. Robertson, and Capt. Arthur P. Ringrose. Movie films were used also.

Mrs. M. Northfield was hostess to sixteen friends for a delightful bridge-luncheon on Tuesday afternoon, in her home, which was charming in its springlike decoration, vases of white gladioli and yellow jonquils.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.

18 March 1943

Officers of the Eleventh Naval District Coast Guard, headed by Capt. W. F. Towle, commanding officer, honored Mrs. Ruth Bryan Rohde, former minister to Denmark, at a luncheon yesterday in the Lafayette Hotel.

Mrs. Rohde's brother, William Jennings Bryan, Jr., accompanied her. He is collector of customs for Long Beach and Los Angeles Harbors, and is a Lt. Comdr. in the Coast

Guard Reserves. Others present at the luncheon were Comdr. and Mrs. Henry Betzner, Comdr. and Mrs. C. W. Thomas, Mrs. James K. Lytle of Los Angeles and Lt. Comdr. M. L. Hanks. Comdr. Betzner is personnel officer for the Coast Guard and Comdr. Thomas is Capt. Towle's chief of staff.

Numerous informal courtesies are being extended these days to Mrs. Carlos Bailey, wife of Capt. Bailey, USN, who has resided for several years in Long Beach and has been president of the local Naval Aid Auxiliary since it opened. She is to leave by train Monday for Cambridge, Mass., for a visit of several weeks with her son-in-law and daughter, Lt. and Mrs. Frederic A. Hooper, whom she has not seen since their marriage more than a year ago in the east.

The family, consisting of Miss Ruth Bailey, who graduated in January from Santa Barbara State College, Tom and David are to leave next Thursday for San Francisco to join Capt. Bailey and establish a home there instead of in Long Beach.

Mrs. Frank Haigler, wife of Capt. Haigler, USN-Medical Corps will serve as acting president of the Naval Aid Auxiliary until the June election. She has been vice president of this organization, which maintains a sewing room in the down-town section and has many busy workers.

Mrs. William Aird, wife of Col. Aird, commanding officer of the Port of Embarkation, and Mrs. Dreyfous, wife of Capt. Dreyfous, entertained today at the Aird home in Bixby Knolls at an informal luncheon for members of the newly formed Port of Embarkation Auxiliary.

NORFOLK, VA.

25 March 1943

Mrs. William Thomas Old, Jr., who with Ensign Old, USNR, has recently arrived to reside in Norfolk, was guest of honor on Wednesday at a beautifully appointed luncheon given in the Officers Club, Naval Base, by Mrs. Lucien J. Ker. Covers were laid for eighteen and the guests, in addition to the guest of honor, were: Mrs. Robert B. Baldwin, Jr., Mrs. John D. Corbell, Mrs. Wilson Harris, Mrs. Norman G. Poerstel, Mrs. Alexander Hargrove, Jr., Mrs. William Homan, Mrs. T. Cornell Berry, Mrs. Clement Kester, Mrs. James Douglas Funley 2nd, Mrs. Melville C. Stockwell, Mrs. W. Thomas Old, Jr., Miss Virginia Ackiss and Miss Margarette Hanes Old.

A group of officers on duty at the Naval Operating Base entertained Tuesday afternoon at a cocktail party in the Officers Club, in honor of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Leslie E. Riggins who will leave Norfolk in the near future for duty elsewhere. Hours for calling were from 5 to 7 o'clock and the guests numbered 75.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Hollowell were hosts at a dinner Saturday night at the Norfolk Yacht and Country Club. Covers were laid for six and the guests were Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Henry H. Drewry, Mrs. E. W. Parish and Lt. Comdr. Lyle Gage.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wood were hosts on Sunday night at a buffet supper given at their home on Wells Parkway. Their guests included Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Jay Anderson, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Porter, Lt. and Mrs. James Gerberding, Miss Betty Wyatt and Lt. Ralph Hopkins, Lt. George Maxwell and Lt. John Gerber.

A group of officers at the Naval Operating Base were hosts on Friday evening at a cocktail party and buffet given in the Officers Club at the Base, in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Charles J. Gass. The party was in celebration of the promotion of Capt. Gass. The guests numbered 80.

Miss Isobel Margaret Elliott, whose marriage to Ensign Charles Arthur Taylor, Jr., USN, was an interesting event of last Saturday was honored at a number of enjoyable pre-nuptial parties. Miss Jean Outland was hostess on Wednesday night at her home on Hardy Avenue at a crystal shower honoring the bride-to-be, when the guests numbered twenty; Mrs. Franklin Pierce Whitehurst, Jr. and Miss Jean Williams were joint hostesses on Tuesday night at a linen shower for Miss Elliott when the guests numbered fifteen, and on Friday evening both Miss Elliott and her fiance were honor guests at a party given by Mr. and Mrs. James R. Elliott, parents of the bride at their home on 31st street. This party followed the rehearsal for the wedding and the guests included the members of the wedding party and out-of-town wedding guests.

Sault Ste. Marie Military Area

Maj. Gen. Samuel T. Lawton has been named to command the "Sault Ste. Marie military area" set up by the proclamation of Lt. Gen. Ben Lear, in command of central defense headquarters. General Lawton, stationed at Fort Brady, Mich., will, it is understood, put the area on the same basis as the Panama Canal military zone.

Society

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Tokyo before coming to Washington on duty in the War Department, was in Annapolis last week and spoke at the Naval Academy Women's Club in Carvel Hall, telling of her experiences being held in Tokyo for a time after the attack on Pearl Harbor. They returned to the States on the exchange ship, The Gripsholm.

The Annapolis Yacht Club will give an Oyster Roast tomorrow night. Last Saturday a game party and dance was held as a part of the month's program.

Mrs. Emory E. Hackman, wife of Lt. Col. Hackman, has returned from a visit to Mexico City, and is staying in Washington with her mother, Mrs. Martha Macatee, 3825 Legation street northwest. Colonel Hackman, with whom she visited her sister-in-law, Mrs. D. Morgan Hackman, has returned to duty in a foreign station.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Preceding Page)

gary Highlanders, Royal Canadian Army; Lt. Col. Orval J. Baldwin, USA, Capt. Harry Cruver, Army Air Forces; and Capt. Robert Lefevre, USA, were the ushers.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Champlin of Hartford, Conn., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Jean A. Champlin, a lieutenant in the Army Nurse Corps, to Capt. Halsey S. Downer, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Halsey Downer of Garden City, L. I.

The bride-elect graduated from Cornell, and the New York Hospital of Nursing. She is on duty at Ft. Devens, Mass., and Captain Downer who attended the Gunner School in Washington and is a former member of Squadron A, is now stationed with the 101st Cavalry.

The engagement is announced of Lt. John E. Lambie, Jr., USNR, and Miss Elizabeth Burnham Litchfield, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Electus D. Litchfield of New York and Edgartown, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. The marriage is planned for 3 April.

Lt. Earl LaForge Scofield, Jr., USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Scofield of El Segundo, Los Angeles, Calif., and Miss Elizabeth Hyatt Gore, daughter of Mrs. Clarence Stillwell Gore of Baltimore, will be married 3 April in the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Redeemer. Miss Frances Gore will be the maid of honor and Lt. Lee J. Koba, USA, the best man. The ushers will include Lieutenants Edward Mohler, Harry Martins, David Cawthorne and Philip Fox, all of the Army.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. John Dennis McMaster of New York and Washington have announced the engagement of their daughter, Joan, to Ensign George Boomer, USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Boomer of New York. The bride-elect is a junior at Vassar College.

Ensign Boomer was graduated from Yale and before entering the aviation branch of the Naval Reserve was with

Pan American Airways in Africa. The wedding is to be this Spring.

Dr. and Mrs. G. O. Brock of Washington announce the engagement of their daughter, Martha Jane, to Ensign Charles G. Lansdale, USNR, son of Mrs. Elizabeth A. Lansdale and the late Arthur L. Lansdale of Washington. The bridegroom is stationed at Cape May, N. J.

The wedding will take place on 22 May.

Workers See and Hear Army Life

One of the features of the recent three-day program sponsored at Camp Atterbury, Ind., by the War Department and the United Automobile Workers (CIO) to give labor leaders a better conception of Army life was a talk by Maj. Gen. Jonathan W. Anderson, commander of an Army task force which occupied Casablanca in the initial invasion stages last November.

Two hundred and forty-eight leg-weary and mud caked labor leaders, who had just completed their first twenty-four hour visit with the Camp Atterbury soldiers, heard General Anderson describe the North African invasion as a "peculiar" operation, since American troops had to conquer the French forces to "convince them of our friendship."

The labor visitors participated in training exercises and maneuvers, and helped establish a beachhead under simulated gunfire.

Most of the war workers, after a tough round of Army routine with the 83d Infantry Division awoke the next morning feeling as if they had been tied to their bunks.

They fired the weapons they make for the Army, from rifles and tommy guns to giant howitzers. They marched for miles to watch, and if young enough and still able bodily, to attempt the camp's roughest routine—the training of Rangers. This consisted of hand-to-hand and bayonet fighting and negotiation of 1,000-yard courses made up of almost unsurmountable obstacles.

Officers of the 83d Division and War Department representatives from Washington showed enthusiasm over the experiment, many of them voicing hope that similar visits may be arranged for other labor groups in various sections of the country to work similar "miracles" for Army-labor relations.

New Army Transport Launched

The largest ship ever to be built by the Federal Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company was launched at Kearny, N. J., 21 March. It is the trooper General John Pope, and was sponsored by Mrs. Charles L. Gross, wife of Maj. Gen. Gross, chief of the army's Transportation Corps.

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The Locators

(Army)—Address: The Locators, P. O. Box 537, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

ONCE again the Locators are called upon to part with outstanding members. Bird Peck, wife of Col. Clarence Peck, our Vice-Director, is leaving us suddenly. Also Elizabeth Palmer, wife of Col. Glenn H. Palmer, our Publicity Chairman, departs. To say nothing of Maggie Speidel, wife of Lt. Col. Wm. Speidel, our erstwhile Liaison Officer.

We announce also the closing of our "Listening Post," a secondary endeavor which dealt with short-wave prisoner messages. Inasmuch as there seemed to

be duplication of effort as well as a new War Department order to the effect that those taken prisoner are no longer to send messages over enemy broadcasting facilities.

The Locators are seeking the addresses of the following service wives:

Allee, Mrs. Bill, wife of Lt.; Andrews, Mrs. Frank M., wife of Lt. Gen.; Ayres, Mrs. Donald H. (Mae), wife of Donald H.; Barnes, Mrs. George T. (Libby), wife of Geo. T.; Barnes, Mrs. Louis D., wife of Major, M. C.; Berdine, Mrs. Chas. V., wife of Lt. A. C.; Bremel, Mrs. Clifford (Elsie), wife of Gen.; Bowen, Mrs. Frank S. (Bill), wife of Col. Inf.; Clarke, Mrs. Logan, wife of Maj. or Lt. Col.; Conner, Mrs. Ray B. (Rule), wife of Ray B.; Cooley, Mrs. R. W. (Baylis?), wife of Maj.; Custis, Mrs. C. W., wife of C. W.; Debber, Mrs. Babs, wife of Lt. Col. or Col.;

Dunn, Mrs. John A., wife of Lt. Col.; Eakin, Mrs. Jenkins, wife of Capt.; Engler, Mrs. J. E. (Jessie), wife of Maj. or Lt. Col., Q. M. C.

Ferrelle, Mrs. Chas. Harvey, wife of Lt.; Field, Mrs. Fred P. (Ruth), wife of Lt.; Fisher, Mrs. Samuel (Joyce), wife of Col.; Gillette, Mrs. A. Ward, wife of Col., Inf.; Goldman, Mrs. Stan, wife of Lt.; Gullickson, Mrs. H. L., wife of Maj., D. C.; Hall, Mrs. Fred B., Jr. (Rusty), wife of Maj. C. E. (Class of '35); Harnett, Mrs. John S., wife of Capt.; Henley, Mrs. Donald, wife of Lt. Col.; Herman, Mrs. R. C. (Jewell), wife of Lt. M. C.; Hill, Mrs. Verne C., wife of Col. DVM; Holcomb, Mrs. G. L. (Jessie), wife of Col. A. C.; Hubert, Mrs. M. P., wife of Lt. Bombardier; Hunt, Mrs. Jesse Beeson (Mary), wife of Col. F. A.; Johnson, Mrs. Chas. S. (Kate), wife of Lt. Col., Inf.; Jones, Mrs. Lloyd E. or C., wife of Lloyd, F. A.; Kasper, Mrs. R. J., wife of Lt. Col. C. E.; Latta, Mrs. Wm., wife of Maj. S. C.; Leonard, Mrs. Jos. S., wife of Gen., Inf.; Lewis, Mrs. W. L. or B. C.

MacCormack, Mrs. James (Ellinor), wife of Lt. Col. C. E.; Maddox, Mrs. Ray P. (Helen), wife of Lt. Col., Cav.; Margeson, Mrs. Henry B., wife of Lt. Col., Inf.; McGeehan, Mrs. Charles W., wife of Major, C. A. C.; Means, Mrs. Wm. Bradford (Kay), wife of Lt. Col.; Melville, Mrs. Phillip M. (Bess), wife of Col.; Meloy, Mrs. Vincent, wife of Col. A. C.; Neider, Mrs. Don (Ruth), wife of Capt., Inf. or S. C.; Nichols, Mrs. J. F., wife of Col. A. C.; Osborne, Mrs. Wm., wife of Wm., Capt.; Ostrander, Mrs. Forrest (Ann); Page, Mrs. D. J. (Alma), wife of Col. F. A.; Parker, Mrs. Hugh A., wife of Col. A. C.; Peterson, Mrs. J. K., wife of Lt. C. E.; Peterson, Mrs. R. T. (Virginia), wife of Capt. A. A. F.; Platt, Mrs. John (Vivian), wife of Col. S. C.; Poindexter, Mrs. Wm. O. (Thelma), wife of Col., Inf.; Powell, Mrs. James (Martha), wife of Brig. Gen., A. C.

Ramsey, Mrs. Eric, wife of Maj., Inf.; Riegelman, Mrs. R. H. (Glenda), wife of Capt. M. C.; Robbinette, Mrs. Paul, wife of Brig. Gen.; Russell, Mrs. Edwin A., wife of Lt. Col., Cav.; Ruth, Mrs. Harold Stewart (Ruth), wife of Major, Inf.; Sanderson, Mrs. John M. (Margaret), wife of Col. F. A.; Smith, Mrs. Fay (Catherine), wife of Col. Inf.; Smith, Mrs. Thomas, wife of Col. D. C.; Snee, Mrs. James W., wife of Lt. Col., Cav.; Stonecliffe, Mrs. David W. (Dorothy B.), wife of Lt.; Sullivan, Mrs. H. R. (Jane), wife of Maj. A. C.; Thomson, Mrs. Burton C., wife of Capt. V. C.; Trahan, Mrs. Eugene (Georgia), wife of Capt.; Trumbull, Mrs. Ray (Margaret), wife of Capt. D. C.; Von Kessler, Mrs. Nelson, wife of Col. M. C.; Walters, Mrs. Eugene (Mary), wife of Major, C. A. C.; Waskow, Mrs. Steve (Peggy Bishop), wife of Steve, A. C.; Wessels, Mrs. T. F. (Milly), wife of Col., Inf.; Whayne, Mrs. Tom French (Lutenia P.), wife of Capt.; Weaver, Mrs. Walter R., wife of Maj. Gen.; Wilson, Mrs. J. N. (Carolyn), wife of Lt. Col. F. A.; Young, Mrs. George E. (Mary), wife of Capt. C. A. C.

Tuttle, Mrs. R. H., wife Comdr., '22; Warner, Mrs. Arthur W., wife Lt. (Jg.), '42; Wheyland, Mrs. Morgan, wife Comdr., USNR, '20; Whitehead, Mrs. R. F., wife Capt.; Zondorak, Mrs. Charles J., wife Lt. C.; Hudson, Mrs. Allan MacMillen, wife Ens., '43.

20th Armored Division

Activities of the 20th Armored Division under the command of Brig. Gen. Stephen G. Henry at Camp Campbell marked the end of the first year of this camp—one of the largest posts in the nation.

OBITUARIES

Capt. Walter W. Webster, USN, who was killed in an airplane crash near Chester, Pa., 16 Mar. 1943, was buried with full military honors in Arlington National Cemetery 20 Mar. 1943.

The military escort was under the command of Capt. Michael H. Kernodle, USN. Services at the grave were conducted by Capt. Robert D. Workman, USN, Chief of Chaplains.

Honorary pall bearers for Captain Webster were the following officers of the Regular Navy: Rear Adm. Sydney M. Kraus and Ernest M. Pace; Capt. Donald Royce, Paul E. Pihl, Delmar S. Fahrney, James C. Byrnes and P. F. Foster, and Comdr. Ralph S. Barnaby.

Captain Webster, a native of Fargo, N. D., graduated from the Naval Academy in 1911. He had had wide experience in naval aircraft design and construction, and at the time of his death, was the Manager of the Naval Aircraft Factory, Philadelphia, Pa.

Lt. Comdr. Thomas J. Knox, (ChC), USN, assistant to the Chief of Chaplains of the United States Navy, died Sunday morning, 21 Mar. 1943, at Naval Hospital, Bethesda, Md., after an extended illness.

The funeral was held in Savannah, Ga., home of Mary Hansen Schmitt, the mother, who resides at 115 East Duffy St. Capt. R. D. Workman, ChC, USN, Chief of Chaplains, accompanied the body to the home in Savannah.

Father Knox, who was ordained a Roman Catholic priest by the Bishop of Savannah in 1925, entered the U. S. Navy as a Chaplain in 1932. His first duty was at the Marine Barracks at Quantico, Va. Subsequently he served aboard the battleships New Mexico and Wyoming, in the Philippine Islands, at the Norfolk Naval Training Station, at the Washington Navy Yard, and as assistant to the Chief of Chaplains for the last year. He played an important part in establishing the school for Navy Chaplains, now at Williamsburg, Va., and was one of the original instructors.

Chaplain Knox was born 6 Dec. 1899, in Savannah, Ga. He received his education at Saint Patrick's School and Benedictine High School, in Savannah, St. Charles College in Baltimore, and St. Bernard's Seminary in Rochester, N. Y. He was assistant pastor of the Cathedral of St. John in Savannah from 1925 until he entered the Navy in 1932.

During his years in the Navy, Chaplain Knox won for himself many warm friends, and his death comes as a deep loss to the Chaplains' Corps and to the Navy in general.

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invite requests for catalogues and information. In writing, kindly mention The Journal.

As the files of the Searchlight increase, similar names are giving our volunteer staff some long searches before they can be filed in proper alphabetical order. This difficulty can be overcome with the assistance of the wives who are sending us their addresses, if they will write out full names, both first and second, preceding the surname. Before the files grew to the present proportions our staff could often identify by consulting existing directories, particularly if husband's rank was known or could be estimated, but rapid promotion, and our inability to guess for members of the staff corps is making this a serious problem in the Searchlight office. So please, give us your full name, and don't forget the stamps for addresses requested from us.

On the wanted list this week:

Brooke, Mrs. George M., wife Lt. C.; Bole, Mrs. John A., wife of Lt. C. '28; Brown, Mrs. John H., wife Capt., '14; Caldwell, Mrs. Kenneth C., wife Comdr., '21; Clark, Mrs. James S., wife Lt., '35; Coddington, Mrs. Ja. A., wife Lt. (CEC), '36; Davis, Mrs. Louis P., wife Capt.; Downes, Mrs. W. M., wife Capt.; Fitch, Mrs. A. W., wife Adm.; Hartt, Mrs. William, wife Capt.; Hay, Mrs. A. G., wife Lt., '34; Lake, Mrs. Richard C., wife Lt. C., '29. Madsen, Mrs. Elwood C., Lt. C., '28; Martin, Mrs. E. P., widow Lt. C., '29; Menefee, Mrs. M. M., wife Lt., USMC; Oldendorf, Mrs. Jesse B., wife Adm.; Reifsneider, Mrs. L. F., wife Capt.; Roggenkamp, Mrs. Matthais A., wife Comdr., (SC); Smith, Mrs. A. L., wife Lt. C., '32; Smythe, Mrs. Lawrence W., wife Lt. C., '32; Sturges, Mrs. Russell G., wife Comdr.; Sylso, Mrs. Joseph A., wife Lt. C., (MC); Thomasson, Mrs. John, wife Col., USMC; Trammell, Mrs. Webb, wife Capt.;

Chaplain Knox was born 6 Dec. 1899, in Savannah, Ga. He received his education at Saint Patrick's School and Benedictine High School, in Savannah, St. Charles College in Baltimore, and St. Bernard's Seminary in Rochester, N. Y. He was assistant pastor of the Cathedral of St. John in Savannah from 1925 until he entered the Navy in 1932.

During his years in the Navy, Chaplain Knox won for himself many warm friends, and his death comes as a deep loss to the Chaplains' Corps and to the Navy in general.

Births - Marriages - Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

Born

ADAMS—Born at Baptist Hospital, Alexandria, La., 5 Mar. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Claude M. Adams, FA, AUS, a son, Claude Morton Adams, grandson of M. Sgt. and Mrs. James W. Myrick, CAC, US-Art.

AVERY—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 19 Mar. 1943, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Isaac T. Avery, CE, Fort Belvoir, Va., a daughter.

BACON—Born at Le Roy Sanitarium, New York, 16 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Edwin Lex Bacon, AAF, their second daughter, Linda Bacon.

BAKER—Born at Newport Hospital, Newport, R. I., 22 Feb. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. W. P. Baker, USMC, a son, Warren Paine Baker, Jr., grandson of Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Baker of West Roxbury, Mass., and Comdr. and Mrs. R. E. Bassler, (CEC) USN.

BOOS—Born at Janesville, Wis., 16 Mar. 1943, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Francis H. Boos, a son, William Thompson.

BOWMAN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 18 Mar. 1943, to M. Sgt. and Mrs. James F. Bowman, Inf., a daughter.

BURGWIN—Born at the Methodist Episcopal Hospital of Brooklyn, N. Y., 11 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Allison Burgwin, AUS, a daughter, Allison Burgwin, granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. James A. Stevens, USA, and great-granddaughter of Mrs. H. L. Bailey and the late Lt. Col. Bailey, USA-Ret.

BUTTERS—Born at the Norfolk Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 13 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Frank Leo Butters, USN, a daughter, Patricia Ann Butters.

CAMPBELL—Born at the Woman's Hospital, Baltimore, Md., 17 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. H. W. Campbell, a daughter, Maj. and Mrs. D. S. Radcliffe, brother-in-law and sister of Mrs. Campbell, will be the baby's Godparents.

CASBARIAN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 19 Mar. 1943, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Herbert D. Casbarian, CWS, Edgewood Arsenal, Md., a son.

CISSNE—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 14 Feb. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Ralph Milton Cissne, a daughter, Carol Ann Cissne.

CRAGAN—Born at Physician's Hospital, Plattsburgh, N. Y., 23 March 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Henry J. Cragan, a daughter, Mary Alice Cragan.

DEVENS—Born at the Doctors Hospital, New York, 20 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Charles Devens, USNR, twin sons.

DOCKSTADER—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 4 Feb. 1943, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Wilmer B. Dockstader, FA, a daughter, Carolyn Dockstader.

EIDSON—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 21 Feb. 1943, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Eugene Eidson, a son, Lance Eugene Eidson.

FRANCKE—Born at Hendrick Memorial Hospital, Abilene, Texas, 21 March 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. H. Edward Francke, DC, a son.

GARDNER—Born at Columbia Hospital, Washington, D. C., 16 Mar. 1943, to Maj. and Mrs. Carroll H. Gardner, Jr., AUS, a son.

GILLETT—Born at Nassau Hospital, Mineola, L. I., N. Y., 17 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Darwin Lathrop Gillett, 3d, USNR, a son, Darwin Lathrop Gillett, 4th.

GLEODEK—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 15 Mar. 1943, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Alexander Glodek, CA, Fort Meyer, Va., a son.

GORTHY—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 17 Mar. 1943, to Maj. and Mrs. Willis C. Gorthy, TC, a son.

HAMM—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 4 Feb. 1943, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Irvin Luther Hamm, Med. Det. CA, a son, Jerry Willis Hamm.

HAMMOND—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 12 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Keene Gwynn Hammond, USN, a son, Keene Gwynn Hammond, Jr.

HONEYWELL—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 20 Mar. 1943, to M. Sgt. and Mrs. George M. Honeywell, SC, Bolling Field, D. C., a son.

JENKINS—Born at the Gotham Hospital, New York, N. Y., 14 Feb. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. John P. Jenkins, Army Air Base, Richmond, Va., a daughter, Sharon Ann.

JOHNSON—Born at St. Vincent's Infirmary, Little Rock, Ark., 17 Mar. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Melvin Johnson, Arkansas Ordnance Plant, a son, Larry Lee.

KAPLAN—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 22 Feb. 1943, to Capt.

and Mrs. George Goodman Kaplan, a daughter, Verma Lee Kaplan.

LIESE—Born at Harkness Pavilion, New York, 17 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Theodore William Liese, AUS, a daughter, Gabrielle Brinley Liese, Lt. Liese is on overseas duty.

LINDIG—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 4 Feb. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Hesser Charles Clapham Lindig, II, a son, Charles Warren Lindig, II.

LOPEZ—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 19 Mar. 1943, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Cornelio O. Lopez, Langley Field, Va., a son.

MANN—Born at the Greenwich Hospital, Greenwich, Conn., 17 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Charles R. Mann, a daughter, Leland Adele Mann.

MEANS—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 16 Feb. 1943, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Howard M. Means, a second daughter, Robin Lowell Means.

MORSE—Born at the Harkness Pavilion, New York City, 19 Mar. 1943, to Midn. and Mrs. Phillip Weber Morse, USNR, a son, Philip Stabler Morse.

MOSES—Born at Norfolk, Va., 11 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Benjamin B. Moses, a daughter, Charlotte Ann Moses.

ODENWELLER—Born at Castine Hospital, Castine, Me., 16 Mar. 1943, to Maj. and Mrs. Charles J. Odenweller, CAC, a daughter, Robin Finlay Odenweller.

OTTO—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 21 Feb. 1943, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Charles Barton Otto, CWS, a son, Charles Richard Otto.

OTTO—Born at Station Hospital, West Point, N. Y., 23 March 1943, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Samuel E. Otto, FA, a son, William Otto.

PATTERSON—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 22 Mar. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Esther E. Patterson, Fort Belvoir, Va., a son.

PATTON—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 22 Mar. 1943, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Philip J. Patton, SC, Arlington Hall, Va., a daughter.

PEDROTTI—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 16 Mar. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Peter W. Pedrotti, CAC (AA), Bolling Field, D. C., a daughter.

PHILLIPS—Born at Stamford, Conn., 11 Mar. 1943, to Lt. and Mrs. Edward C. Phillips, USCGR, a son.

PRANDONI—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 22 Mar. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Andrew G. Prandoni, MC, a son.

PRICE—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 13 Feb. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. William Portwood Price, CA (AA), a daughter, Florence Elaine Price.

PROBST—Born at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 6 Mar. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. John R. Probst, a son, Thomas Forest Probst.

RAUCH—Born at Biloxi, Miss., 15 Mar. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Charles E. Rauch, AAF, a daughter, Katrina Rauch.

REEDER—Born at St. Francis Xavier Hospital, Charleston, S. C., 21 March 1943, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Oscar S. Reeder, MC, a daughter, Dorothy.

RENEAU—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 9 Feb. 1943, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. John Bryant Reneau, Jr., VC, a son, John Bryant Reneau, III.

RHODES—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 18 Mar. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Adam Rhodes, SC, a daughter.

RODRIGUEZ—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 11 Feb. 1943, to M. Sgt. and Mrs. Pedro Rodriguez, a son, Roberto Rodriguez.

ROSE—Born at Washington Sanitarium and Hospital, Washington, D. C., 6 Mar. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. John C. Rose, AGD, a son, Dale Gerdes Rose.

ROSEMOND—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 19 Feb. 1943, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Ignacio Rosemond, Inf., a daughter, Norma Jean Rosemond.

STARNE—Born at St. John's Hospital, Joplin, Mo., 10 March 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Gilbert D. Starnes, SC, a daughter, Pamela Kathleen.

TILSON—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 23 Feb. 1943, to Capt. and Mrs. Charles Oliver Tilson, Cav., a son, Charles Michael Tilson.

TORRES—Born at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 1 Feb. 1943, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Flavio Robert Torres, Inf., a daughter, Consuelo Cristina Torres.

TYDLACKA—Born at All Saints Hospital, Fort Worth, Tex., 9 Mar. 1943, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Victor F. Tydlacka, USCG, a son, Charles Jerome.

VAN COTT—Born at Melbourne, Fla., 17 Mar. 1943, to Mrs. Peter Van Cott, widow of E. Van Cott, USNR, a daughter.

WALKER—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 15 Mar. 1943, to Maj. and Mrs. Henry F. Walker, Cav., twins, a son and a daughter.

WERTMAN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 23 Mar. 1943, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Kenneth Wertzman, San. C., a daughter.

WILLIAM—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 21 Mar. 1943, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. John O. William, AAF, Bolling Field, D. C., a son.

WILLIAMS—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 13 Mar. 1943, to Mrs. William J. Williams, II, and the late Capt. Williams, AAF, a daughter, Mary Washburn Williams, granddaughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Roscoe C. Crawford and of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Williams of Erie, Pa.

ZUKOWSKI—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 16 Mar. 1943, to S. Sgt. and Mrs. Boleslaw D. Zukowski, DEM, Fort Myer, Va., a son.

Married

ALLISON-ROSENTHAL—Married in New York, 21 Mar. 1943, Miss Shirley Rosenthal, to Ens. Arnold A. Allison, USNR.

APPLEGATE-COFFEE—Married in the chapel at Camp Beauregard, La., 21 Feb. 1943, Miss Marjorie Coffee, to Lt. James H. Applegate, AUS, Camp Lewis, Wash.

BEATTY-ANDERSON—Married in Townson Presbyterian Church, Towson, Md., 27 Feb. 1943, Miss Ruth Slade Anderson, to Lt. (jg) James Frederick Beatty, Jr., USNR.

BECK-MARSHALL—Married in the Second Congregational Church, Greenwich, Conn., 19 Mar. 1943, Miss Jean Marshall, to Lt. (jg) Harris Walton, Beck, Jr., USNR, son of Comdr. and Mrs. Harris Walton Beck, Jr., USNR.

BELL-HYNES—Married in the Episcopal Church of the Epiphany, New York, 23 Mar. 1943, Miss Rose Elizabeth Hynes, to Lt. E. Gordon Bell, Jr., MC, USNR.

BLETTNER-MAW—Married in the Church of the Ascension, New York, 19 Mar. 1943, Miss Margaret Maw, to Maj. Edward F. Blettner, Jr., AUS.

BONSIGNE-LONG—Married in the Naval Training Station Chapel, Norfolk, Va., 21 Mar. 1943, Miss Dorothy Ferol Long, to Lt. (jg) Richard Anthony Bonsignore, USNR.

BOWERSOX-PACY—Married at Carolina Beach, N. C., 27 Feb. 1943, Miss Mary Louise Pacy, to Lt. J. Artie Bowersox, USA.

BROGAN-COE—Married in the Church of St. Mary, New Haven, Conn., 18 Mar. 1943, Miss Mary Coe, to Lt. Paul F. Brogan, AAF.

BRYAN-POST—Married in Key Chapel, Newport, R. I., 13 Mar. 1943, Miss Wynona Frances Post, to Ens. Robert Steve Bryan, USNR.

BURHANS-NUNNALLY—Married in Christ Church, Alexandria, Va., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Janet Roy Nunnally, to Lt. Col. Robert Burhans.

BURNS-WOODWARD—Married at College Heights, Md., 4 Mar. 1943, Miss Miriam Woodward, to Lt. Robert Bernard Burns, USAAF.

CARLEY-COE—Married in the Village Chapel, Pinehurst, N. C., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Elsie Rowland Coe, to Lt. John Neville Carley, AUS, Camp Mackall, N. C.

CARLSON-WARING—Married in St. Luke's Episcopal Church, L. I., N. Y., 21 Mar. 1943, Miss Gladys Grace Waring, to Ens. Sidney Oscar Carlson, Jr., Instructor U. S. Merchant Marine Academy, Great Neck, L. I.

CARRUTH-ANDERSON—Married at Chapel Hill, N. C., 14 Mar. 1943, Miss Sara Elizabeth Anderson, daughter of Col. and Mrs. B. Conn Anderson, Fort Bragg, N. C., to Mr. Hayden Carruth of Pleasantville, N. Y.

CHITTENDEN-CAREY—Married in the Farmington Congregational Church, Farmington, Conn., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Laura Jeanne Carey, to A. Cadet George Hastings Chittenden, AAF.

CONKLIN-MAST—Married in Great Neck, L. I., N. Y., 18 Mar. 1943, Miss Dorothy Lee Mast, to Lt. George Winslow Conklin.

COOPER-SUTCLIFFE—Married in the Chapel of the Little Church Around the Corner, 18 Mar. 1943, Miss Marion I. Sutcliffe, to S. Sgt. Clayton W. Cooper, CA (AA).

de RHAM-BLAGDEN—To be married today, 27 Mar. 1943, in the chantry of St. Thomas Episcopal Church, New York, Miss

Frances Blagden, to Lt. Frederic Foster de Rham, USA.

DEVINE-WILLIAMS—To be married today, 27 Mar. 1943, in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York, Miss Louise Culver Williams, to 1st Lt. Charles Robert Devine, Cav., AUS, Fort Riley, Kans.

DOUGHERTY-HUIDEKOPER—Married in Millwood, Va., 23 Mar. 1943, Miss Page Caroline Huidelkoper, to Lt. Fraser Dougherty, USAAF.

DOWNEY-MITCHELL—Married recently in the post chapel, Mather Field, Calif., Miss Margaret Mitchell, to Cadet Daniel A. Downey, AAF.

DUNBAR-CUNNINGHAM—Married in the Church of the Redeemer, Bryn Mawr, Pa., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Ruth Cunningham, to Lt. Henry Ferrey Dunbar, Fort Benning, Ga., son of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Henry Page Dunbar.

EADES-JOHNSON—Married in the chapel of Camp Gordon, Ga., 21 Feb. 1943, Miss Phoebe Rebecca Johnson, to Lt. Everett A. Eades, Jr., AUS.

ELY-WALSH—Married recently in Norfolk, Va., Miss Elsie Walsh, to Lt. Dwight C. Ely, USNR.

EMMET-HITT—Married in Greenwich, Conn., 15 Mar. 1943, Mrs. Evelyn Clark Hitt, to Lt. Winthrop Stuyvesant Emmet, USNR.

FANGBONER-HATTON—To be married today, 27 Mar. 1943, in Washington, D. C., Miss Jean Hatton, to Lt. Harold D. Fangboner, USNR.

FROEHLY-BOST—Married in North Africa, 6 Feb. 1943, 2nd Lt. Elaine Bost, ANC, to 1st Lt. Bertram M. Froehly, AAF.

GATES-PERSON—Married in Williamsport, Pa., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Mary Helen Person, to Ens. John Blair Gates, USCGC.

GERSTMAN-SONDERGELT—Married in the Parish House of St. Paul's Evangelical and Reformed Church, Chicago, Ill., 11 Mar. 1943, Lt. Lucile Sondergelt, ANC, to Lt. Paul J. Gerstman, MAC, AUS.

GRIFFIN-FLOWE—Married in Washington, D. C., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Jessie Edith Flowe, to Ens. Harry Kemp Griffin, Jr., USNR.

HABERMAN-BADGLEY—Married in the Redeemer Lutheran Church, Alexandria, Va., 2 Mar. 1943, Miss Audrey Dobie Badgley, to Lt. Howard D. Haberman, AUS.

HALFMAN-MCDONALD—Married in University Lutheran Church, Cambridge, Mass., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Clarice E. McDonald, to Ens. Walter W. Halfman, (SC), USNR.

HANSEN-SHAVER—To be married today, 27 Mar. 1943, in Hitchcock Memorial Church, Scarsdale, N. Y., Miss Jean Anne Shaver, to Ens. John Melchior Hansen, USNR.

HARRISON-LANBERG—Married in St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Essex Fells, N. J., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Helen Wilson Lanberg, to Lt. Robert Leigh Harrison, AAF.

HILDEBRAND-BUNKER—Married in Short Hills, N. J., 22 Mar. 1943, Miss Betty Bunker, to Lt. John C. Hildebrand, Jr., USA.

HOFFMAN-STOEVER—Married in the Chevy Chase Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Phyllis Chase Stoever, to Lt. Robert Douglas Hoffman, USA.

HOMER-SCHWOB—Married in the Huguenot Memorial Church, Pelham Manor, N. Y., 18 Mar. 1943, Miss Jeanne Schwob, to S. Sgt. William Nicolades Homer, USA.

HRUBY-PARFITT—Married in St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, Newport, R. I., 23 Mar. 1943, Miss Mary Jane Parfitt, daughter of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Lawrence C. Parfitt, to Dr. Fred Henry J. Hruby, Jr.

HUBBARD-TANNER—Married in the Latter Day Saints Chapel, Washington, D. C., 19 Mar. 1943, Miss May Tanner, to T. Sgt. David F. Hubbard, USMC.

ISELY-RIGGS—Married in the chapel of the Navy Recieving Station, Anacostia, D. C., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Elizabeth Catherine Riggs, to Ens. Jeter Allen Iseley, USNR.

JENNINGS-MILLER—Married in the post chapel, Estes Field, La., 10 Mar. 1943, Lt. Mary Madelyn Miller, WAAC, to Lt. Norval D. Jennings, Jr., AAF.

JONES-DEAN—To be married today, 27 Mar. 1943, in St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Sea Cliff, L. I., N. Y., Miss Caryl Edith Dean, to Ens. Ralph Howard Jones, USNR.

JONES-HEALY—Married in the Church of the Little Flower, Oakland, Calif., 23 Feb. 1943, Miss Catherine E. Healy, sister of Cadet J. B. Healy, USNR, to 1st Lt. Frank Vaux Jones, Jr., AUS, Camp Barkley, Tex., brother of Lt. Wesley F. Jones, USNR.

KALT-MAY—Married in New York City, 17 Mar. 1943, Miss Marjory May, to Lt. J. Gordon Kalt, AAF, Brookley Field, Ala.

KARLIN-ROSS—Married in New York City, 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Betty Ross, to Capt. Henry M. Karlin, SC, AUS.

KATZENSTEIN-JONES—Married at Camp Barkley, Abilene, Tex., 14 Mar. 1943, Miss Beulah Bobbie Jones, to Lt. Seymour Katzenstein.

Births, Marriages, Deaths
(Continued from Preceding Page)

KAUFMANN-WEILL—Married in the Free Synagogue, New York, 21 Mar. 1943, Miss Carolyn David Weill, to Lt. Theodore A. Kaufmann, QMC.

KNIGHT-WEAVER—Married in Baltimore, Md., 10 Mar. 1943, Miss Nancy Weaver, to Lt. (jg) Francis S. Knight, USN.

KNOWLTON-GENTRY—Married in the Borden General Hospital Chapel, Chickasha, Okla., 6 Mar. 1943, Miss Elizabeth Bond Gentry, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Ernest Robert Gentry, MC, to Capt. Joseph Lippincott Knowlton, FA, USA, Fort Sill, Okla.

KNOX-TUNSTALL—Married in St. Luke's Church, Montclair, N. J., 18 Mar. 1943, Miss Virginia Gray Tunstall, to Ens. Stuart Kelvey Knox, USCGR.

LEWIS-KEENAN—Married in the First Presbyterian Church, Point Pleasant, N. J., 13 Mar. 1943, Miss E. Doris Keenan, to Ens. Norman L. Lewis, USNR.

LIPSTEIN-KELRICK—Married in Wilmington, Del., 21 Mar. 1943, Miss Sylvia Kelrick, to Lt. Sigmund M. Lipstein, AAF.

LYNN-JACOBS—Married in New York City, 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Amy Jacobs, to Lt. Eugene Lynn, AUS, Fort Bragg, N. C.

LANDIS-MAGALHAES—Married in the Little Church Around the Corner, New York, 10 Mar. 1943, Miss Caroline Magalhaes, to Lt. Donald E. Landis, AUS.

LEOMOS-BARTON—Married in Grace Episcopal Church, Providence, R. I., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Elizabeth Barbour Barton, to Lt. William Edward Lemos, USN, Class of 1941, USNA.

MATHEWS-MURRAY—Married at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Murfreesboro, Tenn., 20 March 1943, Miss Virginia Rhodes Murray, Riverton, N. J., to 1st Lt. John Barry Mathews, Inf.

METCALF-ROGERS—Married in the Erskine Memorial Church, Tryon, N. C., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Barbara Hope Rogers, to 2nd Lt. Elliott Fitch Metcalf, SC, attached to AF, Drew Field, Fla.

MILLER-REESE—To be married this afternoon, 27 Mar. 1943, in the Fort Myer Chapel, Arlington, Va., Miss Jeanne Elizabeth Reese, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Franklin W. Reese, USA, to Ens. Felix Grundy Miller, Jr., USNCR.

MORET-MCALLISTER—Married in Los Angeles, Calif., 6 Mar. 1943, Miss Mary Jean McAllister, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Edwin Joseph McAllister, Jr., of Camp Cooke and Santa Barbara, Calif., to Lt. Alfred Theodore Moret, Jr., USNCR.

MULLEN-GILCHRIST—Married in the Camp Forrest, Tenn. Chapel, Miss Jacqueline Gilchrist, to Lt. James J. Mullen.

NELSON-von BONIN—Married in New York City, 18 Mar. 1943, Miss Winifred von Bonin, to Ens. Martin Charles Nelson, USNR.

NEWMAN-MARCELLUS—Married in the Episcopal Church, Seagirt, N. J., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Edwina Heyes Marcellus, to Lt. Lloyd Everett Newman, Jr., AUS.

ORTERL-HOPPING—Married in Walter Reed Memorial Chapel, Washington, D. C., 9 Mar. 1943, Miss Gabrielle Louise Hopping, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Andrew D. Hopping (QMC), GSC, USA, to Lt. George Charles Oertel, Jr., Inf., AUS.

OGDEN-GRIFFIN—Married in the Central Presbyterian Church, New York, 23 Mar. 1943, Miss Elida Wheaton Griffin, to Capt. Owen Silas Ogden, MC, USA.

PEPPER-MOLDAVE—Married at Tallahassee, Fla., 15 Mar. 1943, Miss Gertrude Moldave, to Lt. Daniel M. Pepper.

PIEL-THOM—Married at the U. S. Naval Station, New Orleans, La., 27 Feb. 1943, Miss Margot Thom, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. John C. Thom, USN-Ret., to Ens. Alfred H. Piel, USNR.

PILERT-LEDERER—Married in the First Baptist Church, Pecos, Tex., 19 Feb. 1943, Miss Helen Louise Lederer, to Lt. Marshall Lee Pilert, AAF.

PINNEY-QUINBY—Married in the chapel of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York, 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Louise Quinby, to Mr. William Whitney Pinney, Jr., radio engineer with the Navy, son of Lt. and Mrs. William Whitney Pinney, USNR.

RAWLS-KNOWLES—To be married today, 27 Mar. 1943, in Philadelphia, Pa., Miss Hope Knowles, to Lt. William S. Rawls, USAAF.

RICHARDS-BLACK—Married in the chapel of St. David's Protestant Episcopal Church, Roland Park, Baltimore, Md., 18 Mar. 1943, Miss Jeanne Worthington Black, to Lt. John Redner Richards, AUS, Camp Edwards, Mass.

RICHARDSON-JULIER—Married in Christ Church Cathedral, New Orleans, La., 8 Mar. 1943, Miss Caroline Burges Julier, to Lt. James Gilbert Richardson, CA.

RILEY-CLAPP—Married in St. Bede's Chapel, Rosemary Hall, Greenwich, Conn., 20

Mar. 1943, Miss Barbara Clapp, to Mr. James Wilson Riley, Jr., ROTC, son of Col. and Mrs. James Wilson Riley.

ROBERTS-CHRISTENSEN—Married in the Post Chapel, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 8 Mar. 1943, Miss Lois Helen Christensen, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Frank P. Christensen, to Lt. Harry W. Roberts, USAAC, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Harold V. Roberts.

RUSSELL-WILLIAMS—Married in the Little Church Around the Corner, New York, 18 Mar. 1943, Miss Jean Graves Williams, to Ens. David Lawson Russell, USCG.

RYE-BRYAN—Married at the post chapel, Camp Lee, Va., 13 Mar. 1943, 2nd Lt. Virginian Katherine Bryan, ANC, daughter of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Arthur Melven Bryan, SC, to William Addison Rye, USNR.

SAYLES-DAILEY—Married in St. Charles of Borromeo's Church, Newark, N. J., 17 Mar. 1943, Miss Mary Honora Dailey, to Lt. Griffith D. Sayles, AUS.

SCOTT-McMAHON—Married in the Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, New York, 15 Mar. 1943, Miss Florence Marie McMahon, to Ens. Charles Vincent Scott, USNR.

SCOTT-SHEPHERD—To be married today, 27 Mar. 1943, in the Bethlehem Chapel of the Washington Cathedral, Washington, D. C., Miss Elizabeth Temple Shepherd, to Lt. (jg) Henry Pepper Scott, 3d, USNR.

SHREEVE-GREENE—Married in the First Presbyterian Church, Baltimore, Md., 8 Mar. 1943, Miss Betty Greene, to Capt. Robert E. Shreeve, USA.

SHORTER-HUGHES—Married in the Methodist Parsonage, McLean, Va., 21 Mar. 1943, Miss Mary Elizabeth Hughes, to W. O. Willie C. Shorter, Jr.

SKILLMAN-FUNKHOUSER—Married in Kirkpatrick Chapel of Rutgers University, New Brunswick, N. J., 21 Mar. 1943, Miss Virginia Funkhouser, to Ens. Alfred Dix Skillman, USNCR.

SNYDER-DANIELS—Married in the First Congregational Church, Washington, D. C., 17 Mar. 1943, Miss Carol Daniels, to Ens. Allyn L. Snyder, USNR.

SPIVEY-GILLESPIE—Married in the chapel of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York, 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Christy M. Gillespie, to Lt. George Ralph Spivey, USNCR.

SWERDICK-DOBKIN—Married in New York City, 21 Mar. 1943, Miss Shirley Dobkin, to W. O. Sidney Swerdlick, USA.

TERRY-FRAY—Married in the Chapel of Grace, Grace Cathedral, San Francisco, Calif., Miss Evelyn Fray, daughter of Col. and Mrs. John Miller Fray, FA, to Lt. Lloyd Eugene Terry, AUS, of San Louis Obispo.

THOMAS-BLACKWELL—Married in the Memorial Chapel, Norfolk Naval Base, Va., 18 Mar. 1943, Miss Marion Elizabeth Blackwell, to Ens. E. James Thomas, USCR.

TOALE-BERG—Married in St. Catherine of Alexandria's Roman Catholic Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., 17 Mar. 1943, Miss Virginia Patricia Berg, to Lt. Phillip Robert Toale, AUS, Fort Sill, Okla.

TONNAR-BACHMAN—Married in Mount Vernon Place Methodist Church, Washington, D. C., 21 Mar. 1943, Miss Marie F. Bachman, to Maj. Wiley B. Tonnar.

TUCKER-MILES—Married in the First Methodist Church, Carthage, Mo., 11 Mar. 1943, Miss Gladene Miles, to Lt. Edward Graham Tucker, SC, USA.

VAN CLEEF-ARNOLD—Married in Pelham, N. Y., 19 Mar. 1943, Miss Barbara Douglas Arnold, to Lt. Langeland Van Cleef, AAF, AAB, Maxton, N. C.

WALKER-DAVIDSON—Married in Brooklyn, N. Y., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Katherine Douglas Davidson, to A. Cadet John Stanley Walker, AUS.

WECHTER-WISE—Married in the Pasquotank Parsonage, Elizabeth City, N. C., 12 Mar. 1943, Miss Nell Carolyn Wise, daughter of Mrs. Edith Wise, Stumpy Point, N. C., to CPM Robert W. Wechter, USCG, Buxton, Cape Hatteras, N. C.

WEST-STOCKETT—Married in the chapel at Fort Myer, Arlington, Va., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Marjorie H. Stockett, to Lt. J. Ross West.

WHITING-KEEFE—To be married today, 27 Mar. 1943, in Helena, Ark., Miss Gladys Keith Keefe, to Lt. Gordon Carlyle Whiting, USAF.

WIERNIK-NASSAU—Married in East Chicago, Ind., 21 Mar. 1943, Miss Gladys Irene Nassau, to Lt. Bernard Wiernik, Hq. Air Service Command, Patterson Field, O.

WILMER-van der VOORT—Married in Christ Episcopal Church, New Bern, N. C., 20 Mar. 1943, Miss Mary van der Voort, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Henry Ferdinand van der Voort, USMCR, to Lt. Henry Bond Wilmer, USA.

WRIGHTSON-ELY—Married in Rutherford, N. J., 23 Mar. 1943, Miss Mary Ellen Ely, to Lt. William George Wrightson, Jr., USA.

HINDLERITER—Died at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 2 Feb. 1943,

Died

ANDERSON—Died as the result of a plane crash at Newtown Square, Pa., 16 Mar. 1943, Ens. J. M. Anderson.

AUBERT—Died as the result of a medium bomber crash near Winnsboro, S. C., 18 Mar. 1943, 2nd Lt. William B. Aubert, West Monroe, La.

AYLOR—Died in the crash of an Army plane into the sea northeast of Boca Chica Field, Fla., 19 Mar. 1943, 2nd Lt. Meredith M. Aylor, Denver, Colo.

BALL—Died at Muncie, Ind., 19 Mar. 1943, Mr. Frank Clayton Ball, father of Maj. E. Arthur Ball, on overseas duty, and of Mrs. Alvin M. Owles, wife of Col. Owles, former Minister to Rumania, the Irish Free State and Denmark, and one-time national commander of the American Legion.

BENNETT—Died as the result of a bi-motored Navy plane crash in the Lawncroft Cemetery, Philadelphia, Pa., 16 Mar. 1943, Lt. (jg) J. B. Bennett.

BERNHHEIM—Died at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., 16 Mar. 1943, Col. Julian R. Bernheim, DC, USA. Survived by his wife, a daughter, Mrs. Edmund C. R. Lasher, wife of Col. Lasher, and a son, Maj. Julian R. Bernheim, Jr., MC, USA.

BLISSITTE—Died at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 2 Feb. 1943, infant son of T. Sgt. and Mrs. Ursel Arthur Blissitte, Fort Bliss.

BROCK—Died in an Army bomber crash on a mountainside north of Walhalla, S. C., 10 Mar. 1943, F. O. Richard S. Brock, Lima, Ohio.

BROOKS—Died at his home in Arlington, Va., 21 Mar. 1943, Col. Bruno W. Brooks, OD, USA, assigned to Ordnance School, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Madeline E. Brooks, and a daughter, Miss Evelyn Brooks. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.

BROWN—Died in Washington, D. C., 19 Mar. 1943, Lt. Col. Wrisley Brown, USA-Ret. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.

BUCHLY—Died in the U. S. Naval Hospital, Bethesda, Md., 15 Mar. 1943, CPO William S. Buchly, USN. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Anna Roberta Buchly, and four children. Interment was in Arlington National Cemetery.

BURGER—Died in New Brighton, S. I., N. Y., 20 Mar. 1943, Mr. Frank G. Burger, father of Lt. F. Gregg Burger, Navy Air Arm.

BURKE—Died as the result of a plane crash in Florida, 21 Mar. 1943, 2nd Lt. Joseph L. Burke, USMCR.

CAPELLMAN—Died in an Army bomber crash on a mountainside north of Walhalla, S. C., 10 Mar. 1943, S. Sgt. Harvey M. Capellman, Blanchard, Idaho.

CARRELL—Died as the result of an Army bomber crash at Clovis, N. M., 17 Mar. 1943, 2nd Lt. Merle K. Clark, Machias, Me.

CULLEN—Died as the result of an airplane crash at the Marine Corps Air Station, Cherry Point, N. C., 2nd Lt. J. W. Cullen, USA.

CUNNINGHAM—Died as the result of a plane crash near Jacksonville, Fla., 15 Mar. 1943, Ens. Paul B. Cunningham, USNR, Washington, D. C.

DE BORDE—Died as the result of a medium bomber crash near Winnsboro, S. C., 18 Mar. 1943, 2nd Lt. Earl S. Monroe, Boliver, N. Y.

MOSS—Died as the result of an Army bomber crash at Clovis, N. M., 17 Mar. 1943, 2nd Lt. Jack R. Moss, Lincoln, Kans.

MULLALLY—Died in San Francisco, Calif., 16 Mar. 1943, Brig. Gen. Thornewell Mullally, Calif. NG, who served as colonel, 14th FA, in the World War, receiving the DSM.

PETERSON—Died in Arlington, N. J., 21 Mar. 1943, Mr. Carl H. Peterson, father of Ens. Pearl H. Peterson, WAVES.

ROCK—Died on Tuesday, 16 Mar. 1943, Mrs. Catherine U. Rock, wife of Capt. Bertram N. Rock, USMC.

RUTZLER—Died in New Rochelle, N. Y., hospital, 20 Mar. 1943, Mr. John E. Rutzler, father of Capt. Henry L. Rutzler, MC.

SCHIRAGA—Died in a medium bomber which crashed and burned when landing at the Harlingen Army Gunnery School, Tex., 22 Mar. 1943, S. Sgt. Jack B. Schiraga, Philadelphia, Pa.

SHAPIRO—Died at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 14 Feb. 1943, S. Sgt. Milton M. Shapiro, AAF.

SNOOK—Died in a medium bomber which crashed and burned when landing at the Harlingen Army Gunnery School, Tex., 22 Mar. 1943, 1st Lt. Coburn B. Snook, Fayetteville, N. Y.

STORM—Died as the result of a medium bomber crash near Winnsboro, S. C., 18 Mar. 1943, S. Sgt. Ernest J. Storm, Dallas, Tex.

SULLIVAN—Killed in action 27 January while flying a combat mission over Europe. 1st Lt. Maxwell W. Sullivan, AC, son of Col. and Mrs. Max W. Sullivan, Inf.

M. Sgt. Laurence G. Hinderliter, AAF. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Helen Hinderliter, 301 N. Kentucky, Roswell, N. M.

HOLLOCK—Died as the result of a plane crash at the Midland, Tex., AAF bombardier school, 22 Mar. 1943, A. Cadet George P. Hollock, Jr., AAF. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Helen Hollock, and his parents, of Jersey City, N. J.

HOLMAN—Died in Rutherford, N. J., 18 Mar. 1943, Mr. George Bruce Holman, father of Capt. Henry Warren Holman, AAF.

JUDGE—Died as the result of a plane crash in a wooded area near Camp Edwards, Mass., 22 Dec. 1942, 1st Lt. Bart J. Judge, AAF.

KEYES—Died in Brooklyn, N. Y., 16 Mar. 1943, Dr. Edward A. Keyes, father of Lt. Edward A. Keyes, Jr., and William A. Keyes, both AAF.

KIMBALL—Died in Schenectady, N. Y., 20 Mar. 1943, Mr. Arthur Livingstone Kimball, brother of Lt. Comdr. William S. Kimball, USN.

KNOX—Died at the Naval Hospital, Bethesda, Md., 21 Mar. 1943, Ch. (Lt. Comdr.) Thomas J. Knox, USN, assistant to the Chief of Chaplains, USN.

LANGDON—Died in the crash of an Army plane into the sea northeast of Boca Chica Field, Fla., 19 Mar. 1943, F. O. Robert E. Langdon, AUS. Survived by his mother, Mrs. Eva M. Langdon, 1733 A St., S.E., Washington, D. C., and three brothers, Ens. Frank H. Langdon, Jacksonville, Fla.; Music Merritt Langdon, Marine Band, and Music Harold Langdon, Coast Guard Band, Curtis Bay, Md.

LEDBETTER—Died as the result of a bi-motored Navy plane crash in the Lawncroft Cemetery, Philadelphia, Pa.

LEPRE—Died at New York, 22 Mar. 1943, Mr. Ferdinand Lepre, father of Capt. Jack F. Lepre, USAAC.

LEWIS—Died in action over North Africa, Lt. Julius P. Lewis. Survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lewis, Washington, D. C., and two brothers, Lt. Herbert N. Lewis, AAF, and Maurice Lewis, Washington, D. C.

LILLIESTROM—Died at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 18 Feb. 1943, 2nd Lt. Leonard T. Lilliestrom, FA.

LINK—Died as the result of a medium bomber crash at Clovis, N. M., 18 Mar. 1943, 1st Lt. Stephen G. Link, New Britain, Conn.

MCNULTY—Died in White Plains, N. Y., 21 Mar. 1943, Mrs. Mary Foley McNulty, mother of Lt. Robert J. McNulty, USA.

MEZIE—Died as the result of an Army bomber crash at Clovis, N. M., 17 Mar. 1943, 2nd Lt. Steven T. Mezic, New York.

MONROE—Died in an Army bomber crash on a mountainside north of Walhalla, S. C., 10 Mar. 1943, 2nd Lt. Earl S. Monroe, Boliver, N. Y.

MOSS—Died as the result of an Army bomber crash at Clovis, N. M., 17 Mar. 1943, 2nd Lt. Jack R. Moss, Lincoln, Kans.

MULLALLY—Died in San Francisco, Calif., 16 Mar. 1943, Brig. Gen. Thornewell Mullally, Calif. NG, who served as colonel, 14th FA, in the World War, receiving the DSM.

PETERSON—Died in Arlington, N. J., 21 Mar. 1943, Mr. Carl H. Peterson, father of Ens. Pearl H. Peterson, WAVES.

ROCK—Died on Tuesday, 16 Mar. 1943, Mrs. Catherine U. Rock, wife of Capt. Bertram N. Rock, USMC.

RUTZLER—Died in New Rochelle, N. Y., hospital, 20 Mar. 1943, Mr. John E. Rutzler, father of Capt. Henry L. Rutzler, MC.

SCHIRAGA—Died in a medium bomber which crashed and burned when landing at the Harlingen Army Gunnery School, Tex., 22 Mar. 1943, S. Sgt. Jack B. Schiraga, Philadelphia, Pa.

SHAPIRO—Died at Wm. Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex., 14 Feb. 1943, S. Sgt. Milton M. Shapiro, AAF.

SNOOK—Died in a medium bomber which crashed and burned when landing at the Harlingen Army Gunnery School, Tex., 22 Mar. 1943, 1st Lt. Coburn B. Snook, Fayetteville, N. Y.

STORM—Died as the result of a medium bomber crash near Winnsboro, S. C., 18 Mar. 1943, S. Sgt. Ernest J. Storm, Dallas, Tex.

SULLIVAN—Killed in action 27 January while flying a combat mission over Europe. 1st Lt. Maxwell W. Sullivan, AC, son of Col. and Mrs. Max W. Sullivan, Inf.

(Continued on Next Page)

Falvey Granite Company, Inc.

Monuments for Arlington and other National Cemeteries. Latest equipment for carving lettering in cemetery, by hand or Sand Blast.

Births, Marriages, Deaths*(Continued from Preceding Page)*

TRULOCK—Died at Larchmont, N. Y., 19 Mar. 1943, Mr. Edwin Trulock, father of Lt. Thomas M. Trulock, USNR.

TURNER—Died as the result of a plane crash in the Everglades, Fla., 19 Mar. 1943, Ens. Oliver Cromwell Turner, USNR, Gatesville, N. C.

VERNON—Died at Fort Benning, Ga., 14 Mar. 1943, Lt. Col. Percy McCoy Vernon, USA (Inf.). Survived by his wife, Mrs. Terese Hall Vernon, and two sons and a daughter.

WEBSTER—Died as the result of a bi-motored Navy plane crash in the Lawncroft Cemetery, Philadelphia, Pa., 16 Mar. 1943, Capt. Walter W. Webster, USN.

WETTERMAN—Died in the crash of an Army plane into the sea northeast of Boca Chica Field, Fla., 19 Mar. 1943, S. Sgt. Arthur C. Wetterman, Cuyahoga, Ohio.

WIHL—Died as the result of a medium bomber crash near Winnsboro, S. C., 18 Mar. 1943, S. Sgt. Dennis A. Wihi, Pickneyville, Ill.

WHITE—Died as the result of a medium bomber crash near Winnsboro, S. C., 18 Mar. 1943, S. Sgt. Aaron F. White, Dallas, W. Va.

WILCOX—Died as the result of a plane crash at Newtown Square, Pa., 16 Mar. 1943, ACRM J. R. Wilcox.

Awards & Decorations*(Continued from Page 845)*

Nov. 1942.

To 1st. Lts. Edward W. McGregor, Archibald B. Cameron, 2nd Lt. Howard P. MacCormie, Sgts. Joseph D. McComb, Israel Jacobson, Pfc. Ralph G. Waffle, Pfc. Walter J. Will, Pfc. Leroy E. Wilde, Pvts. Walter B. Biddinger, Milan E. Dishman and George W. Harriman for action at Medjez el-Bab, Tunisia in Dec. 1942 and Jan. 1943.

To Cpl. Cloyd V. Hines, USMC, for action on Guadalcanal on the night of 13-14 Sept. 1942.

To Lt. John R. Wadleigh, USN, for action during various Pacific engagements.

To following members of the Inf., for action on Guadalcanal: Capt. James W. Harris, 2nd Lts. Rille R. Morgan, Jr., Lawrence H. King, Nelson O. Price, Raymond K. Johnson, Robert W. Brown, 1st Sgt. Clifford L. Aikens, Sgts. Charles F. Buchholz, John A. Vlins, James O. Fornelli, George H. Fritz, Sgts. Edward R. Henrich, James Machu, Cpl. Thomas A. Powers, Pfc. Leo Hoefer, Pfc. Lynn M. Kloster, Pfc. Alfred H. Serenski, Pvts. Casimer Black, and John Brooks (missing in action).

To Pvt. Edward Zatz, MC, for service at Guadalcanal 29 Dec. 1942.

To Sgt. Howard Furyman, Tech. Floyd J. Nichols and Pfc. Julius Aschenbrenner for actions in New Guinea.

Air Medal

To 2nd Lt. Elsie S. Ott, ANC, for service as nurse to five seriously ill officers and men brought by plane from India to Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C.

To following members, USAAF, for operating planes carrying Army troops from England to North Africa the nights of 7 and 8 Nov. 1942: 1st Lt. Dolph B. Sears, 2nd Lts. Allen F. Clapp, Louis O. Haas, Mitchell Joseph, Dorris A. Smith, Sgt. Robert D. Harmon, 1st Lt. Hart W. Aldrich, 2nd Lt. Vincent R. Pettigrew, Sgts. Robert A. Mihelich, James V. Ruoti, Don R. Guthrie, Lee E. Nelson, 1st Lt. Frederick R. Jenks, 2nd Lt. Alme J. Wood, Jr., Sgts. Carl L. Bixby, Donald B. Hardwick, Henry T. Lukowski, Richard Reading, 1st Lt. Charles S. McCune, 2nd Lt. Richard B. Howes, Jr., 1st Lt. William H. Arnold, Daniel Int-Hout, 2nd Lt. David L. Steege, W. O. Harry C. Nudd, Sgt. Marion G. Hunter, 1st Lt. Joseph F. Winsatt, 2nd Lt. Jack P. Gowdy, Sgts. Garland J. Carrithers, Kenneth K. Meisenholder, Harry T. Black, 2nd Lt. Doyal L. Saye, Cpl. Boyd Smith, 2nd Lts. Harold L. Kenner, James E. Bell, Woodrow B. Seals, Sgts. Edward S. Cohen, Robert A. Seymour, Maj. Emmet L. Gregg, Capt. Edward Payeski, Sgts. John J. Cudlida, Boleslaw Majeski, Richard H. Marus, John A. Schofield, Thomas F. Weaver, Karl C. Wilkins, Ruben Zaslow, 1st Lts. Karl Y. Benson, Jr., Richard P. Charon, 2nd Lts. Raymond A. Runzel, Donald E. Scheerhorn, Sgts. Robert E. Williams, Bernal R. Rees, 1st Lt. William L. Pinkston, 2nd Lts. Thomas J. Dukes, Hubert F. Godbold, Earl H. Lewis, Capt. James T. Blair, Jr., 2nd Lt. Robert E. Grierson, Sgts. Albert J. Rose, Sterling M. Sharp, Robert A. Gilmore, 1st Lt. Gervais G. Coyle, 2nd Lts. Harold M. Jaffe, Seymour J. Ponemone, Sidney Slatoroff, Sgts. Chester A. Martin, Howard J. Ryerson, Gerard A. Pusch, Pvt. Michael D. Mazzeo, 2nd Lt. Bjorn Ahlin, 1st Lts. Charles L. Powers, Herman P. Kreulen, 2nd Lts. Emmanuel K. Loeb, Richard D. Smith, Ralph G. Stephens, Sgts. Karl E. Binder, Ernest B. Cutlip, Nick Gergen, Durward E. Giles, Deica L. Jurey, Edwin J. Masters, John R. Thompson, 2nd Lt. Julius A. La Croix, Sgt. Everett

G. Parker, 1st Lts. Thomas P. Dickey, Lester E. White, 2nd Lts. Arnold P. Anex, Edward McCarthy, Jack H. Young, Sgts. John S. Cheslock, William Gusek, Floyd W. Grolmund, Carl H. Hahn, George Melinchok, Robert C. Miller, George A. Schreffer, Clarence K. Shook, Maj. Owen G. Birtwistle, Gordon E. Menzies, 2nd Lt. William T. Humphries, Sgt. Stephen S. Kowalski, 1st Lt. Henry J. Cleric, 2nd Lt. Richard S. Smith, Sgt. James W. Putnam, 2nd Lts. Samuel P. Logan, Jr., Frank B. Roy, Jr., Capt. Robert D. Duggar, 2nd Lts. Benjamin B. Gayle, Sgts. J. Kent, Jacob W. Sell, W. O. Colton A. Dunagan, Sgts. Jesse M. Critchfield, Delmer H. Jones, 2nd Lts. James P. Moagan, John B. Roberts, Sgts. Durwood W. Hitchens, Ira J. Haskett, Jr., James W. Yenne, 2nd Lt. Lawrence E. Spears, Sgts. Charles P. Emerson, Joseph H. O'Neal and Bruce E. Rhodes.

To Capt. Bennie Lombard, Lt. David Bruckheimer and Lt. Jack Best for actions with the AAF in China.

Navy and Marine Corps Medal

To Lt. Robert P. F. Enright, USNR, (posthumously) for action as officer in charge of a boat sent to rescue two fliers from a Japanese-occupied island.

Army Nurse Activities

A great number of promotions in the Army Nurse Corps are indicated as soon as final approval is given the new edition of AR 40-20, which deals with promotion of Army nurses.

Changes to this regulation were made necessary by the nurse pay act of December, 1942. The new text has been approved by the General Staff and is now being printed, with the expectation that it will be available about 1 April.

With final approval, it will be possible to promote nurses to fill new tables of organization assignments which carry rank commensurate with the increased duties of the expanded Army Nurse Corps.

Present plans call for the promotion of 22 nurses to grade of lieutenant colonel.

To the grade of major will be promoted 66 nurses.

A great number of nurses will be promoted to captain. Not only must vacancies created by promotions to the higher grades be filled, but the grade of captain itself is due for a great expansion. As an example of the basis upon which assignment of captains will be made, the old rule of assigning a nurse of rank of captain to each 1,500-bed hospital is being amended to provide for assignment of a captain to each hospital of 1,000 or more beds.

Also awaiting approval of proper regulations before making promotions are the new corps of Physical Therapy aides and Dietitians, which at present each have a major director and a large group of second lieutenants.

With publication of AR 40-25, also expected about 1 April, these corps will be able to make advancements to grades of captain and first lieutenant.

Militarization of these two new corps must be completed by 31 March, and there is every expectation that this job will be accomplished on time. All civilian physical therapy aides and dietitians employed by the War Department are being given physical examinations and appointed to relative rank of second lieutenant in the Medical Department.

Some few civilians failed the tests or did not desire a military status, and these have already been replaced by new applicants. Those not entering either of the corps are being transferred to other government departments, particularly the Veterans' Administration which is anxious to obtain these women for its hospitals.

This week the War Department issued Changes No. 14 to AR 600-35, "Prescribed Service Uniform", establishing insignia for the hospital dietitians and physical therapy aides. Each will wear the caduceus of the Medical Department, the dietitians with the letters "H D" superimposed therein, the "D" being below the "H". The physiotherapists will have the letters "P T" superimposed on the caduceus in the same manner.

Also approved by the War Department is a new edition of AR 35-2020, which brings up to date pay and allowance regulations for Nurses and other female members of the Medical Department.

A number of changes in the personnel of the Nursing Division, Office of the Surgeon General, have been made by Lt. Col. Florence A. Blanchfield, acting superintendent.

Capt. Ida W. Danielson reported 25 March from headquarters, 6th Service Command, to head the personnel division, succeeding Capt. Pearl C. Fisher, who will report to headquarters, 6th Service Command.

Capt. Nola G. Forrest, of the personnel

division, has been assigned to medical headquarters, at the Desert Training Group, Camp Young, Calif.

Capt. Inez Hulse, of the nursing division, will depart 5 April for duty as principal chief nurse at Ashburn General Hospital.

1st Lt. Mary Walker, now at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., will report to headquarters 5 April as assistant superintendent in charge of the nursing division.

★NAVAL UNIFORM DIRECTORY★

The following stores, officially designated by the Navy Department, carry blue overcoats; service blue uniforms; raincoats (with removable lining); aviation (winter working) uniforms; for purchase by Naval Commissioned, Warrant and Petty Officers. The garments are in accordance with Naval specifications, and are marked with a label stating "This label identifies a garment made and sold under authority of the U. S. Navy."

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Army Manpower Study (Continued from First Page)

One of the primary objectives of the Board is to secure the release of general service personnel for duty with combat units. Limited service personnel will be utilized only to replace general service personnel, or in such newly created activities as may be authorized.

Personnel of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps will be used to replace general or limited service personnel, or in such newly created activities as may be authorized. The WAAC will not be utilized to replace civilian personnel.

Civilian employees will be used to replace general service, limited service or WAAC personnel whenever practicable. Civilian women will be utilized in preference to civilian men whenever possible, and civilian men who are employed will be over draft age or physically unfit for military service.

In the case of officers, those within the age-in-grade group for combat service will be relieved of non-combat duty whenever practicable. In some cases, however, certain age-in-grade officers are on specialists' jobs in the Army and may be of greater value in the capacity of specialists than as combat officers. In cases of this nature, the individual and the work he performs will be considered on their merits.

Briefly, the Board's procedure is as follows:

Inventories of manpower are being made by commanders of all units of the War Department within the continental United States having to do with the administration, supply, housing, hospitalization, transportation and training of the Army. Initially, the Board will not concern itself with units and services organized and destined for service overseas.

These inventories are broken down in order to identify all functions performed and the number of personnel used in performing each such function. Civilian personnel is included because in no other way can total manpower requirements for a given work load be determined.

These reports are sent to the Manpower Board, where they are studied as to functions and personnel, comparisons made of like activities and installations, with due regard to relative work loads, and conclusions and findings made.

Inspections will be made to see that adopted manpower conservation measures are carried out on a continuing basis. In addition, an educational campaign will be conducted continuously to impress upon every individual the necessity for conserving manpower.

Assisting the Board are field sections established in each Army Service Command. Chairman of the sections are:

Sect. I, Hq., First Service Command, Boston, Brig. Gen. Waido C. Potter, USA, temporary chairman.

Sect. II, Hq., Second Service Command, Governors Island, N. Y., Brig. Gen. Potter.

Sect. III, Hq., Third Service Command, Baltimore, Maj. Gen. Jack W. Heard, USA.

Sect. IV, Hq., Fourth Service Command, Ft. McPherson, Atlanta, Brig. Gen. Marshall Magruder, USA.

Sect. V, Hq., Fifth Service Command, Ft. Hayes, Columbus, O., Brig. Gen. Karl S. Bradford, USA.

Sect. VI, Hq., Sixth Service Command, Chicago, Brig. Gen. Bradford, USA, temporary chairman.

Sect. VII, Hq., Seventh Service Command, Omaha, Brig. Gen. Edward J. Stackpole, Jr., USA.

Sect. VIII, Hq., Eighth Service Command, Dallas, Tex., Brig. Gen. Robert C. Rogers, USA.

Sect. IX, Advance Echelon, Hq., Ninth Service Command, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., Brig. Gen. Arthur Lane, USA. Col. John T. H. O'Rear, CAC, will serve as liaison officer with Headquarters, Ninth Service Command, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Signs Tobacco Bill

With the signing of H. R. 2030 by the President, the armed forces in Alaska and Hawaii will be able to buy tobacco products without having an import tax added to their cost. This gives them the advantage that troops in the United States and the Canal Zone have. In addition it will keep the enemies of our country ignorant of the location of certain army postoffices, and of certain Army units and their personnel.

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts

Recent fundamental revisions in the organization, functions and responsibilities of the Supply Group of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts are reported to have simplified methods and procedures and eliminated all operations not contributing fully and directly to war-time procurement.

Authority to purchase has been delegated to the Fuel Division, the Clothing Division and the Subsistence Division, so that those Divisions can assume full responsibility for all matters falling under their cognizance and function with the maximum dispatch in completing procurements.

A general Purchase Division has full authority over all procurements handled by the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts other than fuel, clothing and subsistence items.

In connection with the revisions of authority and procedures in procurement activities, an Office of Counsel for Procurement has been established in the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts to advise officers and employees of the Bureau on all legal matters relating to procurement. Mr. Richard S. Kyle has been appointed chief of the office.

The entire facilities of the Babson Institute, Babson Park, Wellesley Hills, Mass., are being taken over by the Navy to serve as a branch of the Navy Supply Corps School, Harvard University. Supply Corps specialists will be trained at the Babson Institute Branch under the administration and instruction of the Officer-in-Charge and staff of the Harvard School. The new unit will have a potential capacity of 300 officers. An initial class of 250 newly appointed specialists will report there 12 April 1943, for a one month professional indoctrination course.

The new Naval Supply Depot, Clearfield, Utah, 7 miles south of Ogden, will be formally commissioned 10 April 1943. Rear Adm. W. J. Carter (SC) USN, Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, will attend the ceremony during an inspection trip of West Coast Supply activities. Admiral Carter will be accompanied by Capt. E. D. Foster, SC, USN, Prospective Supply Officer-in-Command of the Naval Aviation Supply Depot and the Aviation Supply Office, Philadelphia, Pa. Capt. Omar D. Conger, SC, USN, is the Prospective Supply Officer-in-Command at the Clearfield Depot, where 25 officers of the Supply Corps already have reported for duty. On areas that were open fields as recently as June 1942, 58 warehouses and auxiliary buildings have been constructed at the new depot, which will provide approximately 7,000,000 square feet of storage space for naval supplies. The Clearfield Depot is one of the largest of the Navy's new strategically located inland supply depots.

Admiral Sir Percy Noble, Knight Commander of the Bath, Commander Victorian Order, and the highest ranking official and head of the British Admiralty Delegation in this country, recently inspected the United States Receiving Barracks (British), Asbury Park, N. J., which is operated by the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, to house British enlisted personnel who are awaiting the completion of ships now under construction or conversion or are training in the United States. Admiral Noble complimented both the British and American officers upon the successful handling of this project, which is comprised of the former Monterey and Berkeley Carteret Hotels, and is known as the HMS Asbury. In addition to that facility, the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts is also operating recreational and training activities for British enlisted personnel at Peekskill Camp, Peekskill, N. Y.; Tompkins Camp, Tompkins Camp, Tompkinsville, N. Y.; Birdsboro Camp, Birdsboro, Pa.; Crabtree Camp, Crabtree, N. C., and Magnolia Camp, Ocean Springs, Miss. The Bureau of Supplies and Accounts is establishing a Receiving Barracks for Russian enlisted personnel at Tampa, Fla. A number of Russians already have arrived and are undergoing training while awaiting the completion or conversion of vessels in this country.

Lt. Comdr. J. G. Dean, SC, USNR, Officer-in-Charge of the Salvage Section of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts,

recently returned to Washington from an inspection trip of naval salvage activities on the West Coast. He was accompanied on the trip by Lt. Comdr. W. R. Borinstein, (SC), USNR, Salvage Officer of the 12th Naval District.

Letters to the Editor

Wearing of Medals

Editor, Army and Navy Journal.
Gentlemen:

I was very much interested in your recent article on the subject of medals.

It appears to me that the Services are going to have to give a great deal more attention to the subject of the wearing of authorized medals, ribbons and other similar awards if these morale-building factors are not to become so cheapened as to fail to achieve their purpose.

There is a great deal of abuse. I have seen and corrected men who have never been outside their basic training camp and with less than a year's service wearing the American Defense and Good Conduct ribbons. Men with more service are also offenders. As I write this on a train in Wyoming a technician 4th Class traveling in my car is wearing two gold stripes on his left sleeve. When asked what they were for he was a little indefinite but finally came up with the answer that they were for a year's service in the Hawaiian Department.

This suggestion is made. Not only should a vigorous War Department directive be issued on the subject but a poster or posters should be evolved to show all U. S. decorations, service medals and other principal awards in color with a clear and unmistakable description of the manner in which they are won and who is entitled to wear them. The poster should have wide distribution and should bear the admonition "Do not sail under false colors," or something similar. In addition, new editions of the Soldier's Handbook should cover the subject thoroughly and unit commanders should be made responsible for the proper instruction of their personnel in this connection. Disciplinary action should result from the promiscuous and unauthorized wearing of medals, ribbons and awards.

All of this effort is deemed well worth while to protect the pride that men and officers should be able to have in an award honestly won and worn. The man who wears awards and is not entitled to them is a thief. He steals regard and esteem that are not rightfully his.

COLONEL, C. W. S.

Review of War

The Secretary of War at his 25 March press conference, expressed "great satisfaction" that thus far in the Tunisian battle, "our ground forces have more than justified themselves against Rommel's veterans."

The Secretary pointed out that while in the opening days of the operations, our planes dominated the skies, and had been a "most important factor" in the achievement of initial successes, it must be remembered that the "grim, conclusive work" in the engagements must be done on the ground.

Advanced as one reason for North African success were the heavy day and night raids made on Germany and her occupied territory by American and British airmen operating from English bases. The Secretary singled out two recent daylight raids by American heavy bombers as "remarkably successful." These were the raids on Vegesack, near Bremen, and on Wilhelmshaven.

"One advantage of daylight attacks," said Mr. Stimson, "is that such operations engage a proportionately larger number of enemy fighter planes than do the night raids. Reports from Germany disclose a widespread demand from the German people for greater fighter plane protection against daylight attacks. We have reason to believe that many such planes have been brought back to Germany from Russia and from Tunisia. Since the Germans do not know where we will strike next with our long range bombers they are forced to disperse their fighter planes throughout industrial areas over the entire country, as well as the occupied territory."

Army's Malaria Fighters

Sixteen "reconnaissance" units and 26 "combat" units are operating in the Medical Corps in the fight to beat the anopheline mosquito and control the spread of malaria, the War Department reports.

All 42 malaria control units either are or will be in operation in seven areas where malaria is prevalent, it was stated. The 16 reconnaissance units are engaged in survey activities, with each unit consisting of a parasitologist, an entomologist, four technicians, four field collectors and three chauffeurs. The combat, or control units, have as their personnel a malaria engineer, eight non-commissioned officers and privates and three chauffeurs.

"Remarkably few fatalities have been attributed to malaria to date," states the War Department, "and this is due in large measure to the antimalaria instructions, equipment, and treatment available to all troops in infected sectors. It is also due to the victorious running battle that each man is waging against an annoying and dangerous air attack."

Alaska Service Activities

Functions which the Ninth Service Command has been performing in the Territory of Alaska are to be transferred for the duration of the emergency to the Commanding General of the Alaska Defense Command, with a few exceptions, according to a recent War Department announcement.

Exempted from the transfer are the distribution of War Department publications and memoranda and Army Service Forces publications; administration of the cooks' and bakers' school at Fort Richardson; the distribution of training films; and officer re-classification board activities. Transfer will be made at a time agreed upon by the commanding generals of the Ninth Service Command and the Alaska Defense Command.

Colonel's Daughter in WAAC

Auxiliary Lola H. Lennon, of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps, says one of her greatest difficulties in the corps is remembering to say "Ma'am" instead of "Sir." Reason: she is the daughter of Col. Bert M. Lennon, and grew up as an "Army child." Now in basic training at Fort Des Moines, Iowa, Auxiliary Lennon accompanied her father to various posts at which he was stationed, and lived for two years in the Philippine Islands when her father was on duty at Fort McKinley. Her brother, Capt. John M. Lennon, Inf., is stationed at Camp Cook, Cal.

New Steel Cases

A saving of 1,774 pounds of brass for each 100,000 rounds of ammunition will be effected through employment of a newly developed method which substitutes steel for brass cases in caliber .45 ammunition, according to a War Department announcement.

The process was perfected by the Evansville Ordnance Plant working in conjunction with the Army's Frankford Arsenal, and advances the Army's program for conservation of critical materials another step. The new steel-case cartridges have been tested and accepted and already are being produced on a large scale. All plants making caliber .45 ammunition will adopt the steel cartridge case, it was said.

Air Nurse Group Graduates

The second class of air evacuation nurses was graduated at Bowman Field, Ky., 27 March, with Lt. Col. Florence A. Blanchfield, acting superintendent of the Army Nurse Corps, present to see the nurses receive their diplomas.

Classes of nurses are now entering the Bowman Field school on the first and fifteenth of each month for four weeks of instruction in the technique of handling wounded evacuated by stretcher-fitted transport planes.

During the ceremonies, 2nd Lt. Elsie Ott, ANC, was commended for having brought a group of wounded out of India.

Subscribe and re-subscribe to the Army and Navy Journal and keep yourself informed of the news of the services.

Sec. Explains Army "Overhead"

Because Germany does most of her Army's "housekeeping" through civilian or slave labor, while the United States performs such service functions through men in the military service, the "overhead" of the U. S. army will take up much of the estimated 8,200,000 armed strength of the United States planned for the end of 1943, according to the Secretary of War.

In a radio address 9 March on the size of the army, the Secretary had stated that the United States plans through the use of its present 8,200,000 quota, to produce 100 divisions of American troops, with auxiliary forces, by the end of 1943. On the other hand, the Axis nations, with about 17,000,000 men under arms, now have 546 divisions.

"Our forces," said the Secretary this week, "are strung all over the world. It takes a good many men to take care of the soldiers, and none of these men are counted as members of the divisions."

Then too, said the Secretary, we are engaged in a tremendous, rapid expansion, both of our air forces and of our ground forces, involving a tremendous "overhead" of soldiers now absorbed in the educational plan. They do not count in the divisions, although, after training, they will become fighting forces. Germany, on the other hand, did not have the tremendous drain coming from rapidity of expansion.

The Secretary also pointed out that our air force is relatively greater than that of Germany, but that neither force counts in the division figures.

Temporary Army WO's

A new edition of AR 610-15, prescribing temporary appointment of warrant officers in the Army of the United States, has been issued by the War Department to bring up to date the old regulation of 12 Aug. 1942 and its three changes.

An entirely new section has been added to the regulation to cover the appointment of warrant officers, maritime, and warrant officers, maritime engineer.

Qualifications for appointment to these two specialties will not be as strict as those required for appointment as warrant officer, Army Mine Planter Service.

Maritime warrant officers will serve as officers on crash boats and on harbor craft of the Transportation Corps.

No permanent appointments will be made in either maritime specialty.

Army personnel are eligible for appointment in these specialties, but Army service or prior military service is not required. Applicants between 18 and 60 years of age are eligible.

Appointments of warrant officers, maritime, will be made in grades of master, first mate, second mate and third mate, and warrant officers, maritime engineer, will be appointed as chief engineer, first assistant engineer, second assistant engineer and third engineer.

Reimburse for Uniform Money Loss

The Comptroller General has held in decision No. B-32751 that the Army uniform allowance is an allowance, not a gratuity, and is within the scope of the term "net pay and allowances" as used in Executive Order No. 7972, as amended issued pursuant to the exchange loss act of 26 March, 1934, in prescribing the basis upon which foreign currency appreciation losses are payable to employees serving generally under the War Department, and, therefore, a currency appreciation loss is payable on the said allowance for uniforms and equipment, if otherwise proper.

Foreign currency appreciation losses on the uniform and equipment allowances authorized for certain Army officers are payable under the exchange loss act of 26 March, 1934, and Executive regulations issued pursuant thereto, only if the officers were (or are) "in service in foreign countries" on the dates of accrual of the right to payment of the allowances, and the exchange loss vouchers should contain a statement (verified by reference to the original allowance vouchers) of the dates each allowance payment, or part thereof, became due and payable and

evidence as to the actual buying rate of exchange locally in effect on those dates.

Make WAVES Permanent

Legislation removing limits on the number of officers in the various grades of the Women's Reserve of the Naval Reserve, removing restrictions on areas in which WAVES may serve and making the WAVES a permanent organization was reported by the House Naval Affairs Committee this week.

The bill, H. R. 1364, was amended in two particulars by the committee.

One amendment limits the highest grade to that of captain, a post which will be reserved by the Navy Department for the director of the WAVES.

The other amendment insures that WAVES personnel will receive the same allowances as male personnel of the Navy, including allowances for dependents.

The bill removes from the basic WAVES act the proviso that WAVES shall serve only in continental United States.

The basic act also limits the corps to one lieutenant commander, 35 lieutenants and a specified number of lieutenants (Junior grade). H. R. 1364, removes these limitations and will permit the Navy to make increased use of women doctors.

Since the corps of women Marines is based on the WAVES act, the bill applies to this corps also.

The Coast Guard Women's Reserve has its own basic act, which that service probably will not seek to amend.

Commissioned Ensigns

Nine hundred and eighty Ensigns of the Reserves will be added to the roster of the United States Navy when the eleventh class of the U. S. Naval Reserve Midshipmen's School, New York, N. Y., is graduated at 11 o'clock, Wednesday morning, 31 March, in Riverside Church, with Secretary of the Navy Frank Knox the principal speaker.

Presentation of swords to seven honor midshipmen took place 26 March, at the New York Yacht Club. Winners of swords are: Theodore Roosevelt Wills, Alexander William Keema, Jr., Arthur Wade Wetmore, Donald William O'Connell, John Griswold Webb, Charles Theodore Butz, and Amos Henry Frentz.

On Saturday at 10:30 A.M., all 2,200 of the school's midshipmen will participate in a regimental review on Columbia University's South Field. Four midshipmen who ranked highest in individual courses will receive watches at this ceremony.

Those who will receive watches are: Howard Stanley Hess, John Duane McNeal, Raymond Willis Blatchley, and Irwin Wood Tyson.

Regular Army Nominations

The following nominations for transfer and for promotion in the Regular Army have been confirmed by the Senate:

Transfers

To OD—Lt. Col. George DeV. Barnes, QMC. To AC—2nd Lts. John S. Baldwin, Inf.; Joseph B. De Vennish, FA; Kenneth L. Garrett, Cav.; Jacob W. Klerk, FA; John R. Lovett, Inf.; Thomas R. Ogle, Cav.

Promotions

Lt. Cols. to be cols.: Charles H. Corlett, Inf.; William O. Ryan, AC; William F. Maher, FA.

Second Lts. to be 1st Lts.: Richard C. Hutchinson, AC (No. 29 in 20 Oct. 1942 Promotion List), through Harold F. Wilson, AC (No. 104).

Lt. Cols., Medical Corps, to be Cols.: Edgar F. Haines (No. 31 in 20 Oct. 1942 Medical Corp List), through Francis E. Weatherby (No. 70).

1st Lts., Medical Corps, to be Capts.: Samuel C. Harwood, William C. Burry, Robert C. Rauscher, Edward V. Swift.

Lt. Col., Dental Corps, to be Col.: George M. Krough.

1st Lt. Chaplain Corps, to be Capt.: John A. Dunn.

Eden Visits U. S. Army

Two hundred officer candidates at the Fort Benning, Ga., infantry school heard British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden declare this week that they should be "proud" to be training to lead American soldiers. Mr. Eden's address followed a tour of the post, 24 March.

At Maxwell Field, Alabama, Eden, accompanied by British Field Marshal Sir John Dill, Chief of Staff Gen. George Marshall, and Maj. Gen. Ralph Royce,

watched a sky rodeo staged by the Air Force.

Place WAACs in Army

With legislation (S. 495), designed to place the WAACs in the Army of the United States, formally reported by the House Military Affairs Committee, an attempt will be made to pass the bill on the next call of the unanimous consent calendar.

Anticipating objections on the part of some members of the House, however, Chairman May this week stated that he also would go before the Rules Committee shortly to obtain a rule to bring the bill before the House as a special order of business.

In reporting the bill, already passed by the Senate, the House committee added a number of restrictive amendments, as stated in the 20 March issue of the **ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL**.

Army Physical Retirements

The House Military Affairs Committee on 23 March considered the bill, already passed by the Senate, which would permit officers of the various components of the Army of the United States, including the Regular Army, who are retired for physical disability to retire in their temporary grades.

No action was taken on the measure, and no date has been set for further consideration.

An identical bill, passed by the Senate in the 77th Congress, died in the House Military Committee.

Would Retire Gen. Hines

The Senate Military Committee reported this week the bill, S. 872, providing rank of brigadier general to the Administrator of the Veterans' Administration, Frank T. Hines.

The bill would restore to him the rank vacated by him in order to become Veterans' Bureau Administrator during the administration of President Harding. On retiring from the Veterans' Bureau it would enable him to be placed on the retired list of the Army, where he would have been had he not resigned his commission to serve the government in another capacity.

This bill was before two preceding Con-

gresses where it was passed by the Senate and not reported in the House.

Escort Carriers

With announcement that aircraft escort carriers are being constructed at Pacific Coast shipyards, and that some of the carriers already are in service, the Navy disclosed this week some of the details of the ships, which are designed primarily for anti-submarine convoy duty.

Adaptable to offensive action as fleet units, as well as defensive action, the carriers have a 514-foot flight deck and more speed than most cargo vessels, but less than regular Navy carriers such as the Lexington and Enterprise.

Confirm Dental Rear Adm.

The Senate this week confirmed the nomination of Alexander Gordon Lyle (DC) as the first rear admiral in the Navy's Dental Corps. Admiral Lyle, whose permanent rank is that of a captain, was selected as a temporary rear admiral by the board of four rear admirals of the Navy's Medical Corps and three rear admirals of the Line.

Medal of Honor Award

President Roosevelt 25 March presented the Congressional Medal of Honor to Kenneth N. Walker, for his father, Brig. Gen. Kenneth N. Walker, who has been missing since 5 January. General Walker was cited for "conspicuous leadership" in actions in the Southwest Pacific.

Status of Promotion**Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since 18 March 1943**

Last promotion to the grade of Col.—Lester L. Lampert, Inf., No. 29. Vacancies—None.

Last nomination to the grade of Col.—William F. Maher, FA, No. 32. Senior Lt. Col.—Charles L. Clifford, Cav., No. 33.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—Otto M. Jank, Ord., No. 645.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—Harold V. Roberts, Inf., No. 1928.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—Harold R. Everman, Inf., No. 1762.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—John E. Hart, CAC, No. 28.

Non-Promotion List

Lt. Col. Allen C. Wight, VC (temp. Col.) promoted to Colonel, VC.

Lt. Col. Elwood L. Nye, VC (temp. Col.) promoted to Colonel, VC.

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FINANCE

Financial Digest

As debate on the Ways and Means committee's tax measure got under way this week-end it appeared increasingly likely that some compromise will be reached between the majority report of the committee, opposing any form of tax forgiveness, and the minority group which seeks a version of the Rum plan for wiping the slate clean and starting anew on a "pay as you go" basis.

Debate opened Thursday under a rule providing for four days of general debate before the bill is to be read for amendments. Thus, some time next week the House will make its decision and send the measure to the Senate for continuation of the battle for financing the war, and halting inflation.

Food production and distribution was uppermost in most minds this week as President Roosevelt announced the appointment of Chester C. Davis, president of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, and former head of the Agriculture Adjustment Administration, as Food Administrator, and the OPA announced the tables of points for the rationing of meats, cheese, and butter and oils.

In spite of the severity of the point values on these meat and fats rations, it was freely predicted that for a while, at least, the meat shortage would be such that the rationing requirements could not be met.

Appointment of Mr. Davis as Food Administrator relieves Secretary of Agriculture Wickard of his responsibility over wartime food production and distribution and leaves him little more duties than membership on boards. The President's announcement said that Davis would have charge of "what may be called the food production and distribution activi-

ties that were transferred to the Department of Agriculture by the War Production Board last December, and the recruitment of farm labor recently transferred to the Department by the War Manpower Commission."

The decisive 47 to 3 vote by which the Senate rescinded the executive order of last October by which the President sought to impose a limit of \$25,000 on all salaries after taxes was probably the most stinging blow yet administered to the administration by the new Congress.

Travel of Appointees from Civil Life

The Comptroller General has held in decision No. B-32721 that warrant officers appointed in the Regular Army from civil life are not entitled, under section 12 of the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942, to reimbursement on a mileage or other basis for expenses of travel from home to first duty station.

Transportation, at Government expense, from home to first duty station for dependents of officers of the Regular Army appointed from civil life is not authorized by section 12 of the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942.

Seek to Join Jap Unit

More than 1,000 applications to join the Army combat team composed of American citizens of Japanese ancestry have been received since the unit was authorized, according to a War Department statement. The voluntary applications came from the ten relocation centers in the continental United States.

Quotas for the unit are allocated between volunteer inductees from within the United States, and Hawaii, as well as Americans of Japanese extraction who are already in the Army.

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MERCHANT MARINE

Merchant Marine

Organization of an American subsidiary of the French Line, known as French Line, Inc., was announced in New York this week by H. Morin de Linclay, general representative of French Line.

The War Shipping Administration has designated the new company as a general agent to operate vessels between the United States and North Africa.

A fleet of nine passenger vessels and 22 freighters has been added to the United Nations shipping pool by the French, and it is this group of vessels—believed to have been in North African ports—which may be allocated to the new company for operation. It is not believed that the 13 French vessels which were requisitioned by this country and which are now, with the exception of the ill-starred Normandie, being operated under various flags will be diverted from present operation controls.

South Portland Yard

The South Portland Shipbuilding Corporation which came in for strong criticism by the House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee and the Senate National Defense Investigating Committee, appears to be making a good record, the Maritime Commission stated this week, and will be permitted to keep its contract.

The House committee had demanded cancellation of the contract, but the commission demanded return of certain fees, changes in management and gave the yard a trial period in which to meet certain production goals.

These goals were met satisfactorily, the commission said.

Deport Alien Seamen

Passed by the House this week and sent to the Senate was legislation (H. R. 2076) which would permit alien seamen illegally in this country to be deported either to the country in which their government in exile was sitting or to the country in which the home port of the vessel they had left is located.

It was pointed out to the House that there are now about 10,000 alien seamen in the United States, men who have jumped ship in American ports for the most part. Object of the bill is to return these men to the sea.

Existing law provides that aliens may be returned only to their native countries, an operation which cannot be carried out in the case of occupied countries or countries like China, which cannot be reached by sea.

Launch Transport

The USS General John Pope, first Army transport to be built at Federal Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company's Kearny, N. J., yard, was launched 21 Mar.

Merchant Marine Medal

Four additional awards of the Merchant Marine Distinguished Service Medal were announced this week by the Maritime Commission. Those receiving the decoration were:

Capt. John J. Lapoint, who with 48 members of his crew, adrift in a lifeboat for 32 days after his ship was torpedoed, brought most of them to safety.

Capt. Ragnar Eklund, who was seriously injured when his ship was shelled and sunk in the Bay of Bengal, but saw his entire crew off safely, brought them to the Indian Coast and led them through 12 miles of jungle to the nearest village.

Gustav Franke Alm, ship's carpenter, who saved four survivors of a sinking by almost super-human efforts.

Junior Third Officer James C. Cameron (posthumously), who directed the remnants of the crew of his torpedoed ship, being the only deck officer left, in a successful fight against fires caused by the torpedo and then brought the crippled vessel to port through heavy seas.

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Names in the News

Maj. Archie Knight, on duty in Cairo, recently dived on a Messerschmitt-109 and shot it down, despite the fact that the cooling system of his own plane had been shot away and he was forced to make a belly landing in the desert.

Maj. Henry Hamilton Hutchinson has been designated as agricultural officer somewhere in Central England.

Lt. Mervin M. Sheath was in command of a reconnaissance party of 21 who captured Maknassy, a strategic town 34 miles from the coast of North Africa. Members of his party included: S. Sgt. Charles Lipe and Pts. H. John Weeks, Thomas Farrant, Charlie Stanley and L. L. Janousek.

Lt. Col. Francis E. Council, Capt. C. A. Armbrust and Lt. Austin J. Crockett head a research unit, warring on malaria and dysentery in a jungle camp in New Guinea.

Lt. Col. Vincent J. Conrad commands the Austrian battalion of the U. S. Army at Camp Atterbury, Ind.

Lt. Robert Armstrong, with three, Capt. Norman L. McDonald and Lt. Cowell Van Deventer, each with two enemy aircraft to their credit, led the scoring when a Spitfire group destroyed eight German planes in one day in Tunisia.

Sign Rehabilitation Bill

The President has signed S. 786 which provides for the vocational rehabilitation of disabled veterans of the present war. All of the facilities under the Veterans Administration plus those of civilian organizations, when necessary, will be used for this purpose, and all benefits granted to veterans of the first World War will accrue for the benefit of veterans of the present war.

Control of Army Personnel

Commanding generals of service commands are charged with control of conduct of all military personnel within the geographical limits of their service commands who are not at posts, camps and stations, and in maneuver areas exempted from their control, according to a recent War Department order.

For the Attention of Purchasing Officers of the Services

The firms listed below, and carefully selected, have high standing in their respective lines, and deserve consideration. All purchasing officers are respectfully urged to take advantage of the opportunity business with them would offer for the Government.

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Expansion of Walter Reed
(Continued from First Page)

In addition to the acquisition and fitting out of the Forest Glen addition, General Marietta's administration of the Army Medical Center and Walter Reed General Hospital has been marked by expansion and improvement of the many other facilities of the center and the hospital proper in Washington, D. C. All of this work, too, has been accomplished in a period of war stress and during the great influx of patients from the expanded army as well as from the various fields of war activity. In fact, it constitutes a model modern medical facility which has evoked the admiration of the profession in civilian as well as military-medical circles.

General Marietta combines in a rare manner the highest accomplishments of the medical profession with the great administrative ability as demonstrated in his handling of the expansion of Walter Reed.

Professionally, he is recognized as one of the outstanding heart specialists in the United States, if not in the world. When General J. J. Pershing, General of the Armies of the United States was stricken with a heart attack at Tucson, Arizona, about five years ago, it was General Marietta's fine diagnosis and treatment which saved him and restored him to more years of useful and valuable service to the nation. Since that time, General Pershing, under General Marietta's watchful care, has maintained his strength and health remarkably for a man of his years and strenuously active life.

General Marietta was born in Palmyra, Iowa, and received his professional education in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in Illinois. He entered the military service as a first lieutenant in the Medical Reserve Corps in 1910 and was commissioned in the Regular Army on June 29, 1912.

Prior to the World War General Marietta served at various Army posts in the United States and in the Philippine Islands. In 1917 he organized and trained the personnel for Base Hospital No. 43, which was established in June, 1918, at Blois, France. For his World War service he was awarded the French Order of the University Palm, Officier d'Academie, with Silver Palms.

Subsequent to the World War General Marietta served at various Army hospitals in continental United States and Hawaii. He was also a student at the Mayo Foundation, Rochester, Minn. He has been on duty at Walter Reed Hospital as Chief of the Medical Service since April, 1939, and as Commandant of the hospital since December 28, 1939.

Second Army Maneuvers "Tough"

Memphis, Tenn.—Maneuvers for troops of the Second Army in Central Tennessee beginning 26 April, are going to be "tough." Instructions governing the maneuvers, circulated throughout the troops units by command of Lt. Gen. Ben Lear, Second Army Commander, guarantee that the field training of the maneuver troops will more closely approximate combat training than any previous period.

Brig. Gen. Norman Randolph, General Lear's Chief of Staff, pointed out that "experience in this war has proven that troops in many cases lack the high state of discipline required for success on the battlefield." During the maneuver periods and subsequent periods of training every effort will be made to eradicate any such condition from Second Army units.

Some of the rules cover:

"Acceptable" Establishments: Civil and military authorities will inspect all business establishments in the maneuver area which seek to do business with military personnel. Officers and men will be permitted to patronize only those establishments posted "acceptable."

Hitch Hiking: Prohibited.

Personal Conduct: "That of gentlemen, a credit to the uniform, the unit and the Army to which the soldiers belong."

Water: Troops will drink water only from inspected sources. Public water supply will not be shortened by use of washing Army vehicles.

Timber: Nails will not be driven in trees, as it damages the value of the timber for lumber use.

Crops: All crops in the maneuver area will be protected.

Traffic: Troops and military vehicles at a

Brig. Gen. Shelley U. Marietta, MC, USA, assistant to the Surgeon General of the Army, and commandant of the Army Medical Center and Walter Reed General Hospital, standing in front of the entrance to the main building of the newly acquired addition to Walter Reed Hospital. The addition is at Forest Glen, Md., four miles from Walter Reed proper, and formerly was a girls' school, the National Park College.



halt will move to the side of the road, to clear the highways and prevent injury to troops and civilians.

Food: Troops will be permitted to buy food only from inspected and approved places licensed to sell by Tennessee state health authorities. Purchase of food from roadside stands is to be "discouraged" and purchase of rationed foods by troops fed at Army messes is prohibited. No military personnel will insist on purchasing articles limited in supply. Milk will not be purchased by troops or for their use except from approved sources.

Shops: Only approved barber shops will be patronized by Army personnel.

Speed Limit: 35 miles for passenger cars and 25 miles per hour for trucks.

Private Cars: No officer or enlisted man will operate a private car in the maneuver area or take his own car into the area. Officers and men may ride in cars owned by civilians in the area ONLY if invited to do so.

Passes: Passes and furloughs will be granted only in case of emergency during maneuvers. On week-ends not more than 25% of any command will be permitted on pass and such passes will not begin before noon, nor extend beyond midnight. Exceptions will be made, upon presentation of proof, in the cases of men who have relatives living in the maneuver area.

Families: Families and relatives of men on maneuvers will be discouraged from coming to the maneuver area, because of housing limitations.

General Lear and Col. Lee T. McMahon, Deputy Maneuver Director, are in close cooperation with civilian authorities throughout the area to prevent hardships to the civilian population—in food or supply shortages—due to the presence of large numbers of troops in the maneuver area.

West African Sea Frontier

A West African Sea Frontier Force with a naval operating base at Casablanca has been established by the United States, according to an announcement by the Navy Department.

Both the Frontier Force and the Casablanca base are under the command of Rear Admiral John L. Hall, Jr. Admiral Hall served as Acting Chief of Staff of the Commander of the Western Task Force during the landing operations in French North Africa last November.

Hails Gen. Arnold's Promotion

The promotion to full general late last week of Lt. Gen. H. H. Arnold, chief of the Air Force, was hailed in the House this week by Representative Case, S. Dak., "because it symbolizes the coming of age of air power."

The appointment, said Mr. Case, "is well deserved, not merely because General Arnold himself has been a great flyer, a great leader of men, a great administrator and organizer, but it is well deserved because it symbolizes the coming of age of air power."

"With General Arnold a full general," he continued, "it must be realized that the air forces have become practically an autonomous arm of the armed services. This means that the crusade carried on by (Hap) Arnold along with General Billy Mitchell has been won."

When General Arnold's nomination was submitted to the Senate late last week and confirmed immediately by that body, the War Department stated:

"The growth of the Air Forces towards a strength of a million and a half officers and men, the responsibilities of General Arnold for the maintenance of our Air Forces fighting in many theatres, and his position as a member of the U. S. Joint Chiefs of Staff made General Arnold's promotion necessary from a command standpoint and also as a recognition of outstanding accomplishment."

Promotion of General Arnold gives the Army six full generals: Generals Pershing, General of the Armies of the United States; Marshall, Chief of Staff; Craig, MacArthur and Eisenhower.

Business Men to Leavenworth

Eighty-two business and professional men are attending the Fourth Army Orientation Course at the Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas, the War Department announced this week.

Members of the group are civilians who may be called upon by the Army for assistance, or who are already actively engaged in work which requires a knowl-

edge of Army organization and Army problems. Attendance in the fourth course, as in all previous ones, is by invitation.

Army Chaplains' Corps

At a press conference on 20 March, the Army Chief of Chaplains, Brig. Gen. William R. Arnold, released statistics that reveal the number of chaplains needed from the main religious groups—Jewish, Catholic, Protestant—of the nation, to meet the needs of the expanding army.

To increase the size of the corps by 4,000 by the end of the calendar year there must be an addition of 3,028 Protestant ministers, 959 Catholic priests, and 69 Rabbis.

Of the total number, 230 should be negroes.

If procurable, 200 of the latter could be assigned to duty now.

While a few of the denominational groups are ahead of their expected quotas, others are lagging behind the number required each month. To fill their quotas the Methodists should supply 1,494; Roman Catholics, 959; Presbyterians, 288; Disciples of Christ, 179; Baptist North, 168; Baptist National, 80; Evangelical and Reformed, 115.

To date there have been 42 casualties killed, wounded, or prisoners, in the Chaplains' Corps.

The "Alamo Squadron"

San Antonio, Tex.—The Alamo, historic fortress in San Antonio, will have named for it a squadron of 20 B-24 Liberator bombers to be sent to Lt. Gen. Walter Krueger, former commander of the Third Army and Southern Defense Command in Ft. Sam Houston, and now commanding the Sixth Army in Australia at the request of General Douglas MacArthur.

The "Alamo Squadron" is to be bought with \$6,000,000 in war bonds and stamps sold during the first 19 days of March and the General Krueger Victory Concert in San Antonio's Municipal Auditorium 19 Mar., climaxed this drive.

MAKING HOME PORT

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